二零零六年資訊科技 在工商業的使用情況和普及程度 按年統計調查報告

Report on 2006 Annual Survey on Information Technology Usage and Penetration in the Business Sector

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統計調查結果摘要 Summary of Survey Results

個人電腦的應用

Personal computer (PC) usage

(1) **60.5%** 的機構單位有使用個人電腦,與二零零五年的使用率**相同**。(詳見2.3段) **60.5%** of establishments used PCs, **same** as that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.3 for details)

互聯網的應用

Internet usage

(2) **55.9%** 的機構單位有連接互聯網,較二零零五年增加**1.2***個百分點。(詳見2.9段) **55.9%** of establishments had Internet connection, **1.2*** percentage points higher than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.9 for details)

網頁/網站的應用

Web page/Web site usage

(3) 17.5% 的機構單位有設立網頁/網站,較二零零五年增加2.0*個百分點。(詳見2.26段) 17.5% of establishments had a Web page/Web site, 2.0* percentage points higher than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.26 for details)

電子商業

Electronic business

- (4) **56.2%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑進行一類或多於一類的交易,較二零零五年增加**2.5***個百分點。(詳見2.35段)
 - **56.2%** of establishments had undertaken transactions of one type or another through electronic means, **2.5*** percentage points higher than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.35 for details)
- (5) **11.7%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑*預訂或購買* 貨品、服務或資料,較二零零五年減少**3.6*** 個百分點。(詳見2.37段)
 - **11.7%** of establishments had *ordered or purchased* goods, services or information through electronic means, **3.6*** percentage points lower than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.37 for details)
- (6) **54.7%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑*獲取* 貨品、服務或資料,較二零零五年增加**2.4***個百分點。(詳見2.42段)
 - **54.7%** of establishments had *received* goods, services or information through electronic means, **2.4*** percentage points higher than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.42 for details)
- (7) **1.5%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑 *售賣* 貨品、服務或資料,較二零零五年減少**0.3***個百分點。 (詳見2.49段)
 - **1.5%** of establishments had *sold* goods, services or information through electronic means, **0.3*** percentage point lower than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.49 for details)

統計調查結果摘要 (續) Summary of Survey Results (cont'd)

(8) **18.0%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑 *遞送* 貨品、服務或資料,較二零零五年增加 **2.3***個百分點。(詳見2.57段)

18.0% of establishments had *delivered* goods, services or information through electronic means, **2.3*** percentage points higher than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.57 for details)

(9) 二零零五年,透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料而獲得的業務收益合計為439億港元,較二零零四年上升59.0%。這類收益佔業務總收益的0.64%,較二零零四年增加0.14個百分點。(詳見2.52段)

In 2005, business receipts received through selling goods, services or information through electronic means was **HK\$43.9 billion**, up by **59.0%** over 2004. These receipts represented **0.64%** of the total business receipts, up by **0.14** percentage point over 2004. (See paragraph 2.52 for details)

資訊科技保安

Information technology security

(10) 25.1% 的機構單位的電腦系統在被訪問前的十二個月內曾受到入侵/襲擊,較二零零五年減少10.0個百分點。(詳見2.64段)

25.1% of establishments had suffered from computer attacks in the twelve months before enumeration, **10.0** percentage points lower than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.64 for details)

無線及流動服務和技術的應用

Usage of wireless and mobile services and technology

(11) **15.9%** 的機構單位有應用無線及流動裝置,較二零零五年增加**2.0**個百分點。(詳見2.73段) **15.9%** of establishments had used wireless and mobile devices, **2.0** percentage points higher than that in 2005. (See paragraph 2.73 for details)

註釋: (i) 此統計調查的結果受抽樣誤差的影響。根據統計檢定的結果,上文附有 "*"號的變動在統計觀點而言是不顯著的。

- (ii) 除特別說明外,所有資料均是指二零零六年五至八月時的情況。
- Notes: (i) Results of the survey are subject to sampling error. According to results of a statistical test, the changes given in the above and marked with "*" are statistically insignificant.
 - (ii) All figures refer to the position as at May to August 2006 unless otherwise specified.

I 緒言 Introduction

背景

1.1 政府統計處應政府資訊科技總 監辦公室委託,於二零零六年五月至八 月期間進行了「二零零六年資訊科技在 工商業的使用情況和普及程度統計調 查」。政府統計處在二零零零年首次進 行這項統計調查。

統計調查目的

1.2 這項統計調查目的是搜集有關 資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及 程度的資料。統計調查的結果提供有用 資料,作爲釐訂香港未來資訊科技發展 策略的參考。

有關法例

1.3 這項統計調查是根據《普查及統計條例》〈第 316章〉第IIIA部進行,屬自願參與性質,並於二零零一年三月二日在香港特別行政區政府憲報所刊登的第三號政府公告上宣佈進行。條例規定,政府統計處對個別機構單位的資料必須嚴加保密,日後只發表整體性而不會顯示個別機構單位的資料。

Background

1.1 The Census and Statistics Department (C&SD) conducted the "2006 Annual Survey on Information Technology Usage and Penetration in the Business Sector" in May to August 2006 under the auspices of the Office of the Government Chief Information Officer. The survey was first conducted in 2000.

Survey objective

1.2 The survey aims to collect information relating to information technology (IT) usage and penetration in the business sector. The survey results would be useful for reference in the development of IT strategy in Hong Kong.

Legislation

1.3 The survey is conducted under Part IIIA of the Census and Statistics Ordinance (Chapter 316). It is a voluntary survey as notified in Government Notice No. 3 in the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Gazette of 2 March 2001. The Ordinance stipulates that the collected information relating to individual establishments must be kept in strict confidence. Only aggregate information, which does not reveal details of individual establishments, would be released.

I Introduction (cont'd)

統計調查的範圍

1.4 這項統計調查以政府統計處備存的機構單位記錄庫為抽樣框。此記錄庫是根據稅務局商業登記處的資料更新。這項統計調查涵蓋下列行業類別的機構單位:

<u>行業類別</u> 包括的行業 (HSIC)*

- 3 製造業
- 4 電力及燃氣業
- 5 建造業
- 6 批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業
- 7 運輸、倉庫及通訊業
- 8 金融、保險、地產及商用 服務業
- 9 社區、社會及個人服務業

Survey coverage

1.4 The sampling frame for the survey is the Central Register of Establishments, which is a comprehensive register maintained by the C&SD and updated by reference to records of the Business Registration Office of the Inland Revenue Department. The survey covers establishments engaged in the following sectors:

Industry sector Sectors covered

(HSIC)*

- 3 Manufacturing
- 4 Electricity and gas
- 5 Construction
- Wholesale, retail, and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels
- 7 Transport, storage and communications
- 8 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services
- 9 Community, social and personal services

統計期

1.5 爲了獲得資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及程度的最新資料,除特別說明外,所有資料均以數據搜集時的情況爲依據。

Survey reference period

1.5 In order to obtain the latest information on IT usage and penetration in the business sector, data collected referred to the position when they were collected, unless it is specified otherwise.

^{*} HSIC - 香港標準行業分類 Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification

I Introduction (cont'd)

1.6 在二零零六年統計調查中,就業人數是指在二零零六年三月底的情況,而總業務收入則指二零零五年或在二零零五年一月一日至二零零六年三月三十一日期間任何連續十二個月的資料,視乎個別機構單位的會計慣例而定。至於在上述期間開業或停業的機構單位,所搜集的資料是指在有關會計年度內有經營業務期間的數據。

1.6 In the 2006 survey, number of persons engaged referred to the position as at end-March 2006. Information on business receipts referred to the calendar year 2005, or a twelve-month period between 1 January 2005 and 31 March 2006, according to the accounting practices of individual establishments. For establishments which commenced or ceased operation within their respective accounting periods defined above, data collected covered the months within this accounting period during which the establishments were in operation.

抽樣設計

1.7 這項統計調查的抽樣框是先以 行業組別分層,然後再按就業人數分 層。二零零六年統計調查一共選出 4716 間機構單位作爲樣本。根據統計 調查結果,在涵蓋範圍內的機構單位總 數約爲 297 000 間。

Sampling design

1.7 The sampling frame for the survey was stratified by industry group, and within each industry group, by employment size. A total of 4 716 establishments were selected for enumeration in the 2006 survey. The total number of establishments falling within the scope of the survey was estimated to be about 297 000 based on the results of the survey.

資料搜集

1.8 問卷於二零零六年四月中郵寄予獲選中的 4716 間機構單位。此外,本處亦製備問卷的電子版本,以供索取應用。外勤人員會探訪或致電受訪者以核實已填妥問卷內的資料,並在有需要時協助受訪者填妥問卷。截至資料搜集期完結時,成功訪問的機構單位有4015 間,未有回應的有72 間,未能接觸到或在統計期內沒有營業的有629間。統計調查的整體回應率爲98%。

Data collection

1.8 Questionnaires were mailed to the 4716 selected establishments in mid-April 2006. Soft copy of the questionnaire was also available upon request. Field officers would visit/telephone respondents to verify the information in the completed questionnaires and assist them in completing the questionnaires if necessary. By the end of the data collection period, 4 015 establishments were successfully enumerated, 72 failed to respond and 629 could not be located or were found to be inactive in the survey reference period. The overall response rate of the survey was 98%.

I Introduction (cont'd)

資料處理

1.9 填妥交回的問卷經本處職員詳細審核及電腦查證,方進行製表工作。審核程序包括查核填報的資料是否完整無缺、前後一致以及確實可信。遇有含糊或前後不一致的數據,負責人員會致電或探訪有關機構單位進行查證。

估值的可靠性

- 1.10 這項統計調查的結果受抽樣誤差和非抽樣誤差的影響。本報告所載的估值是根據一個特定樣本所得的資料編製。以同樣的抽樣方式,可抽選出許多大小相同的樣本,而是項統計調查的樣本爲眾多樣本的其中之一。由於每次抽選的樣本都會略有不同,因此不同樣本得出的估值亦互有差異。抽樣誤差是計算這些差異的統計數量,可用以量度從一個特定樣本所得的估值,在估計總體數據方面的精確程度。
- 1.11 本報告在評估各種變數估值的 精確程度時,採用了離中系數。離中系 數爲一統計量數,顯示估計數值的相對 精確性。離中系數的計算方法,是將估 值的抽樣誤差除以估值本身的數值,再 以百分比表示。離中系數越低,估計數 值越精確。
- 1.12 統計變數的 95% 置信區間意指 某一範圍的數值,其包含變數的實際值 機會率達百分之九十五。

Data processing

1.9 Completed questionnaires received were subjected to thorough checking by office staff and detailed validation checks by computer before tabulation. Such checking covered completeness of entries, consistency among data items and credibility of reported data. For dubious entries or inconsistencies in the reported data, clarifications were made with respondents by phone or by field verification visits.

Reliability of the estimates

- 1.10 Results of the survey are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors. The estimates contained in this report are based on information obtained from a particular sample, which is one of many samples that could be selected using the same sampling design. Estimates derived from different samples may differ from each other. Sampling error is a measure of these variations and is thus a measure of the precision of an estimate derived from the particular sample in estimating the population parameter to be measured.
- 1.11 For assessing the precision of the estimates for various variables in this report, the coefficient of variation (CV) is used. The CV is a statistical measure to indicate the relative precision of an estimate. The CV is obtained by expressing the sampling error of an estimate as a percentage of the value of estimate itself. The smaller the CV, the more precise is the value of the estimate.
- 1.12 A 95% confidence interval (CI) for a statistical variable refers to the range of values which covers the true value of the variable with a chance of 95 out of 100.

I Introduction (cont'd)

1.13 本報告所載列的主要變數估值 的離中系數及統計變數的 95% 置信區 間如下: 1.13 The CV and 95% CI of the estimates of the key variables in this report are given below:

變數	估值	離中系數	95% 置信區間
Variable	Estimate	CV	95% CI
有使用個人電腦的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments using personal computers	60.5%	2.5%	57.6% - 63.5%
有連接互聯網的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having Internet connection	55.9%	2.8%	52.9% - 59.0%
有網頁/網站的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having Web pages/Web sites	17.5%	7.8%	14.8% - 20.2%
有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means	11.7%	10.5%	9.3% - 14.1%
有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having received goods, services or information through electronic means	54.7%	3.0%	51.5% - 57.9%
有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means	1.5%	33.0%	0.5% - 2.5%
有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means	18.0%	7.6%	15.3% - 20.7%

I Introduction (cont'd)

統計表註釋

1.14 機構單位按其就業人數分爲小

型、中型及大型三個類別,詳情如下:

Notes to statistical tables

1.14 Establishments are categorised into small, medium and large according to their number of persons engaged as follows:

機構單位規模	就業人數			
Size of establishment	No. of persons engaged			
行業類別	小型	中型	大型	
Industry Sector	Small	Medium	Large	
製造業(行業類別 3) Manufacturing (Industry sector 3)	<10	10 - 99	≥ 100	
非製造業(行業類別 4 至 9) Non-manufacturing (Industry sectors 4-9)	<10	10 - 49	≥ 50	

- 1.15 本報告的統計表內各代號的含意 如下:
- 1.15 The following symbols were used in tables throughout this report:

- 不適用
- # 少於0.05%

- not applicable
- # less than 0.05%

- 1.16 由於四捨五入關係,個別數字或 百分比之和可能不等於其總數。
- 1.16 Figures or percentages of components may not add up to the respective totals owing to rounding.

機構單位的特徵

2.1 這項統計調查範圍內的機構單位估計有 297 000 間。按行業類別分析,約半數 (155 000) 的機構單位從事批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業。約 86% 爲小型機構單位。機構單位的分布大致與二零零五年相若。(表 1.1A 及 1.1B)

個人電腦的應用

- 2.2 這部分分析個人電腦在工商業的使用情況,及探討機構單位所使用的個人電腦和應用軟件類別。
- 2.3 約 61% 的機構單位有使用個人電腦。在主要行業類別中,使用個人電腦的百分比最高的是金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 (88%),而最低的是運輸、倉庫及通訊業錄得使用個人電腦的百分比最低 (34%)。這可能是因爲大部分的運輸業機構都規模較小,而個人電腦的應用在小型機構中的普及情況一般較低。(表 2.1、圖 2.1 及 2.2)

Characteristics of establishments

2.1 A total of 297 000 establishments were estimated to fall within the scope of the survey. Analysed by industry sector, around half (155 000) of the establishments were engaged in the wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels sector. About 86% of the establishments were of small size. The distribution was similar to that in 2005. (Tables 1.1A and 1.1B)

Personal computer usage

(Table 2.1, Charts 2.1 and 2.2)

- 2.2 This section analyses the utilisation of personal computers (PCs) in the business sector. The types of PCs and application software packages being used are also studied.
- 2.3 About 61% of the establishments had used PCs. Among the major industry sectors, the percentage of establishments using PCs was highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (88%). The transport, storage and communications sector recorded the lowest penetration rate (34%), possibly because a large proportion of establishments in this sector were small in scale and the usage of PCs among small establishments was generally less common.

圖 2.1 : 個人電腦 / 互聯網 / 網站 / 網頁在工商業的普及程度

Chart 2.1 : Penetration of PCs/Internet/Web Site/Web Page in the business sector

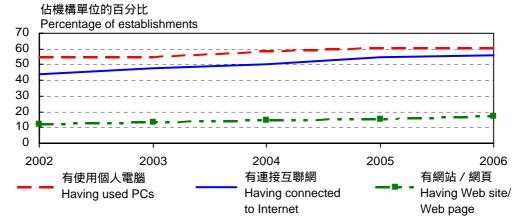
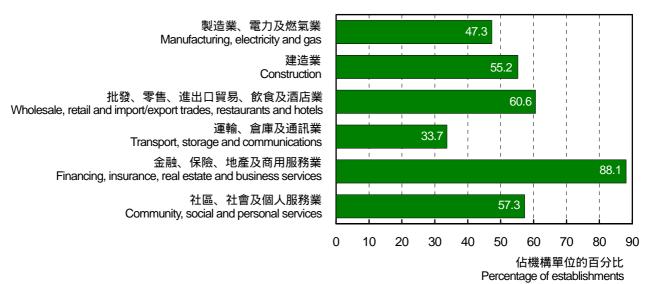


圖 2.2 : 按行業類別劃分的個人電腦的應用

Chart 2.2 : Personal computer usage by industry sector

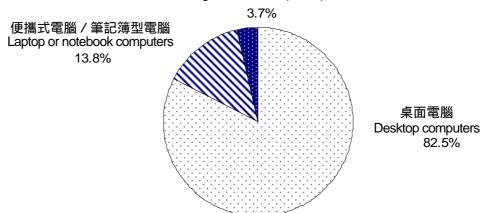


- 2.4 正如一般預期,機構單位的規模 越大,個人電腦的使用率越高。超過 99% 的大型機構單位有使用個人電腦,而 中、小型機構單位的百分比則分別為 86% 及 56%。(表 2.1)
- 2.5 統計調查所涵蓋的行業類別內的機構單位共裝置了約 171 萬部個人電腦,其中 83% 爲桌面電腦,14% 爲便攜式電腦/筆記簿型電腦,其餘 3.7% 爲個人數碼助理及其他,大致與二零零五年時的分布相同。平均每間有使用個人電腦的機構單位裝置 9 部個人電腦。(表 2.2 及圖 2.3)
- 2.4 In line with general expectation, the usage of PC increased with size of establishments. Over 99% of the large establishments had used PCs, as against 86% for medium establishments and 56% for small establishments. (Table 2.1)
- 2.5 A total of about 1.71 million sets of PCs were installed in establishments of the industry sectors covered. Similar to the distribution in 2005, about 83% were desktop computers, 14% were laptop/notebook computers and the remaining 3.7% were Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs) and others. Among those establishments using PCs, each had 9 sets of PCs on average. (Table 2.2 and Chart 2.3)

圖 2.3 : 按種類劃分的個人電腦數目的分布

Chart 2.3 : Distribution of personal computers by category

個人數碼助理及其他 Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs) and others



- 2.6 在有使用個人電腦的機構單位中,97%有裝置或接達文字處理應用軟件。另一方面,20%有裝置或接達特製電腦系統。(表 2.3 及 2.4)
- 2.7 在沒有使用個人電腦的機構單位中,只有 2.2% 有計劃裝置個人電腦。在有此計劃的機構單位中,42% 預計將在二零零六年底前裝置。至於那些並未有計劃裝置個人電腦的機構單位,較多提及的原因是「對業務沒有裨益」(81% 該類機構單位曾提及此原因),其次是「缺乏對應用個人電腦有認識的員工」(34%)。(表 2.5、2.6A 及 2.6B)
- 2.6 Of those establishments that had installed PCs, some 97% had installed or had access to word processing application software. On the other hand, 20% had installed or had access to tailor-made computer systems. (Tables 2.3 and 2.4)
- 2.7 Only 2.2% of the establishments not using PCs had planned to install PCs. Among those that had intended to do so, 42% had planned to do so by end-2006. As for those not intending to install PCs, the most commonly cited reasons were "no business benefit to do so" (cited by 81% of the establishments concerned) and "lack of personnel familiar with using PC" (34%). (Tables 2.5, 2.6A and 2.6B)

互聯網的應用

2.8 除分析各機構單位連接互聯網的情況外,這部分亦探討各機構單位使用互聯網的哪些一般功能及如何連接互聯網的情況。

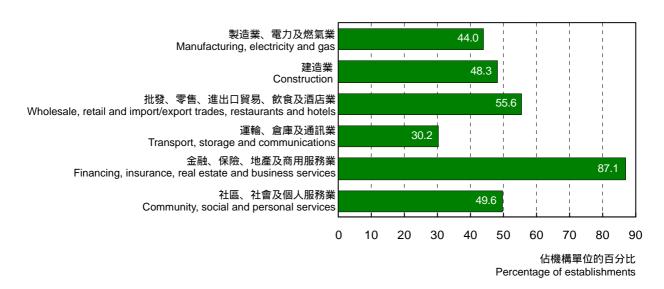
Internet usage

2.8 Besides analysing the extent of establishments having Internet connection in this section, the general functions of Internet usage and method of connection are also studied.

2.9 約 56% 的機構單位已連接互聯網,佔有使用個人電腦的機構單位的92%。與個人電腦的使用情況類似,有連接互聯網的大型機構單位的百分比(95%)遠高於中型(81%)及小型(52%)的機構單位,反映互聯網已成為大部分大型機構單位的重要通訊途徑。按行業類別分析,金融、保險、地產及商用服務業的百分比最高(87%),而最低的則是運輸、倉庫及通訊業(30%)。(表 3.1 及圖 2.4)

2.9 Around 56% of all establishments, or 92% of the establishments using PCs had Internet connection. Similar to the usage of PCs, the percentage of establishments having Internet connection was much higher for large establishments (95%) than medium establishments (81%) and small establishments (52%). This reflected that Internet had become an important means of communication in most of the large establishments. Analysed by industry sector, the percentage was highest for the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (87%) and lowest for the transport, storage and communications sector (30%). (Table 3.1 and Chart 2.4)

■ 2.4 : 按行業類別劃分的互聯網的應用 Chart 2.4 : Internet usage by industry sector



2.10 在互聯網的各種用途中,96% 有連接互聯網的機構單位最常使用「電子郵件」,其次是「網上資料搜集」(95%)及「網上獲取貨品、服務或資料」(93%)。(表 3.2)

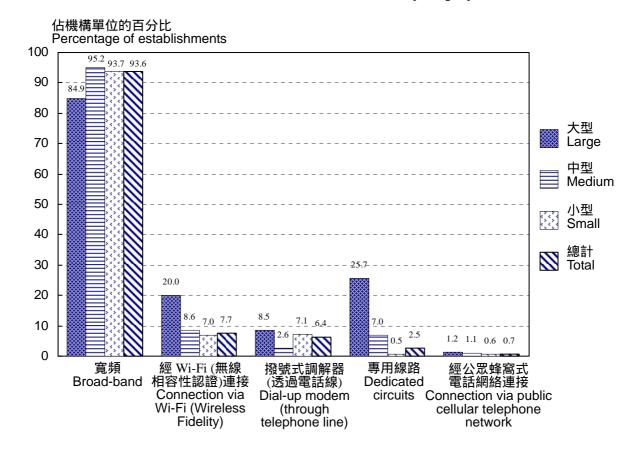
2.10 Among the various types of Internet usage, "electronic-mail" was most commonly used by 96% of the establishments having Internet connection, followed by "on-line source of information" (95%) and "on-line receipt of goods, services or information" (93%). (Table 3.2)

2.11 按連接互聯網的方法分析,有94%的機構單位利用寬頻上網及7.7%的機構單位經Wi-Fi〈無線相容性認證〉連接上網。透過電話線撥號式調解器、專用線路及公眾蜂窩式電話網絡連接上網的機構單位分別有6.4%、2.5%及0.7%。(表3.3 及圖2.5)

2.11 Analysed by method of connection, 94% of the establishments used broad-band connection to access the Internet and 7.7% of the establishments connected via Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity). Connection to the Internet via dial-up modem through telephone lines, dedicated circuits and public cellular telephone network were reported by 6.4%, 2.5%, and 0.7% of the establishments respectively. (Table 3.3 and Chart 2.5)

圖 2.5 : 按機構單位就業人數類別劃分的連接互聯網的方式

Chart 2.5 : Method of Internet connection by employment size of establishments



2.12

2.12 約 98% 沒有連接互聯網的機構單位並未有計劃連接互聯網。最常提及的原因是「連接互聯網對業務沒有裨益」〈該類機構單位中,78% 曾提及此原因〉,其次是「缺乏熟悉互聯網的員工」(32%)。在有計劃連接互聯網的機構單位中,61% 預計將在二零零六年底前連接。(表 3.4、3.5A 及 3.5B)

Internet connection had no intention to connect. The most commonly cited reasons for not intending to do so were "no business benefit to have Internet connection" (cited by 78% of those establishments), followed by "lack of personnel familiar with Internet" (32%). For those establishments that had intended to have Internet connection, 61% expected that they would do so by end-2006. (Tables 3.4, 3.5A and 3.5B)

About 98% of the establishments not having

僱員在工作中使用個人電腦和互 聯網的情況

- 2.13 二零零六年的統計調查除了向機 構單位收集有關個人電腦和互聯網的普 及程度資料外,還收集關於僱員在工作 中使用個人電腦和互聯網的百分比的資 料。
- 2.14 根據統計調查的結果,約有 56% 的僱員在工作時使用個人電腦。僱員工作時使用個人電腦的百分比以金融、保險、地產及商用服務業最高(75%),而最低的是製造業、電力及燃氣業(45%)。(表 3.6)
- 2.15 僱員工作時使用互聯網的情況與工作時使用個人電腦的情況相若,有關的百分比是 46%。金融、保險、地產及商用服務業的僱員使用互聯網的百分比最高(60%),而製造業、電力及燃氣業的僱員則最低(34%)。(表 3.6)

Employees using personal computers and Internet at work

- 2.13 Apart from collecting information on PC and Internet penetration at establishment level, information on the proportion of employees using PCs and Internet at work was also collected in the 2006 round of the survey.
- 2.14 The survey results indicated that some 56% of the employees used PCs at work. The percentage of employees had using PCs was highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (75%), and was lowest in the manufacturing, electricity and gas sector (45%). (Table 3.6)
- 2.15 Exhibiting similar profile of using PCs at work, the percentage of employees using Internet at work was 46%. While employees in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector had the highest percentage of using Internet at work (60%), those in the manufacturing, electricity and gas sector had the lowest percentage of 34%. (Table 3.6)

其他網絡的應用

- 2.16 二零零六年的統計調查也探討了 工商業採用其他類別網絡的程度,包括 局部區域網絡(LAN)、內聯網和外聯 網。這些指標有助分析工商界運用資訊 科技推行更多複雜的應用系統的準備情 況。
- 2.17 根據統計調查的結果,約有 22%的機構單位已敷設了局部區域網絡以共用資源,比率最高的是金融、保險、地產及商用服務業(31%)。此外,敷設局部區域網絡的機構單位以大型機構單位為主(84%),普及程度勝過中型(57%)和小型(16%)機構單位。(表 3.7)
- 2.18 約有 7.7% 的機構單位設置內聯網作內部的通訊網絡。大型的機構單位 (61%)較中型 (23%)和小型機構單位 (4.3%)熱中於設置內聯網。(表 3.7)
- 2.19 採用外聯網與對外的業務伙伴互通信息的情況仍然不甚普遍。根據統計調查結果,二零零六年只有 1.9% 的機構單位設置外聯網。大型機構單位採用外聯網的比率最高,有 27%。除了成本因素外,將網絡延伸至機構單位以外的機構、顧客及供應商等也牽涉複雜的技術,因而可能局限了外聯網的採用。(表 3.7)

Other networks usage

- 2.16 The extent of adopting different types of network including local area network (LAN), intranet and extranet in the business sector was also explored in the 2006 round of the survey. These indicators could help analyse the readiness of businesses to implement more sophisticated applications with information technology.
- 2.17 The survey results indicated that some 22% of the establishments had set up LAN for sharing resources, with the highest percentage for the financing, insurance, real estate and business sector (31%). On the other hand, having LAN connection was predominantly more prevalent in large establishments (84%) than in medium (57%) and small establishments (16%). (Table 3.7)
- 2.18 About 7.7% of the establishments deployed intranet for intra-company network communication. Large establishments had a higher propensity to set up intranet (61%) than medium (23%) and small establishments (4.3%). (Table 3.7)
- 2.19 The adoption of extranet for sharing business information with external business partners was still limited. As reflected from the survey, only 1.9% of the establishments had set up extranet in 2006. The adoption rate was highest for large establishments, being 27%. Apart from the cost considerations, the technical complexity involved in extending the network to external organisations, customers and suppliers etc. might have limited the adoption of extranet. (Table 3.7)

數碼證書的應用

- 2.20 有關數碼證書應用的分析包括所有核證機關發出的數碼證書。這些機關包括所有香港的核證機關(無論是否根據電子交易條例獲認可)及香港以外的核證機關。在二零零六年有14%的機構單位擁有數碼證書,而這些機構單位平均各擁有2.1張數碼證書。(表4.1及4.2)
- 2.21 91% 擁有數碼證書的機構單位 在訪問前十二個月內曾經使用數碼證 書。在這等機構單位中,有93% 表示使 用數碼證書是爲了「對外與政府及有關機 構進行交易」。數碼證書的第二大用途是「對 外與其他貿易伙伴進行交易/交換資料」, 共有12%的機構單位曾提及此用途。 (表4.3及4.4)
- 2.22 在擁有但在訪問前十二個月並未有使用數碼證書的機構單位中,90% 認為「甚少透過電子途徑進行商業交易」是未有使用數碼證書的主要原因。(表 4.5A及 4.5B)
- 2.23 那些並沒有數碼證書的機構單位中,只有 1.1% 有計劃申請使用。在並未有計劃申請使用數碼證書的機構單位中,分別有 46%,46% 及 22% 曾提及「甚少透過電子途徑進行商業交易」,「沒有提供數碼簽署的需要」及「不知道數碼證書的存在或對此沒有認識」,所以並未有計劃申請使用數碼證書。(表 4.6、4.7A 及 4.7B)

Digital certificate usage

- 2.20 Analysis on digital certificate (D-cert) usage covers D-cert issued by all types of Certification Authorities (CAs). Local CAs, be they recognised under the Electronic Transactions Ordinance (ETO) or not, are included. CAs outside Hong Kong are also included as well. 14% of establishments were found to have D-certs in 2006 and these establishments on average had 2.1 D-certs per establishment. (Tables 4.1 and 4.2)
- 2.21 91% of the establishments having D-certs had used their D-certs in the twelve months before enumeration. "Business transaction/exchange of information with Government and related organisations" was the most common usage of D-certs, by 93% of those establishments having used D-certs in the twelve months before enumeration. The second major usage of D-certs was "business transaction/exchange of information with other business partners" (12%). (Tables 4.3 and 4.4)
- 2.22 For those establishments having D-certs but had not used their D-certs in the twelve months before enumeration, 90% opined that "little use of electronic means in business transactions" was the main reason. (Tables 4.5A and 4.5B)
- 2.23 For those not having D-certs, only 1.1% had planned to apply for D-certs. The most commonly cited reasons for not intending to have D-certs were "little use of electronic means in business transactions", "no need to provide digital signature" and "do not know the existence of digital certificate or do not have knowledge about it". They were mentioned by 46%, 46% and 22% of the establishments concerned respectively. (Tables 4.6, 4.7A and 4.7B)

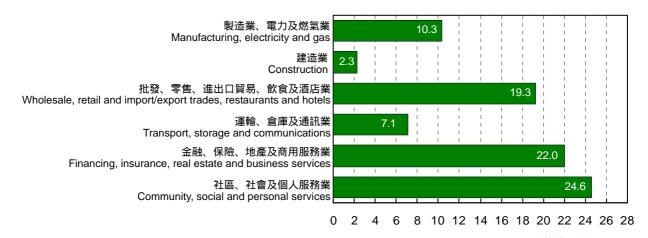
網頁/網站的應用

- 2.24 這項統計調查探討機構單位使用 網頁/網站的情況,不論其網頁是附設 在其他機構單位/組織的網站內,或是 放置在該機構單位的註冊領域名稱之 下。
- 2.25 這部分分析有設立網頁/網站或擁有網絡伺服器的機構單位分布,亦分析機構單位把其網頁/網站連接到本身的資料庫及其商業伙伴的電腦系統的情況。
- 2.26 約 18% 的機構單位有設立網頁 /網站。在主要行業類別中,有設立網頁/網站的百分比最高的是社區、社會 及個人服務業 (25%),其次是金融、保 險、地產及商用服務業 (22%)。與個人電 腦及互聯網的使用情況相若,大型機構單 位設立網頁/網站的百分比 (75%),明 顯較中型 (37%) 及小型 (14%) 機構單 位的百分比為高。(表 5.1 及圖 2.6)

Web page/Web site usage

- 2.24 In this survey, the usage of Web page/Web site is studied, regardless of whether the Web page was attached to the Web site of other establishments/organisations, or was placed under the registered domain name of the establishment.
- 2.25 In this section, the distribution of establishments having Web page/Web site or Web server is analysed. The extent of establishments connecting their Web pages/Web sites with their related in-firm database and with their business partners' computer systems are also analysed.
- 2.26 About 18% of the establishments had a Web page/Web site. Among the major industry sector, the percentage of establishments having a Web page/Web site was highest in the community, social and personal services sector (25%), followed by the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (22%). Exhibiting similar pattern as PC and Internet usage, the percentage for web usage was much higher for large establishments (75%) than medium establishments (37%) and small establishments (14%). (Table 5.1 and Chart 2.6)

圖 2.6 : 按行業類別劃分的網頁 / 網站的應用 Chart 2.6 : Web pages/Web sites usage by industry sector



佔機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments

- 2.27 全部有設立網頁/網站的機構單位在他們的網頁/網站提供有關其機構單位及產品和服務的資料。此外,分別有 29% 及 14% 的機構單位有在網上收集顧客意見和處理商業查詢。24% 的機構單位透過網頁/網站提供網上調送產品及服務,而 8.7% 的機構單位透過網頁/網站提供網上訂購產品及服務。(表 5.2A 及 5.2B)
- 2.28 在已設立網頁/網站的機構單位中,36%同時擁有本身的網絡伺服器;24%已把網頁/網站連接到本身的資料庫;8.0%已把網頁/網站連接到商業伙伴的電腦系統。(表5.3)
- 2.29 在那些擁有網頁/網站但沒有把網頁/網站連接到本身的資料庫的機構單位中,2.4% 有計劃這樣做,而其中18%計劃在二零零六年底前連接好。(表5.4)
- 2.30 同樣地,那些擁有網頁/網站但沒有連接到商業伙伴電腦系統的機構單位中,只有 1.7% 計劃這樣做,而其中 3.3% 計劃在二零零六年底前連接好。(表 5.5)
- 2.31 在沒有設立網頁/網站的機構單位中,93% 並未有計劃設立網頁/網站。 (表 5.6)
- 2.32 在沒有設立網頁/網站但有此計劃的 17 000 間機構單位中,約 47%計劃在二零零六年底前設立其網頁/網站,另外有 42%則計劃在二零零七年底前設立。 (表 5.6)

- 2.27 All of the establishments having Web pages/Web sites provided information about the establishments and the products and services offered in their Web pages/Web sites, while 29% collected on-line feedback from customers and 14% handled business enquiries on-line. 24% of those establishments offered on-line delivery of the firm's products and services and 8.7% supported on-line ordering in their Web pages/Web sites. (Tables 5.2A and 5.2B)
- 2.28 Among establishments having Web pages/Web sites, 36% had their own Web servers; 24% had their Web pages/Web sites connected to their related in-firm database; and 8.0% had their Web pages/Web sites connected to business partners' computer systems. (Table 5.3)
- 2.29 For those establishments having Web pages/Web sites but not having them connected to their related in-firm database, 2.4% had intended to do so. Among those that had intended to do so, 18% had planned to have the connection by end-2006. (Table 5.4)
- 2.30 Similarly, for those establishments having Web pages/Web sites but not having them connected to business partners' computer systems, only 1.7% had intended to do so. Among those that had intended to do so, about 3.3% had planned to have the connection by end-2006. (Table 5.5)
- 2.31 For those establishments not having their own Web pages/Web sites, 93% had not intended to have one. (Table 5.6)
- 2.32 Among the 17 000 establishments not having their own Web pages/Web sites but intending to have such, about 47% had planned to do so by end-2006, and another 42% by end-2007. (Table 5.6)

2.33 至於未有計劃設立本身的網頁/網站的機構單位,其主要原因是認爲「擁有網頁/網站對業務沒有裨益」〈該類機構單位中,78% 曾提及此原因〉,其次是由於「缺乏熟悉保養/發展網頁/網站的員工」(31%)。(表 5.7)

2.33 For those establishments not intending to have their own Web pages/Web sites, the reasons cited by most of them were "no business benefit to have a Web page/Web site" (cited by 78% of those establishments), followed by "lack of personnel familiar with maintaining/developing a Web page/Web site" (31%). (Table 5.7)

電子商業

2.34 這部分是以四個層面去分析不同 形式的商業活動,分別為預訂或購買、 獲取、售賣及遞送貨品、服務或資料, 並分析每個層面在交易時使用電子途徑 的情況。電子途徑包括互聯網、交互式 應答系統及專用私人網絡等媒介。

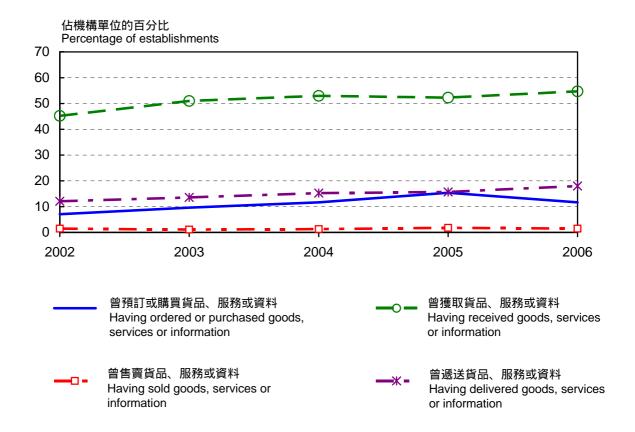
- 2.35 在二零零六年,56% 的機構單位 曾在受訪前十二個月內透過電子途徑進 行一類或多於一類的交易,較二零零五 等的相應數字高出 2.5 個百分點。
- (a) 透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服 務或資料
- 2.36 在這項統計調查中,只有那些透過電子途徑確認整個預訂或購買過程的機構單位才被視爲有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料。
- 2.37 只有 12% 的機構單位在訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料,反映透過電子途徑購買仍然非常有限。而金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 (14%) 和一般大型機構單位 (33%) 的百分比則較高。(表 6.1 及圖 2.7)

Electronic business

- 2.34 In this section, various business activities are analysed under four categories, viz. order or purchase, receipt, sale and delivery of goods, services or information. For each category, the extent of transactions made through electronic means is analysed. Electronic means include media such as the Internet, interactive response system and designated private network.
- 2.35 In 2006, 56% of establishments had undertaken transactions of one type or another through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration, 2.5 percentage points higher than that in 2005.
- (a) Ordering or purchases of goods, services or information through electronic means
- 2.36 In this survey, an establishment is regarded to have ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means if the confirmation of order or purchase is completely done through electronic means.
- 2.37 Purchasing through electronic means was still very limited, as only 12% of the establishments had ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. The percentages were higher for the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (14%) and for large establishments (33%). (Table 6.1 and Chart 2.7)

圖 2.7 : 電子商業在工商業的普及程度

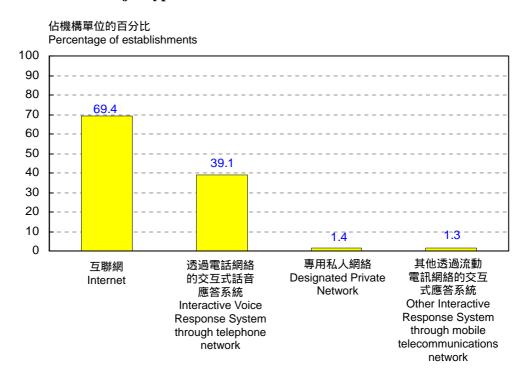
Chart 2.7 : Penetration of electronic business in the business sector



2.38 在曾透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,72%表示有預訂或補購存貨。按電子途徑類別分析,曾透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,69%透過互聯網進行,39%透過交互式話音應答系統進行,1.4%透過專用私人網絡進行。(表 6.2、6.3 及圖 2.8)

2.38 For those establishments that had ordered or purchased through electronic means, 72% expressed that the use was for "order or purchase for replenishment of inventory". Analysed by various electronic means, 69% of those establishments having ordered or purchased through electronic means had done so through the Internet, 39% through Interactive Voice Response System and 1.4% through designated private network. (Tables 6.2, 6.3 and Chart 2.8)

圖 2.8 : 按主要電子途徑種類劃分的預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料 Chart 2.8 : Ordering or purchasing goods, services or information by major type of electronic means



2.39 至於在二零零五年透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的總值佔總購買開支的百分比,61%的機構單位表示該百分比少於 1%。只有 7.7%的機構單位表示該百分比多於 10%。在有透過互聯網預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,69%表示曾經由網上支付部分的款項。(表 6.4 及 6.5)

2.40 機構單位未曾透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或資料的一般原因是 認爲「對業務沒有裨益」(該類機構單 位中,60% 曾提及此原因) 及「業內 並不普遍」(31%)。(表 6.6) 2.39 Regarding the value of order or purchase through electronic means as a percentage to the total value of purchase in 2005, 61% of the establishments indicated that the value of e-purchase contributed to less than 1% of their total value of purchase. Only 7.7% indicated that e-purchase contributed to more than 10% of their total value of purchase. Among establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through Internet, 69% of them indicated that they had made part of the payment through Internet. (Tables 6.4 and 6.5)

2.40 The common reasons for establishments not having ordered or purchased through electronic means were "no business benefit" (cited by 60% of those establishments) and "not popular in the industry" (31%). (Table 6.6)

- (b) 透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或 資料
- 2.41 在這項統計調查中,網上瀏覽資料亦視爲透過電子途徑獲取資料。至於透過電子途徑獲取的貨品,就只限於能以電子途徑傳遞的產品及服務,如套裝軟件及歌曲。這項統計調查就獲取政府貨品、服務或資料(表 7.2、7.3 及 7.4)及其他貨品、服務或資料(表 7.5、7.6 及 7.7)的情況作獨立分析。
- 2.42 約 55% 的機構單位在訪問前的 十二個月內曾透過電子途徑獲取貨品、 服務或資料。其中 71% 曾透過電子途徑 獲取政府貨品、服務或資料,93% 曾獲 取其他貨品、服務或資料。(表 7.1)

政府貨品、服務或資料

2.43 約 39% 的機構單位在訪問前的 十二個月內曾透過電子途徑獲取政府貨 品、服務或資料。其中 96% 透過個人電 腦連接互聯網獲取。另一方面,39% 是 透過公共服務電子化計劃/生活易獲 取。按獲取政府貨品、服務或資料類別 分析,大部分 (92%)表示曾獲取、瀏覽 或尋找其他資料,而 25% 則曾遞交與貿 易有關的文件。 (表 7.1、7.2 及 7.3)

- (b) Receipt of goods, services or information through electronic means
- 2.41 In this survey, browsing of information on the Internet is also regarded as receiving information through electronic means. Goods and services received through electronic means are only restricted to products which could be transmitted through electronic media, such as software packages and songs. Separate analyses are made in the survey on government goods, services or information (Tables 7.2, 7.3 and 7.4) and other goods, services or information. (Tables 7.5, 7.6 and 7.7).
- 2.42 Some 55% of the establishments had received goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. Among those establishments, 71% had received government goods, services or information through electronic means and 93% had received other types of goods, services or information. (Table 7.1)

Government goods, services or information

2.43 About 39% of the establishments had received government goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. Among those establishments, 96% had done so through Internet via PCs. On the other hand, 39% of them had done so through the Electronic Service Delivery Scheme (ESD)/ESD Life. Analysed by type of government goods, services or information received, most (92%) of them had received, browsed or searched information and 25% had submitted trade-related documents. (Tables 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3)

2.44 至於未曾透過電子途徑獲取政府 貨品、服務或資料的原因,60%的該類 機構單位指是由於「對業務沒有裨益」, 28%是因爲「業內並不普遍」。(表7.4)

其他非政府提供的貨品、服務或資料

2.45 約 51% 的機構單位在訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑獲取其他非政府提供的貨品、服務或資料。按行業類別分析,金融、保險、地產及商用服務業的百分比最高 (82%),運輸、倉庫及通訊業的百分比則最低 (32%)。按就業人數類別分析,大型機構單位的百分比明顯較高 (92%)。這與個人電腦及互聯網的使用情況相似。(表 7.1)

2.46 在曾透過電子途徑獲取其他非政府提供的貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,大部分 (96%)表示曾獲取、瀏覽或尋找資料。有 29% 曾獲取數碼形式的產品及服務,28% 曾獲取電子銀行服務 (例如轉帳),以及有 14%表示曾透過電子途徑查詢財經資料 (例如股票價格)。在各電子途徑中,互聯網最爲普及,約 96% 該類機構單位有使用此電子途徑。(表 7.5 及 7.6)

2.47 未曾獲取其他貨品、服務或資料的普遍原因同樣是「對業務沒有裨益」(62%)及「缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料的員工」(29%)。(表 7.7)

2.44 As regards the reasons for not receiving government goods, services or information through electronic means, the more commonly cited reasons were "no business benefit" (60%) and "not popular in the industry" (28%). (Table 7.4)

Goods, services or information other than from the government

2.45 About 51% of the establishments had received goods, services or information (other than from the government) through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. Analysed by industry, the percentage was highest for the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (82%) and lowest for the transport, storage and communications sector (32%). Analysed by establishment size, the percentage of large establishments was much higher (92%). This was similar to the pattern recorded for PC and Internet usage. (Table 7.1)

2.46 Of those establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from the government) through electronic means, most (96%) of them had received, browsed or searched information. 29% had received products and services in digital form, 28% had received electronic banking services (e.g. transferring money) and 14% expressed that they had searched for financial information through electronic means (e.g. stock price). Of the various types of electronic means, Internet was the most commonly used, having been used by 96% of those establishments. (Tables 7.5 and 7.6)

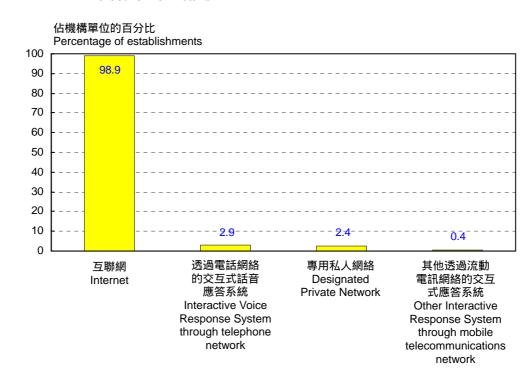
2.47 Again, the common reasons for not having received other goods, services or information were "no business benefit to do so" (62%) and "lack of personnel familiar with receiving goods, services or information through electronic means" (29%). (Table 7.7)

- (c) 透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或 資料
- 2.48 在這項統計調查中,只有那些有提供並接納客戶純粹透過電子途徑預訂 或購買其貨品及服務的機構單位才會被 視爲有透過電子途徑售賣其貨品、服務 或資料。
- 2.49 只有很少機構單位 (1.5%) 在被訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料。大型機構的百分比相對較高 (7.7%)。(表 8.1)
- 2.50 互聯網是最廣爲用作售賣貨品、服務或資料的電子途徑。在曾透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,約99%透過互聯網售賣其貨品、服務或資料。(表 8.2 及圖 2.9)

- (c) Sales of goods, services or information through electronic means
- 2.48 In this survey, an establishment is considered to have sold its goods, services or information through electronic means if it offers and accepts orders or purchases that are placed completely through electronic means.
- 2.49 Only a very small percentage (1.5%) of establishments had sold goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. The percentage in large establishments was relatively higher, being 7.7%. (Table 8.1)
- 2.50 Internet was the most common electronic means for selling through electronic means. About 99% of those establishments having sold through electronic means had used it. (Table 8.2 and Chart 2.9)

圖 2.9 : 按主要電子途徑種類劃分的售賣貨品、服務或資料

Chart 2.9: Selling of goods, services or information by major type of electronic means



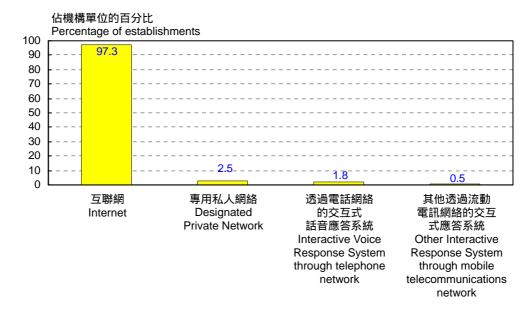
- 2.51 至於透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的原因,分別有 89% 及 87% 的相關機構單位選擇「提高業務靈活性/商機」和「增強競爭力」。(表 8.3)
- 2.52 在二零零五年透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料所獲取的業務收益為439億港元,佔所有涵蓋行業類別總業務收益的0.64%。在透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料所獲取的收益中,透過專用私人網絡及互聯網售賣所佔的百分比分別爲80%及18%。按顧客類別分析,商業對商業的收益佔總收益的84%。(表8.4)
- 2.53 在有透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位中,58%表示曾經網 上收取部份的款項。(表 8.5)
- 2.54 在未曾透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,98% 並未有計劃這樣做。普遍的原因是「對業務沒有裨益」(該類機構單位中,54% 曾提及此原因)和「業內並不普遍」(34%)。(表 8.6 及 8.7)
- 2.55 至於那些有計劃透過電子途徑售 賣其貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,60%預計將在二零零六年底前實行。(表 8.6)

- 2.51 Concerning the reasons for selling goods, services or information through electronic means, "to increase business flexibility/opportunities" and "to enhance competitiveness" were cited by 89% and 87% of those establishments respectively. (Table 8.3)
- 2.52 The value of business receipts from selling of goods, services or information through electronic means totalled at HK\$43.9 billion in 2005, representing 0.64% of the total business receipts of all selected industry sectors. Analysed by type of electronic means, about 80% of the e-commerce business receipts were through designated private network and 18% were through Internet. As regards the customer group, business receipts from business-to-business e-commerce contributed 84% of the total e-commerce receipts. (Table 8.4)
- 2.53 Among establishments having sold goods, services or information through Internet, 58% of them indicated that they had received part of the payment through Internet. (Table 8.5)
- 2.54 Among those establishments not having sold goods, services or information through electronic means, 98% had no intention of doing so. The reasons of "no business benefit to do so" and "not popular in the industry" were commonly cited by 54% and 34% of those establishments respectively. (Tables 8.6 and 8.7)
- 2.55 As for those establishments intending to sell through electronic means, 60% expected to do so by end-2006. (Table 8.6)

- (d) 透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料
- 2.56 在這項統計調查中,遞送數碼形式的產品及服務及把有關機構單位或其所售賣產品及服務的資料放在互聯網上,均被視爲有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料。
- 2.57 約 18% 的機構單位在訪問前的 十二個月內曾透過電子途徑遞送其貨 品、服務或資料。其中金融、保險、地 產及商用服務業,及社區、社會及個人 服務業的百分比較高,兩者同時皆爲 25%。(表 9.1)
- 2.58 在曾透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,大部分 (97%) 有透過網站遞送機構單位的資料。透過互聯網遞送貨品、服務或資料最為普遍,約 97% 該類機構單位曾使用此途徑。(表 9.2、9.3 及圖 2.10)

- (d) Delivery of goods, services or information through electronic means
- 2.56 In this survey, delivery of products and services in digital form and placing information about an establishment or the products and services sold on the Internet are both considered to be delivery of goods, services or information through electronic means.
- 2.57 About 18% of the establishments had delivered their goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. The percentage was higher in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector and community, social and personal services sector (both being 25%). (Table 9.1)
- 2.58 For those establishments having delivered their goods, services or information through electronic means, most (97%) were involved in providing information of the firm on Web site. Internet was the most common electronic medium for delivering goods, services or information. Around 97% of those establishments had used it. (Tables 9.2, 9.3 and Chart 2.10)

■ 2.10 : 按主要電子途徑種類劃分的遞送貨品、服務或資料 Chart 2.10 : Delivery of goods, services or information by major type of electronic means



- 2.59 至於透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的原因,最多提供此服務的機構單位提及的選擇是:「提高業務靈活性/商機」(70%)、「增強競爭力」(60%)及「改善對顧客的服務」(53%)。(表 9.4)
- 2.60 在未曾透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,93% 並未有計劃這樣做。「對業務沒有裨益」和「業內並不普遍」兩原因則分別爲其中的60% 及30% 的機構單位所提及。(表9.5 及9.6)
- 2.61 在有計劃透過電子途徑遞送其貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,46%預計將在二零零六年底前實行。(表9.5)

資訊科技項目的財政預算

2.62 這部分以八方面探討商業機構就 資訊科技項目的財政預算情況,分別 是: 為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的 活動、為增購資訊科技設備及軟件、為 增聘資訊科技員工、為採用資訊科技應 用服務或將有關服務外判、為資訊科技應 用服務或將有關服務外判、為資訊科技 培訓、為資訊科技保安用途、為設立/ 接達數據通訊網絡(例如寬頻)及為無 線及流動服務和技術。並分別把二零零 六年各方面的財政預算與二零零六年 的比較加以分析。

- 2.59 Regarding the reasons for delivering goods, services or information through electronic means, the most common reasons mentioned by the establishments were: "to increase business flexibility/opportunities" (70%), "to enhance competitiveness" (60%) and "to improve customer services" (53%). (Table 9.4)
- 2.60 Among those establishments not having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means, 93% had no plans to do so. The reasons of "no business benefit" and "not popular in the industry" were choosen by nearly 60% and 30% of those establishments respectively. (Tables 9.5 and 9.6)
- 2.61 As regards those establishments intending to deliver their goods, services or information through electronic means, 46% expected to do so by end-2006. (Table 9.5)

Budget for information technology

2.62 Business budgets for IT are analysed under eight aspects, viz. for performing research and development activities related to IT; for procuring additional IT equipment and software; for employing additional IT personnel; for using IT application services or by outsourcing; for IT training; for IT security purposes; for setting up/access to data communication network (e.g. broad-band); and for wireless and mobile services and technology. The IT budgets for these aspects in 2006 and 2007 are compared with that in 2005 and 2006 respectively in this section.

(a) 為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的 活動

> 只有 2.4% 及 1.8% 的機構單位有 為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的 活動訂下二零零六年及二零零七年 的財政預算。有訂下二零零六年財 政預算的機構單位中,65% 指該項 財政預算較二零零五年的有所增 加。另一方面,在有爲二零零七年 訂下財政預算的機構單位中,76% 指該項財政預算將會較二零零六年 的有所增加。(表 10.1A、10.1B、 10.2A 及 10.2B)

(b) 為增購資訊科技設備及軟件

約 9.0% 的機構單位有爲增購資訊 科技設備及軟件訂下二零零六年的 財政預算。其中 77% 的機構單位指 該項財政預算較二零零五年的有所 增加。至於二零零七年,則只有 4.2% 的機構單位有爲此項目訂下財政預 算,較二零零六年的相關百分率 低。其中 78% 的機構單位的財政預 算將會較二零零六年的有所增加。 (表 10.1A、10.1B、10.2A 及 10.2B)

(c) 爲增聘資訊科技員工

在二零零六年,有 2.7% 的機構單位 有爲增聘資訊科技員工訂下財政預 算。其中 79% 的機構單位指該項財 政預算較二零零五年的有所增加。 至於二零零七年,只有 1.3% 的機 構單位有爲此項訂下財政預算。 (表 10.1A、10.1B、10.2A 及 10.2B) (a) For performing research and development activities related to IT

Only 2.4% of the establishments had a budget for performing research and development activities related to IT in 2006, and 1.8% had budget for similar purpose in 2007. Among those establishments having an IT budget in 2006, 65% had a greater budget compared with 2005. On the other hand, 76% of the establishments having an IT budget in 2007 indicated that their budgets for 2007 were higher than 2006. (Tables 10.1A, 10.1B, 10.2A and 10.2B)

(b) For procuring additional IT equipment and software

About 9.0% of the establishments had a budget for procuring additional IT equipment and software in 2006. Among them, 77% had increased the budget compared with 2005. However, only 4.2% of the establishments had a budget on this item for 2007, lower than the corresponding percentage in 2006. Among them, 78% would increase the budget compared with 2006. (Tables 10.1A, 10.1B, 10.2A and 10.2B)

(c) For employing additional IT personnel

In 2006, 2.7% of the establishments had a budget for employing additional IT personnel. Among them, 79% had increased the budget compared with 2005. Meanwhile, only 1.3% of the establishments had a budget on this item for 2007. (Tables 10.1A, 10.1B, 10.2A and 10.2B)

(d) 為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關 服務外判

3.0% 機構單位有為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關服務外判訂下二零零六年的財政預算。其中71% 單位指該項財政預算較二零零五年的有所增加。至於二零零七年,則只有 1.6% 的機構單位有為此項目訂下財政預算。(表 10.1A、10.1B、10.2A及 10.2B)

(e) 為資訊科技培訓

關於資訊科技培訓方面,3.2%的機構單位有訂下二零零六年的財政預算。其中48%的機構單位指該項財政預算較二零零五年的有所增加。至於二零零七年,只有1.9%的機構單位有爲此項目訂下財政預算。(表10.1A、10.1B、10.2A及10.2B)

(f) 為資訊科技保安用途

4.7% 的機構單位有爲資訊科技保安用途訂下二零零六年的財政預算。其中 67% 的機構單位指該項財政預算較二零零五年的有所增加。至於二零零七年,則只有 3.2% 的機構單位有爲此項目訂下財政預算。 (表 10.1A、10.1B、10.2A 及10.2B)

(d) For using IT application services or by outsourcing

3.0% of the establishments had a budget for using IT application services or by outsourcing in 2006. Among them, 71% had increased the budget compared with 2005. Only 1.6% of the establishments had a budget on this item for 2007. (Tables 10.1A, 10.1B, 10.2A and 10.2B)

(e) For IT training

On the aspect of IT training, 3.2% of the establishments had a budget in 2006. Among them, 48% had increased the budget compared with 2005. For 2007, only 1.9% of the establishments had such a budget. (Tables 10.1A, 10.1B, 10.2A and 10.2B)

(f) For IT security purposes

4.7% of the establishments had a budget for IT security purposes in 2006. Among them, about 67% had increased the budget compared with 2005. Only 3.2% of the establishments had a budget on this item for 2007. (Tables 10.1A, 10.1B 10.2A and 10.2B)

(g) 爲設立/接達數據通訊網絡(例如 寬頻)

7.3% 的機構單位有爲設立/接達數據通訊網絡(例如寬頻)訂下二零零六年的財政預算。其中 61% 的機構單位指該項財政預算與二零零五年的預算相若。至於二零零七年,則只有 4.7% 的機構單位有爲此項目訂下財政預算。其中 58% 的機構單位的財政預算與二零零六年的預算大致相同。(表 10.1A、10.1B、10.2A 及 10.2B)

(h) 為無線及流動服務和技術

3.2% 的機構單位有爲無線及流動服務和技術訂下二零零六年的財政預算。其中 73% 的機構單位指該項財政預算較二零零五年的有所增加。至於二零零七年,1.7% 的機構單位有爲此項目訂下財政預算,而當中 67% 的機構單位的財政預算將會較二零零六年的有所增加。(表 10.1A、10.1B、10.2A 及 10.2B)

資訊科技保安

- 2.63 這個部份會探討一些有關資訊科技保安事宜,包括電腦保安被衝破、對採用電腦保安措施的態度及所採用的保安措施。
- 2.64 25% 的機構單位的電腦系統在被訪問前的十二個月內曾受到入侵/襲擊。大部分的機構單位 (93%) 在該段期間內曾受到一次至十次的入侵/襲擊。(表 11.1 及 11.3)

(g) For setting up/access to data communication network (e.g. broad-band)

For setting up/access to data communication network (e.g. broad-band), 7.3% of the establishments had a budget in 2006. Among them, about 61% had the same budget compared with 2005. Around 4.7% of the establishments had budget on this item for 2007. Among them, 58% would have more or less the same budget compared with 2006. (Tables 10.1A, 10.1B, 10.2A and 10.2B)

(h) For wireless and mobile services and technology

3.2% of the establishments had a budget for wireless and mobile services and technology in 2006. Among them, about 73% had increased the budget compared with 2005. For 2007, 1.7% of the establishments had a budget for this item. 67% of the establishments would increase the budget compared with 2006. (Tables 10.1A, 10.1B, 10.2A and 10.2B)

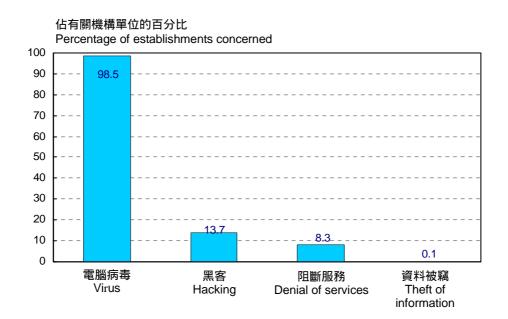
Information technology security

- 2.63 In this section, some areas of IT security are explored, including breaches of computer security, attitude to adoption of computer security measures, and types of security measure implemented.
- 2.64 25% of the establishments had suffered from computer attacks in the twelve months before enumeration. Most of them (93%) suffered 1-10 attacks during the period. (Tables 11.1 and 11.3)

2.65 按電腦曾受入侵/襲擊的種類分析,大部分 (98%) 的機構單位曾受到「電腦病毒」入侵,其次是「黑客」(14%)及「阻斷服務 (8.3%)。(表 11.2 及圖 2.11)

2.65 Analysed by type of computer attacks, most (98%) of the establishments had suffered from "virus" attacks. This was followed by "hacking" (14%) and "denial of service" (8.3%). (Table 11.2 and Chart 2.11)

圖 2.11 : 電腦受到入侵/襲擊的主要種類分布 Chart 2.11 : Distribution of major types of computer attacks



2.66 大部分 (98%) 機構單位於受襲後都曾採取相應的補救措施。當中有94% 曾修補漏洞,52% 曾向管理層匯報,而46% 則曾使用更多保安技術。曾向警方報案及向香港電腦保安事故協調中心匯報的有關機構單位分別只有0.8%及0.5%,主要是由於有關機構單位認爲該等事故不重要。(表11.4A、11.4B、11.5及11.6)

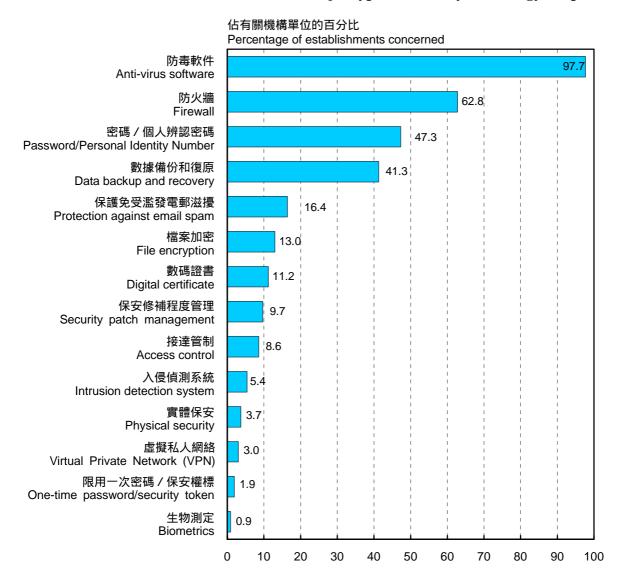
2.66 Upon attacked, (98%)most of the establishments took on remedial measures. 94% of them had applied patched holes, 52% of them had reported to senior management and 46% had resorted to using more security technology. Only 0.8% and 0.5% of those establishments had reported their cases to the police and the Hong Kong Computer Emergency Response Team Co-ordination Centre respectively. This was mainly because the attacks were considered trivial. (Tables 11.4A, 11.4B, 11.5 and 11.6)

2.67 在有使用個人電腦的機構單位中,92% 曾採用保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料。因應電腦病毒的廣泛性,最多被機構單位採用的防禦技術自然是「防毒軟件」(在有採用保安技術的機構單位中,98% 曾採用此技術)。有 63% 的機構單位採用「防火牆」保安,至於「密碼/個人辨認密碼」(47%)、「數據備份和復原」(41%)及「保護免受濫發電郵滋擾」(16%) 也曾被普遍採用。(表 11.7、11.8A、11.8B及圖 2.12)

2.67 Among those establishments having used PCs, 92% of them had adopted security technology to protect their computer systems and information. proactive response to the predominance of virus attacks, "anti-virus software" ranked top on the list of security (adopted technologies adopted bv 98% establishments having adopted security technologies). 63% of those establishments had adopted "firewall" protection, while "password/personal identity number (PIN)" (47%), "data backup and recovery" (41%) and "protection against email spam" (16%) were also commonly adopted. (Tables 11.7, 11.8A, 11.8B and Chart 2.12)

圖 2.12 : 主要採用的保安技術分布

Chart 2.12 : Distribution of major types of security technology adopted



- 2.68 至於有採用保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料的機構單位,其中33% 認為在處理保安問題上遇到最主要的限制是「財政限制」。至於「缺乏有關範疇的知識」(25%)、「員工缺乏資訊科技保安意識」(22%)、「有關產品的技術複雜」(12%)及「缺乏有關資訊科技保安的策略及指引」(10%)亦是普遍被提及的限制。(表 11.12)
- 2.69 至於沒有採用任何保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料的機構單位,其主要原因是認為「沒有需要/不預期有保安問題」(該類機構單位中,63% 曾提及此原因),其次是由於「缺乏有關範疇的知識」(28%)及「財政限制」(15%)。(表 11.9)
- 2.70 在有使用個人電腦的機構單位中,52%實施了資訊保安措施。對各項的資訊保安措施,「定期安裝伺服機/個人電腦保安修補程式」是最普遍實施的資訊保安措施(80%),接著是「僱用全職/兼職員工負責資訊保安」(20%)。(表 11.10, 11.11A及11.11B)
- 2.71 有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,42%表示有爲客戶提供身分認證及/或保密接達服務。然而,大部分機構單位只採用比較簡單的方法來爲客戶提供身分認證及/或保密接達服務。最常用的方法是「用戶名稱」(該類機構單位中,73% 曾應用此方法),其次是「密碼/個人辨認密碼」(72%)。至於「保密插口層」、「伺服器數碼證書」、「保密電子交易」及「個人數碼證書」,則分別有42%21%16%及13%的機構單位應用。(表11.13、11.14A及11.14B)

- 2.68 For those establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer systems and information, 33% of them stated that the major obstacles to addressing security concerns was "budget constraint". "Lack of expertise in the field" (25%), "lack of employee awareness" (22%), "technical/complexity of products" (12%) and "lack of policy and guideline on IT security" (10%) were also commonly mentioned. (Table 11.12)
- 2.69 Among establishments not having adopted any security technology to protect their computer systems and information, most of them opined that the reasons were "don't see the need/don't foresee any security problem" (cited by 63% of those establishments), followed by "lack of expertise in the field" (28%) and "budget constraint" (15%). (Table 11.9)
- 2.70 Among establishments having used PCs, 52% of them had implemented the information security For the various information security measures. measures, "apply security patches for servers/PCs regularly" was the most common measure (80%), and "employ full-time/part-time next was staff responsible for information security" (20%). (Tables 11.10, 11.11A and 11.11B)
- Among those establishments having sold goods, 2.71 services or information through electronic means, 42% of them had provided authentication and/or security access for their clients. Nevertheless, most of them had only implemented relatively simple methods of authentication and/or security access. common method adopted was "user name" (cited by establishments), 73% those followed "password/personal identity number (PIN)" (72%). "Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)", "server digital certificate", "Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)" and "personal digital certificate" had been used by 42%, and 13% of those establishments respectively. (Tables 11.13 and 11.14A and 11.14B)

無線及流動服務和技術的應用

- 2.72 有關無線及流動技術和服務的應用的資料自二零零四年的統計調查開始涵蓋。目前在無線及流動解決方案的範疇上,市場的焦點集中於設備、網路及應用。本部分會探討以下無線及流動解決方案的使用情況:
- (a) 無線及流動裝置的應用;
- (b) 傳送技術的應用;
- (c) 從服務供應商獲取的服務;以及
- (d) 應用系統的使用。
- 2.73 約 16% 的機構單位有應用無線及流動裝置。在主要行業類別中,使用無線及流動裝置的百分比最高的是金融、保險、地產及商用服務業(29%),而最低的是製造業、電力及燃氣業(6.7%)。機構單位的規模越大,無線及流動裝置的使用率越高。約 53% 的大型機構單位有使用無線及流動裝置,而中、小型機構單位的百分比則分別是26% 及 14%。(表 12.1)
- 2.74 無線區域網絡接達點 (包括無線 熱點)是最常用的裝置(65% 有使用無 線及流動裝置的機構單位有使用此項裝 置),其次是連接無線數據通訊網絡的流 動電話(57%),便攜式電腦/筆記簿型電 腦(47%)及桌面電腦(27%)。(表 12.2)

Usage of wireless and mobile services and technology

- 2.72 The topic on wireless and mobile services and technology had been covered since the 2004 round of the survey. The current market focuses of wireless and mobile solutions are devices, network and applications. In this section, the usage of the following wireless and mobile solutions are explored:
- (a) wireless and mobile devices in use;
- (b) transmission technology employed;
- (c) services employed from service provider; and
- (d) applications involved.
- 2.73 Nearly 16% of the establishments had used wireless and mobile devices. Among the major industry sectors, the percentage of establishments having used wireless and mobile devices was highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (29%) and was lowest in the manufacturing, electricity and gas sector (6.7%). Usage of wireless mobile devices increased with establishments. Almost 53% of the large establishments had used wireless and mobile devices, as against 26% for medium establishments and 14% for small establishments. (Table 12.1)
- 2.74 The most widely used device was wireless LAN access point (including hotspot) (used by 65% of the establishments having used wireless and mobile devices), followed by mobile phones (57%), laptop or notebook computers (47%) and desktop computers (27%) connected to a wireless data communication network. (Table 12.2)

- 2.75 由於無線區域網絡裝置的使用已相當普及,無線區域網絡自然是最普遍被採用的無線及流動傳送技術(66% 有使用無線及流動傳送技術的機構單位曾使用此傳送技術)。爲配合流動電話網路而發展的新技術,如通用分組無線電服務(GPRS)(46%)及藍芽技術(32%),亦愈趨普及。(表 12.3)
- 2.76 至於從服務供應商獲取的無線及 流動服務,最常使用的服務是無線上網 (64% 有使用無線及流動服務的機構單 位有使用此服務),其次是無線電郵 (61%)及短訊服務(SMS)(51%)。(表 12.4)
- 2.77 許多機構單位都已把其無線及流動裝置和服務融合於它們的商業應用系統內,而最普遍的應用範疇是辦公室自動化(61% 有使用無線及流動應用系統的機構單位有此項應用),短訊廣播及警報(47%)和非接觸式智能卡接達/保安管制(15%)。(表 12.5)
- 2.78 至於未有應用無線及流動服務及技術的機構單位,最普遍的原因是「對業務沒有裨益」(59%的該類機構單位曾提及此原因),其次是「業內並不普遍」(37%)及「缺乏熟悉無線及流動服務及技術的員工」(34%)。(表 12.6)

- 2.75 Given the predominant usage of wireless LAN devices, wireless LAN was naturally the most popularly adopted wireless and mobile transmission technology (cited by 66% of those establishments which had used wireless and mobile transmission technology). New technologies geared towards mobile phone networking such as General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) (46%) and Bluetooth (32%) were also becoming more popular. (Table 12.3)
- 2.76 Relating to wireless and mobile services acquired from service providers, the most commonly used services were wireless web surfing (64% of the establishments having used wireless and mobile services had used this service), followed by wireless email (61%) and Short Message Service (SMS) (51%). (Table 12.4)
- 2.77 Many establishments had adapted their wireless and mobile devices and services into their business applications. The most common areas of application were office automation (as cited 61% of those establishments which had used wireless and mobile applications), message broadcast and alert (47%) and access/security control using contactless smart card (15%). (Table 12.5)
- 2.78 Among establishments not using mobile and wireless services and technology, the most commonly cited reasons was "no business benefit" (cited by 59% of those establishments), followed by "not popular in the industry" (37%) and "lack of personnel familiar with wireless and mobile services and technology" (34%). (Table 12.6)

表 1.1A : 按行業類別劃分的在二零零二年至二零零六年間資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和

普及程度主要數據

Table 1.1A: Key statistics on usage and penetration of information technology in the business sector

by industry sector, 2002 to 2006

在所有機構單位中 ,有使用下列資訊科技 的機構單位所佔的百分比

Among all establishments, % of establishments having:

		_	Among an establish	nents, % of establish	ments naving.
		機構單位數目	個人電腦	互聯網	網頁 / 網站
		No. of	Personal	Internet	Web pages/
		establishments	computers	connection	Web sites
按行業類別劃分					
By industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業	2002	20, 402	40.7	21.2	7.0
Manufacturing, electricity and gas	2002	20 402	40.7	31.2	7.0
	2003	17 275	52.7	42.0	13.4
	2004	17 481	63.1	54.1	16.2
	2005	14 624	58.4	46.9	10.4
	2006	14 830	47.3	44.0	10.3
建造業	2002	22 959	44.8	36.4	2.4
Construction	2003	25 147	55.6	37.9	9.1
	2004	22 869	49.5	39.3	7.3
	2005	21 085	55.4	45.0	7.0
	2006	19 093	55.2	48.3	2.3
批發、零售、進出口貿易、					
飲食及酒店業	2002	171 508	58.1	45.9	11.9
Wholesale, retail and import/export	2003	165 855	54.6	49.4	14.4
trades, restaurants and hotels	2004	165 582	59.7	52.5	13.5
	2005	165 420	63.6	58.1	17.5
	2006	154 592	60.6	55.6	19.3
運輸、倉庫及通訊業	2002	36 849	30.6	27.4	7.0
Transport, storage and communications	2003	37 220	31.5	26.5	6.6
	2004	36 310	33.7	23.5	6.6
	2005	34 729	28.9	25.8	5.4
	2006	30 026	33.7	30.2	7.1
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業					
Financing, insurance, real estate	2002	50 784	77.7	66.1	18.6
and business services	2003	48 865	76.6	68.9	14.9
	2004	48 630	82.3	76.9	25.8
	2005	46 649	87.2	81.8	20.7
	2006	43 764	88.1	87.1	22.0
社區、社會及個人服務業	2002	30 781	41.4	33.7	15.7
Community, social and personal services	2003	34 829	50.5	40.7	17.4
	2004	35 257	48.8	37.6	18.4
	2005	31 424	44.2	38.5	16.4
	2006	34 980	57.3	49.6	24.6
⋞ 園 ≐十					
總計 Total	2002	333 283	54.5	44.2	11.8
1041	2003	329 191	54.8	47.5	13.5
	2004	326 128	58.4	50.4	14.8
	2005	313 931	60.5	54.7	15.5
	2006	297 286	60.5	55.9	17.5

表 1.1A : 按行業類別劃分的在二零零二年至二零零六年間資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和

普及程度主要數據(續)

Table 1.1A: Key statistics on usage and penetration of information technology in the business sector

by industry sector, 2002 to 2006 (cont'd)

在所有機構單位中,有使用下列資訊科技 的機構單位所佔的百分比

		Among all establishments, % of establishments having :			
		預訂或購買 Ordered or purchased	獲取 Received	售賣 Sold	遞送 Delivered
			d、服務或資料(透過 ces or information thro		eans
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業	2002	<i>C</i> 1	24.2	1.0	7.4
Manufacturing, electricity and gas	2002 2003	6.1 6.0	34.3 45.6	1.8 1.6	7.4 13.5
, ,	2003	8.7	53.6	1.8	16.4
	2004	11.1	43.5	2.1	10.4
	2005	10.5	40.4	1.7	10.4
建造業					
连坦某 Construction	2002	2.1	38.5	#	2.4
Construction	2003	9.8	38.4	#	9.1
	2004	6.7	44.3	#	7.3
	2005	8.8	45.7	0.1	8.2
	2006	6.4	47.9	0.1	2.5
批發、零售、進出口貿易、	2002	6.1	46.6	1.2	12.1
飲食及酒店業	2003	8.7	53.6	1.2	14.4
Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	2004	11.6	55.3	1.1	14.2
trades, restaurants and noters	2005	18.4	55.7	2.5	17.5
	2006	13.0	53.4	2.0	19.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業	2002	1.8	25.4	0.6	7.0
Transport, storage and communications	2002	4.3	35.1	0.5	6.6
	2004	3.6	31.6	0.4	6.6
	2004	3.5	28.0	0.4	5.4
	2006	4.4	33.6	0.6	7.1
人品 仍然 地名亚安田明罗米	2000			0.0	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業	2002	15.5	67.9	4.3	18.6
Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	2003	19.1	67.9	1.6	15.6
una cusmess ser (100s	2004	22.4	72.9	2.9	26.0
	2005	22.5	75.1	2.0	21.7
	2006	14.3	85.5	2.2	25.0
社區、社會及個人服務業	2002	9.2	35.4	0.1	17.5
Community, social and personal services	2003	7.9	43.4	1.0	17.6
	2004	11.0	42.5	1.1	19.2
	2005	8.1	36.6	0.2	16.4
	2006	12.5	49.9	0.4	24.6
總計	2002	7.1	45.2	1.5	12.1
Total	2002	9.6	51.0	1.1	13.6
	2003	11.7	53.0	1.3	15.3
	2004	15.4	52.3	1.8	15.5
	2006		54.7		
	2000	11.7	34./	1.5	18.0

表 1.1B : 按就業人數類別劃分的在二零零二年至二零零六年間資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和

普及程度主要數據

Table 1.1B: Key statistics on usage and penetration of information technology in the business sector

by employment size, 2002 to 2006

在所有機構單位中 ,有使用下列資訊科技的機構單位所佔的百分比

Among all establishments, % of establishments having:

			Among an establishments, % of establishments having.				
		機構單位數目 No. of stablishments	個人電腦 Personal computers	互聯網 Internet connection	網頁/網站 Web pages/ Web sites		
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size							
大型	2002	6 063	94.6	82.6	61.0		
Large	2003	5 836	94.2	85.1	62.4		
	2004	6 405	97.4	89.7	67.7		
	2005	6 053	97.5	91.5	72.3		
	2006	6 052	99.2	94.7	74.7		
中型	2002	38 300	76.6	66.1	31.6		
Medium	2003	35 125	87.7	78.2	31.7		
	2004	35 060	83.7	76.2	39.2		
	2005	32 583	88.9	83.6	34.6		
	2006	34 659	85.9	80.7	37.0		
小型	2002	288 921	50.7	40.5	8.1		
Small	2003	288 231	50.0	43.0	10.2		
	2004	284 663	54.5	46.4	10.6		
	2005	275 295	56.4	50.5	12.0		
	2006	256 574	56.2	51.7	13.5		
總計	2002	333 283	54.5	44.2	11.8		
Total	2003	329 191	54.8	47.5	13.5		
	2004	326 128	58.4	50.4	14.8		
	2005	313 931	60.5	54.7	15.5		
	2006	297 286	60.5	55.9	17.5		

表 1.1B : 按就業人數類別劃分的在二零零二年至二零零六年間資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和

普及程度主要數據(續)

Table 1.1B: Key statistics on usage and penetration of information technology in the business sector

by employment size, 2002 to 2006 (cont'd)

在所有機構單位中 ,有使用下列資訊科技的機構單位所佔的百分比

Among all establishments, % of establishments having:

預訂或購買 Ordered or	獲取	售賣	遞送
purchased	Received	Sold	Delivered
產品、	服務或資料 (透過電子途徑)	

goods, services or information through electronic means

		•		•	
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size					
大型	2002	28.6	80.7	6.5	61.3
Large	2003	27.9	84.7	8.5	62.6
	2004	32.0	88.1	6.2	67.9
	2005	31.5	90.1	6.4	72.4
	2006	33.4	95.1	7.7	75.0
中型	2002	12.0	67.6	1.9	31.8
Medium	2003	15.4	76.2	2.3	32.7
	2004	23.2	76.7	2.6	40.1
	2005	26.0	79.0	2.8	34.9
	2006	23.1	78.2	1.4	37.5
小型	2002	6.0	41.4	1.3	8.4
Small	2003	8.5	47.2	0.8	10.3
	2004	9.9	49.3	1.0	11.0
	2005	13.7	48.4	1.6	12.2
	2006	9.7	50.6	1.4	14.1
總計	2002	7.1	45.2	1.5	12.1
Total	2003	9.6	51.0	1.1	13.6
	2004	11.7	53.0	1.3	15.3
	2005	15.4	52.3	1.8	15.7
	2006	11.7	54.7	1.5	18.0

表 2.1 : 按有沒有使用個人電腦劃分的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別分布

Table 2.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having used personal computers (PCs) by industry sector/employment size

		有沒有使用個人電腦 Whether having used personal computers (PCs)	(百分比)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	47.3	52.7
建造業 Construction	19 093	55.2	44.8
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	60.6	39.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	33.7	66.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	88.1	11.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	57.3	42.7
總計 Total	297 286	60.5	39.5
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 052	99.2	0.8
中型 Medium	34 659	85.9	14.1
小型 Small	256 574	56.2	43.8
總計 Total	297 286	60.5	39.5

表 2.2 : 按個人電腦種類劃分的工商業所使用的個人電腦數目按行業 / 就業人數

類別分布

Table 2.2 : Distribution of personal computers (PCs) in the business sector by category of PCs by

industry sector/employment size

		個人電腦種類 Category of PCs				
	個人電腦 數目 No. of PCs	桌面電腦 Desktop computer	更攜式電腦 /筆記簿 型電腦 Laptop or notebook computer	個人數碼 助理 Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)	其他 Others	總計 Total
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	78 571	87.6	10.5	1.8	0.0	100.0
建造業 Construction	55 058	87.5	9.9	2.7	0.0	100.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	560 147	82.3	13.7	4.1	#	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	146 629	86.6	10.2	3.1	#	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	475 352	79.1	15.3	5.6	#	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	389 488	83.9	14.5	1.6	#	100.0
總計 Total	1 705 245	82.5	13.8	3.7	#	100.0
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	901 393	81.8	14.1	4.1	#	100.0
中型 Medium	409 127	86.2	11.5	2.2	#	100.0
小型 Small	394 724	80.5	15.2	4.3	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	1 705 245	82.5	13.8	3.7	#	100.0

表 2.3 : 按應用軟件種類劃分的有使用個人電腦並裝置 / 接達應用軟件的機構單位數目

Table 2.3 : Number of establishments with personal computers (PCs) and having installed/access to application software by category of application software

應用軟件種類 (1) Category of application software (1)	有使用個人電腦並裝置 / 接達 該應用軟件的機構單位數目 No. of establishments with PCs and having installed/access to that application software	佔有使用個人電腦的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using PCs
文字處理 Word processing	174 039	96.7
互聯網瀏覽器 Internet browser	170 233	94.6
試算表 Spreadsheet	167 202	92.9
通訊 Communications	165 104	91.8
電腦保安及防毒 Computer security and anti-virus	164 652	91.5
多媒體工具 (影像及聲音) Multi-media tools (video and sound)	118 909	66.1
簡報 Presentation	118 769	66.0
數據庫管理 Database management	102 030	56.7
其他實用程式 Other utility	87 398	48.6
銀行及金融 / 會計 Banking and finance/Accounting	49 993	27.8
用於直接電子報關服務的用戶軟件 End-user software for Direct Electronic Declaration Service	36 741	20.4
採購 / 處理銷售訂單 Purchasing/Sales and order processing	35 098	19.5
電腦輔助設計/電腦輔助製造 Computer-Aided Design/Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAD/CAM)	24 429	13.6
人力資源管理 / 培訓 Human resource management/Training	6 477	3.6
其他 Others	605	0.3
以上種類的任何組合 Any combination of the above categories	179 814	99.9

① 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one category.

表 2.4 : 按特製電腦系統種類劃分的有使用個人電腦並裝置 / 接達特製電腦系統的機構

單位數目

Table 2.4 : Number of establishments with personal computers (PCs) and having installed/access to tailor-made computer systems by category of tailor-made computer system

特製電腦系統種類 ⁽¹⁾ Category of tailor-made computer system ⁽¹⁾	有使用個人電腦並裝置 / 接達以下特製電腦系統 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments with PCs and having installed/access to the following tailor-made computer system	佔有使用個人 電腦的機構單位 數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using PCs
銀行及金融/會計 Banking and finance/Accounting	19 766	11.0
採購 / 處理銷售訂單 Purchasing/Sales and order processing	18 556	10.3
電腦輔助設計/電腦輔助製造 Computer-Aided Design/Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAD/CAM)	6 322	3.5
人力資源管理/培訓 Human resource management/Training	3 877	2.2
其他 Others	1 515	0.8
以上種類的任何組合 Any combinations of the above categories	35 232	19.6

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one category.

表 2.5 : 按預計裝置個人電腦的時間劃分的有此計劃的機構單位數目按行業/就業人數

類別分布

: Distribution of establishments intending to install personal computers (PCs) by expected **Table 2.5** time of installation by industry sector/employment size

		有計劃裝置 個人電腦的	在(b 預計裝 Among esta expected	(百分比)		
	沒有使用個 人電腦的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments not using PCs	機構單位佔 (a)欄機構單 位的百分比 Among establishments in column (a), % intending to install PCs	2006年 In 2006	2007年 In 2007	2007 年後 或沒有 預計時間 After 2007 or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	7 815	3.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
建造業 Construction	8 559	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	60 967	2.4	41.5	41.8	16.7	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	19 897	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	5 187	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	14 927	5.4	58.7	41.3	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	117 352	2.2	42.2	46.6	11.2	100.0
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
中型 Medium	4 904	2.9	13.8	86.2	0.0	100.0
小型 Small	112 399	2.2	43.9	44.3	11.8	100.0
總計 Total	117 352	2.2	42.2	46.6	11.2	100.0

表 2.6A : 按未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按行業類別分布

Table 2.6A: Distribution of establishments not intending to install personal computers (PCs) by reason by industry sector

			有計劃裝置個人 on for not intendi				(百分比)
	未有計劃裝置 個人電腦的 機構單位數目	裝置電腦對 業務沒有裨益	缺乏對應用 個人電腦有 認識的員工	i 購置》 成	電腦的 及保養 本高昂	電腦	懂得發展 應用系統 的員工
行業類別 Industry sector	No. of establishments not intending to install PCs	No business benefit to install PCs	Lack o personne familiar witl using PC	l procuri n maintain		knowle developing	personnel dgeable in computer on systems
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	7 577	73.7	41.2	2	5.1		5.2
建造業 Construction	8 549	75.0	37.	7	3.9		10.2
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	59 479	77.8	35	3	7.8		8.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	19 857	95.5	23.	I	3.7		4.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	5 187	92.4	32.:	5	4.3		11.7
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	14 124	79.7	40.9)	16.2		4.5
總計 Total	114 773	81.3	34.3	3	7.5		7.5
			国人電腦的原因 nding to install Po		l)		(百分比)
√二光末5 □I		高昂 人員的 tly in	I資訊科技 D成本高昂 Costly in	電腦並 不可靠 Consider	的資料 Cor	使用電腦時 科保密事宜 ncern about	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector	procuring developing soft		employing `personnel r	computer not reliable		rity issue in g computer	
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas		2.5	1.0	0.5		0.0	6.3
建造業 Construction		3.5	4.7	0.0		0.0	3.4
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels		5.8	5.1	1.3		0.6	5.5
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications		3.7	3.1	0.0		0.0	0.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services		17.0	3.4	11.7		1.9	3.5
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services		5.8	3.1	0.0		0.0	0.3
總計 Total		5.5	4.1	1.2		0.4	3.7

¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 2.6B : 按未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按就業人數類別分布

Table 2.6B: Distribution of establishments not intending to install personal computers (PCs) by reason by employment size

	_		未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for not intending to install PCs ⁽¹⁾				
就業人數類別 Employment size	未有計劃裝置 個人電腦的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to install PCs	裝置電腦對 業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to install PCs	缺乏對應用 個人電腦有 認識的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with using PC	個人電腦的 購置及保養 成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the PC equipment	缺乏懂得發展 電腦應用系統 的員工 Lack of personnel knowledgeable in developing computer application systems		
大型 Large	50	100.0	7.5	0.0	7.5		
中型 Medium	4 762	87.7	35.3	5.7	18.4		
小型 Small	109 961	81.0	34.3	7.6	7.0		
總計 Total	114 773	81.3	34.3	7.5	7.5		

	未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因 ⁽¹⁾ (續) Reason for not intending to install PCs ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd)				
就業人數類別 Employment size	軟件的購置 及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software	聘用資訊科技 人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel	電腦並 不可靠 Consider computer not reliable	擔心使用電腦時 的資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in using computer	其他 Others
大型 Large	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.5	12.4
中型 Medium	1.6	2.2	0.0	0.0	3.5
小型 Small	5.7	4.2	1.3	0.4	3.7
總計 Total	5.5	4.1	1.2	0.4	3.7

① 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 3.1 : 按有沒有使用互聯網劃分的機構單位數目按行業/就業人數類別分布

Table 3.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having Internet connection by industry sector/employment size

		有沒有使用互聯網 Whether having Internet connection	(百分比)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	44.0	56.0
建造業 Construction	19 093	48.3	51.7
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	55.6	44.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	30.2	69.8
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	87.1	12.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	49.6	50.4
總計 Total	297 286	55.9	44.1
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 052	94.7	5.3
中型 Medium	34 659	80.7	19.3
小型 Small	256 574	51.7	48.3
總計 Total	297 286	55.9	44.1

表 3.2 : 按使用互聯網的用途劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別

分布

Table 3.2 : Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by type of Internet usage by industry sector/employment size

		通常使用互聯網的用途 ⁽¹⁾ Usual usage of Internet ⁽¹⁾				(百分比)
	有連接互聯網 的機構單位 數目 No. of establishments having Internet connection	電子郵件 Electronic- mail	網上 資料搜集 On-line source of information	網上獲取 貨品、服務 或資料 On-line receipt of goods, services or information	使用政府 網上服務 Access to on-line government services	下載軟件 Software downloads
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	6 532	97.1	90.8	86.5	59.1	31.9
建造業 Construction	9 216	89.3	98.2	97.7	60.0	35.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	86 024	97.7	94.0	90.2	61.7	39.5
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	9 061	82.9	97.2	97.0	68.0	26.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	38 110	97.2	97.4	96.7	59.4	36.7
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	17 365	97.3	96.0	93.6	64.1	39.6
總計 Total	166 307	96.2	95.3	92.7	61.6	37.6
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	5 732	96.1	98.2	97.3	78.0	49.4
中型 Medium	27 987	97.0	95.0	94.1	71.5	39.9
小型 Small	132 589	96.1	95.2	92.2	58.8	36.6
總計 Total	166 307	96.2	95.3	92.7	61.6	37.6

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一項用途。

May select more than one type of usage.

表 3.2 : 按使用互聯網的用途劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別分布(續)

Table 3.2 : Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by type of Internet usage by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

		(百分比) (%)		
	網上遞送貨品、 服務或資料 On-line delivery of goods, services or information	電子銀行服務 (例如轉帳) Electronic banking services (e.g. transferring money)	網上向供應商 / 商業伙伴提出查詢 Make on-line enquiry to suppliers/ business partners	網上向顧客/ 購買商/商業伙伴 提供資料/意見 On-line provision of information/ feedback to customers/buyers /business partners
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	19.5	19.4	17.4	13.6
建造業 Construction	4.4	24.5	14.5	8.4
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	27.1	24.4	22.5	17.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	22.0	24.5	15.2	12.4
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	26.2	33.9	24.9	22.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34.0	18.3	15.1	13.8
總計 Total	25.8	25.8	21.2	17.3
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size				
大型 Large	67.9	42.6	36.9	37.4
中型 Medium	38.1	35.4	27.5	20.6
小型 Small	21.3	23.0	19.3	15.8
總計 Total	25.8	25.8	21.2	17.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一項用途。

May select more than one type of usage.

表 3.2 :按使用互聯網的用途劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別

分布(續)

Table 3.2 : Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by type of Internet usage by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

			周的用途 ⁽¹⁾ (續) Internet ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd		(百分比)
	網上購買 / 預訂貨品、 服務或資料 On-line purchase /ordering of goods, services or information	網上付款 On-line payments	金融交易 服務(例如 買賣股票) Financial transaction services (e.g. stock trading)	網上售賣 貨品、服務 或資料 On-line sales of goods, services or information	其他 Others
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector 製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	17.4	11.6	1.5	1.5	#
建造業 Construction	9.0	6.9	3.6	0.1	0.1
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	16.0	12.9	5.2	3.4	0.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10.7	13.6	1.1	1.7	0.5
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	12.5	18.8	10.8	2.5	0.2
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	21.1	16.3	11.3	0.7	0.7
總計 Total	15.1	14.3	6.7	2.5	0.3
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size					
大型 Large	28.3	21.5	5.4	7.1	2.0
中型 Medium	23.2	18.2	5.3	1.4	0.4
小型 Small	12.8	13.1	7.0	2.6	0.2
總計 Total	15.1	14.3	6.7	2.5	0.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一項用途。

May select more than one type of usage.

表 3.3 : 按連接互聯網的方式劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別

分布

Table 3.3 : Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by method of connection by industry sector/employment size

		M	連接互聯網 ethod of Intern		(百分比on ⁽¹⁾ (%		
	有連接互聯網 的機構單位 數目 No. of establishments having Internet connection	寬頻 Broad- band	經 Wi-Fi (無線相容 性認證) 連接 Connection via Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity)	撥號式 調解器 (透過 電話線) Dial-up modem (through telephone line)	專用 線路 Dedicated circuits	經公眾 蜂窩式 電話網絡 連接 Connection via public cellular telephone network	
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector							
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	6 532	89.1	5.9	10.1	4.3	#	
建造業 Construction	9 216	94.5	1.0	5.2	0.7	0.1	
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	86 024	92.9	7.9	6.4	1.9	0.5	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	9 061	98.0	4.2	2.0	5.4	0.1	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	38 110	92.6	8.8	9.2	3.0	1.7	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	17 365	98.2	10.6	1.5	2.6	#	
總計 Total	166 307	93.6	7.7	6.4	2.5	0.7	
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size							
大型 Large	5 732	84.9	20.0	8.5	25.7	1.2	
中型 Medium	27 987	95.2	8.6	2.6	7.0	1.1	
小型 Small	132 589	93.7	7.0	7.1	0.5	0.6	
總計 Total	166 307	93.6	7.7	6.4	2.5	0.7	

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種連接方式。

May select more than one connection method.

表 3.4 : 按預計連接互聯網的時間劃分的有此計劃的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別

分布

Table 3.4 : Distribution of establishments intending to have Internet connection by expected time of connecting Internet by industry sector/employment size

	establishments	有計劃連接 互聯網的 機構單位佔 (a)欄機構單	預計 Among est	b)欄機構單位 連接互聯網的 ablishments in ime of connect	的時間 column (b),	(百分比) (%)
		的機構 位的百分比 單位數目 Among No. of establishments establishments in column (a), not having / intending to Internet have Internet	2006年 In 2006	2007年 In 2007	2007 年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2007 or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 299	0.6	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
建造業 Construction	9 877	3.1	92.5	7.5	0.0	100.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	68 568	2.5	62.0	23.4	14.6	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	20 966	0.2	18.7	0.0	81.3	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	5 654	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	17 615	4.9	54.2	42.5	3.3	100.0
總計 Total	130 979	2.3	61.1	28.3	10.6	100.0
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	321	0.3	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
中型 Medium	6 672	0.9	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
小型 Small	123 986	2.4	62.4	26.8	10.8	100.0
總計 Total	130 979	2.3	61.1	28.3	10.6	100.0

表 3.5A : 按未有計劃連接互聯網的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按行業類別分布

Table 3.5A: Distribution of establishments not intending to have Internet connection by reason by industry sector

		未有計劃連接互聯網的原因 ⁽¹⁾ (Ē Reason for not intending to have Internet connection ⁽¹⁾				(百分比)
	未有計劃連接 互聯網的機構 單位數目	連接互聯網對 業務沒有裨益	缺乏熟悉 互聯網的員工	個人 購置 成	電腦的 及保養 本高昂	軟件的 軟件的 購置及發展 成本高昂
行業類別 Industry sector	No. of establishments not intending to have Internet connection	No business benefit to have Internet connection	Lack of personnel familiar with Internet	procuri maintain PC equ	ing the	Costly in rocuring and developing software
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 246	75.2	27.1		6.1	4.9
建造業 Construction	9 567	69.0	38.0		6.2	3.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	66 862	75.1	33.1		9.1	7.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	20 917	91.7	25.3		4.5	3.4
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	5 654	91.3	17.7		3.9	12.4
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	16 746	77.1	36.9		11.9	5.4
總計 Total	127 991	78.3	31.6		8.1	6.4
	未有計劃連接互聯網的原因 ⁽¹⁾ (續) Reason for not intending to have Internet connection ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd)					
	聘用資訊科技人 員的成本高昂 Costly in	擔心使用互聯網時的資料保密事宜 Concern about	聯網作和	L使用互 从用途 access to	互聯網 並不可靠 Conside	其他
行業類別 Industry sector	employing IT personnel	security issue in using Internet	Internet by ea		Interne not reliable	t
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	2.7	1.3		0.1	1.3	3 4.3
建造業 Construction	1.2	3.1		0.1	0.	1 3.2
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	3.6	0.7	,	1.6	0.7	7 4.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	3.5	#	!	0.2	ŧ	# 0.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	0.0	12.4		0.0	13.0	0 0.2
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	2.6	0.7	,	2.9	0.4	4 0.5
總計 Total	3.0	1.3	•	1.3	1.	1 2.9

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。 May select more than one reason.

表 3.5B : 按未有計劃連接互聯網的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按就業人數類別分布

Table 3.5B: Distribution of establishments not intending to have Internet connection by reason by employment size

			†劃連接互聯網的原 ending to have Inter		(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	未有計劃連接 互聯網的機構 單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to have Internet connection	連接互聯網對 業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to have Internet connection	缺乏熟悉 互聯網的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with Internet	個人電腦的 購置及保養 成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the PC equipment	軟件的 購置及發展 成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software
大型 Large	320	89.0	11.9	0.0	0.0
中型 Medium	6 611	90.7	27.5	5.5	1.1
小型 Small	121 060	77.6	31.9	8.2	6.7
總計 Total	127 991	78.3	31.6	8.1	6.4
			A網的原因 (1) (續) Ye Internet connection	n ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd)	(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	聘用資訊 科技人員的 成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel	擔心使用 互聯網時的 資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in using Internet	使用互聯綱 作私人用道 Fear of acces to Internet b	互聯網 並不可靠 s Consider y Internet r not reliable	其他 Others
大型 Large	0.0	0.0	0	3 0.8	11.1
中型 Medium	2.1	0.9	3.	7 0.5	1.4
小型 Small	3.1	1.4	1.	1 1.1	3.0
總計 Total	3.0	1.3	1	3 1.1	2.9

① 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 3.6 按行業/就業人數類別劃分的在工作中有使用個人電腦及互聯網的僱員人數百分比
Table 3.6 Percentage of employees using personal computers (PCs) and Internet at work by industry sector/employment size

	在工作中有使用 個人電腦的僱員人數百分比 (%) Percentage of employees using PCs at work (%)	在工作中有使用 互聯網的僱員人數百分比 (%) Percentage of employees using Internet at work (%)
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector		
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	44.7	34.4
建造業 Construction	44.8	39.4
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	52.3	41.8
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	54.8	45.8
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	74.8	59.5
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	53.0	47.7
總計 Total	56.4	46.2
按就業人數類別劃分		
By employment size		
大型 Large	58.4	44.0
中型 Medium	57.3	49.1
小型 Small	51.9	47.1
總計 Total	56.4	46.2

表 3.7 : 按有沒有設立選定網絡劃分的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別分布

Table 3.7 : Distribution of establishments by whether having set up selected types of network by industry sector/employment size

	_	設有以下網絡的機 Percentage of establishme following types o	(百分比) (%)	
	機構單位 數目 No. of establishments	局部區域網路 Local Area Network (LAN)	內聯網 Intranet	外聯網 Extranet
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	16.4	7.1	0.9
建造業 Construction	19 093	10.6	2.6	0.5
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	23.2	6.2	1.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	10.9	5.4	2.1
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	30.6	14.1	4.3
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	27.1	11.3	3.3
總計 Total	297 286	22.4	7.7	1.9
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size				
大型 Large	6 052	84.4	60.7	26.8
中型 Medium	34 659	56.5	23.4	7.2
小型 Small	256 574	16.3	4.3	0.6
總計 Total	297 286	22.4	7.7	1.9

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種網絡。

May select more than one type of network.

表 4.1 : 按有沒有擁有數碼證書劃分的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別分布

Table 4.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having digital certificate by industry sector/employment size

	- 機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有沒有擁有數碼證書 Whether having digital certificate 有 Yes	(百分比) (%) 沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	9.0	91.0
建造業 Construction	19 093	3.4	96.6
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	21.6	78.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	8.1	91.9
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	6.3	93.7
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	4.1	95.9
總計 Total	297 286	14.1	85.9
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 052	30.9	69.1
中型 Medium	34 659	28.0	72.0
小型 Small	256 574	11.9	88.1
總計 Total	297 286	14.1	85.9

表 4.2 : 按行業 / 就業人數類別劃分的擁有數碼證書的機構單位數目及所擁有的數碼證書數目

Table 4.2 : Number of establishments having digital certificate and number of digital certificates possessed by industry sector/employment size

	擁有數碼證書的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments having digital certificates	擁有數碼 證書的數目 No. of digital certificates possessed
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector		
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 338	2 304
建造業 Construction	651	917
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	33 364	57 601
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 429	5 955
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	2 772	18 262
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	1 447	3 696
總計 Total	42 001	88 735
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size		
大型 Large	1 868	22 779
中型 Medium	9 702	30 336
小型 Small	30 431	35 619
總計 Total	42 001	88 735

表 4.3 : 按有沒有使用數碼證書劃分的擁有數碼證書的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數

類別分布

Table 4.3 : Distribution of establishments with digital certificate by whether having used digital certificate by industry sector/employment size

	擁有數碼證書的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有沒有使用數碼證書 Whether having used digital certificate	(百分比)
	having digital certificate	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 338	96.1	3.9
建造業 Construction	651	99.4	0.6
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	33 364	92.3	7.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 429	95.2	4.8
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	2 772	88.6	11.4
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	1 447	40.0	60.0
總計 Total	42 001	90.6	9.4
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	1 868	93.5	6.6
中型 Medium	9 702	92.5	7.5
小型 Small	30 431	89.8	10.2
總計 Total	42 001	90.6	9.4

表 4.4 : 按數碼證書用途劃分的有使用數碼證書的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別分布

Table 4.4 : Distribution of establishments having used digital certificate by type of usage by industry sector/employment size

		Тур	使用數碼證書的用途 ⁽¹⁾ ype of usage of digital certificate ⁽¹⁾			(百分比)
	有使用數碼 證書的機構 單位數目 No. of establishments having used digital certificate	對外與政府 及有關機構 進行交易 / 交換資料 Business transaction/ exchange of information with Government and related organisations	對外與其他 貿易伙伴 進行交易 / 交換資料 Business transaction/ exchange of information with other business partners	對外與顧客 進行交易 / 交換資料 Business transaction/ exchange of information with customers	內部 運作 In-house operation	其他 Others
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 286	90.2	15.5	2.6	4.0	0.0
建造業 Construction	647	21.8	71.7	2.2	7.3	0.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	30 783	98.0	9.4	1.0	0.5	0.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 312	90.3	14.6	8.2	3.6	0.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	2 456	60.8	22.7	21.3	8.8	#
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	579	52.4	25.1	14.6	35.7	0.0
總計 Total	38 063	92.8	12.1	3.0	2.0	#
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	1 745	70.1	31.7	18.7	17.5	0.1
中型 Medium	8 976	89.7	21.9	3.7	2.1	#
小型 Small	27 341	95.3	7.6	1.8	0.9	0.0
總計 Total	38 063	92.8	12.1	3.0	2.0	#

① 可選擇多於一種用途。

May select more than one connection method.

表 4.5A : 按未有使用數碼證書的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按行業類別分布

Table 4.5A: Distribution of establishments not having used digital certificate by reason by

industry sector

			i使用數碼證書的 ot having used di			(百分比)
行業類別 Industry sector	未有使用 數碼證書的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having used digital certificate	甚少透過 電子途徑 進行商業交易 Little use of electronic means in business transactions	安裝程序 繁複及 不易使用 Installation procedures cumbersome and not user-friendly	沒有提供 數碼簽署 的需要 No need to provide digital signature	證章 No need to security	使用數碼 譬加強保 定的需要 enhance by using ertificate
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	52	100.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
建造業 Construction	4	100.0	0.0	24.1		24.1
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	2 582	97.9	42.5	0.3		#
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	117	6.5	0.0	92.5		1.9
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	316	46.4	2.6	15.2		26.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	868	94.7	8.1	39.5		6.0
總計 Total	3 939	90.4	29.8	12.9		3.5
	Reason	未有使用數碼證書 for not having used o				(百分比) (%)
行業類別 Industry sector	只有少數政府服 或商業應用會 求使用數碼證 Limited Governmen business applications services requiring us of digital certificat	證書的存在語 對此沒有認 t/ Do not kno s/ the existence of digital certifica	或 的技術 識 保安不足 w Digital of certificate te technology ve not secure	數碼證書 費用昂貴 Digital certificate too costly	申請程序 繁瑣 Application procedures complicated	其他 Others
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	0.	0 0	.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
建造業 Construction	24.	1 0	.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	0.	2 0	.0 0.4	0.2	0.0	1.8
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	43.	8 0	.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	0.	0 0	.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	4.	5 4	.2 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
總計 Total	2.	5 0	.9 0.2	0.1	0.0	2.1

① 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 4.5B : 按未有使用數碼證書的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按就業人數類別分布

Table 4.5B : Distribution of establishments not having used digital certificate by reason by

employment size

			i使用數碼證書的 ot having used d	的原因 ⁽¹⁾ igital certificate		百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	未有使用 數碼證書的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having used digital certificate	甚少透過 電子途徑 進行商業交易 Little use of electronic means in business transactions	安裝程序 繁複及 不易使用 Installation procedures cumbersome and not user-friendly	沒有提供 數碼簽署 的需要 No need to provide digital signature	證書 安 No enhance	by using
大型 Large	122	23.5	0.0	49.9		7.8
中型 Medium	726	85.9	9.6	34.1		6.2
小型 Small	3 090	94.1	35.7	6.4		2.7
總計 Total	3 939	90.4	29.8	12.9		3.5
	Reasor	未有使用數碼證 n for not having used			(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	只有少數政府服務 或商業應用會要 求使用數碼證書 Limited Government business applications services requiring use of digital certificate	證書的存在或 對此沒有認識 / Do not know / the existence of e digital certificate	的技術 保安不足 Digital certificate technology not secure	certificate	申請程序 繁瑣 Application procedures complicated	其他 Others
大型 Large	9.4	4 0.0	0.0	4.8	0.0	35.6
中型 Medium	4.8	3 4.8	3 1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
小型 Small	1.6	5 0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3
總計 Total	2.5	5 0.9	0.2	0.1	0.0	2.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 4.6 : 按預計申請數碼證書的時間劃分的有此計劃的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數

類別分布

Table 4.6 : Distribution of establishments intending to acquire digital certificate by expected time of acquiring by industry sector/employment size

	沒有數碼 證書的機構 單位數目 No. of establishments not having digital certificate	有計劃申請 數碼證書的	預計申 Among esta	· 欄機構單位 請數碼證書 blishments ii ime of acqui certificate	的時間 n column (b),	(百分比)
		機構單位佔 (a)欄機構單 位的百分比 Among establishments in column (a), % intending to acquire digital certificate (b)	2006年 In 2006	2007年 In 2007 (d)	2007 年後 或沒有 預計時間 After 2007 or no expected time	總計 Total (f)
	(a)	(0)	(c)	(u)	(e)	(1)
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	13 492	0.1	7.8	92.2	0.0	100.0
建造業 Construction	18 442	3.1	0.0	50.1	49.9	100.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/ export trades, restaurants and hotels	121 227	1.0	7.5	92.5	0.0	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	27 597	0.2	5.0	5.8	89.3	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	40 992	1.6	8.6	91.4	0.0	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	33 533	1.0	1.1	98.9	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	255 285	1.1	5.5	83.0	11.5	100.0
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	4 185	1.4	92.0	8.0	0.0	100.0
中型 Medium	24 957	0.3	77.4	22.6	0.0	100.0
小型 Small	226 143	1.2	1.6	86.3	12.1	100.0
總計 Total	255 285	1.1	5.5	83.0	11.5	100.0

表 4.7A :按未有計劃申請數碼證書的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按行業類別分布

Table 4.7A: Distribution of establishments not intending to acquire digital certificate by reason by industry sector

			·有計劃申請數碼	證書的原因 (1) equire digital certif	icata (1)	(百分比)
行業類別 Industry sector	未有計劃申請 數碼證書的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to acquire digital certificate	甚少透過 電子途徑 進行商業交易 Little use of electronic means in business transactions	沒有提供 數碼簽署 的需要 No need to provide digital signature	不知道數 證書的存在 對此沒有認 Do not kno the existence digital certifics or do not ha knowledge abou	碼 沒有 或 識 (5 ow No need of securi ate digital	(%) 可使用數碼 證書加強 R安的需要 to enhance ty by using I certificate
製造業、電力及燃氣業	13 480	33.4	53.4).5	14.7
Manufacturing, electricity and gas						
建造業 Construction	17 867	47.2	39.0	25	5.4	10.7
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	120 018	44.1	46.2	25	5.0	18.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	27 553	43.7	48.7	18	3.4	11.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	40 330	62.5	41.6	10).2	29.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	33 198	42.6	50.6	26	5.9	23.7
總計 Total	252 445	46.4	46.2	22	2.0	19.2
	Reason f		數碼證書的原因 () acquire digital c	¹⁾ (續) ertificate ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd)	(百分比)
行業類別 Industry sector	只有少數政府服 或商業應用 要求使用數碼證 Limited Governme business application services requiring to of digital certifica	會繁複及 書不易使用 nt/ Installation ns/ procedures use cumbersome	申請程序 繁瑣 Application procedures complicated	數碼證書 費用昂貴 Digital certificate too costly	數碼證書 的技術 保安不足 Digital certificate technology not secure	其他 Others
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1	1.0 1.4	0.5	1.9	3.6	1.8
建造業 Construction	5	5.8 6.8	3 5.5	0.3	0.7	1.6
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	3	3.7 3.6	5 1.8	2.1	1.1	2.5
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1	1.6 0.9	2.9	0.2	0.7	0.9
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	6	5.7 5.2	2 6.4	0.5	2.5	1.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	2	2.5 4.2	2 1.4	3.7	0.5	0.4
總計 Total	3	3.8	3 2.8	1.7	1.3	1.9

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 4.7B : 按未有計劃申請數碼證書的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按就業人數類別分布

Table 4.7B: Distribution of establishments not intending to acquire digital certificate by reason by employment size

			計劃申請數碼證 intending to acqu		ificate (1)	(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	未有計劃申請 數碼證書的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to acquire digital certificate	甚少透過 電子途徑 進行商業交易 Little use of electronic means in business transactions	沒有提供 數碼簽署 的需要 No need to provide digital signature	不知道 證書的存 對此沒有 Do not l the existen digital certif or do not knowledge ab	在或 認識 保 know N ice of ficate s have us	使用數碼 證書加強 安的需要 No need to enhance ecurity by ing digital certificate
大型 Large	4 127	65.4	44.1		6.8	26.7
中型 Medium	24 881	43.8	53.3		15.1	19.9
小型 Small	223 436	46.4	45.4		23.0	19.0
總計 Total	252 445	46.4	46.2		22.0	19.2
		未有計劃申請數碼 not intending to ac			d)	(百分比) (%)
就業人數類別 Employment size	只有少數政府服 或商業應用 要求使用數碼證 Limited Governmen business application services requiring u of digital certifica	會繁複及 書不易使用 nt/ Installation procedures se cumbersome	申請程序 繁瑣 Application procedures complicated	數碼證書 費用昂貴 Digital certificate too costly	數碼證書 的技術 保安不足 Digital certificate technology not secure	其他 Others
大型 Large	9	5.4	2.2	1.0	0.4	1.0
中型 Medium	4	.0 2.7	2.3	0.8	1.7	0.2
		7 2.0	2.8	1.8	1.3	2.1
小型 Small	3	.7 3.9	2.0	1.0	1.3	

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 5.1 : 按有沒有設立網頁 / 網站劃分的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數類別分布

Table 5.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having Web page/Web site by industry sector/employment size

		有沒有設立網頁/網站 Whether having Web page/Web site	(百分比) (%)
	機構單位數目	 有	沒有
	No. of establishments	Yes	No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	10.3	89.7
建造業 Construction	19 093	2.3	97.7
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	19.3	80.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	7.1	92.9
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	22.0	78.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	24.6	75.4
總計 Total	297 286	17.5	82.5
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 052	74.7	25.3
中型 Medium	34 659	37.0	63.0
小型 Small	256 574	13.5	86.5
總計 Total	297 286	17.5	82.5

表 5.2A : 按網頁 / 網站所提供的商業交易 / 服務種類劃分的有設立網頁 / 網站的機構單位 數目按行業類別分布

Table 5.2A: Distribution of establishments having Web page/Web site by type of business transactions/ services offered by industry sector

			· 易/服務種類 ⁽¹⁾		(百分比)
		Type of business transaction	ctions/services offer	ed ⁽¹⁾	(%)
行業類別 Industry sector	有設立網頁 / 網站的機構 單位數目 No. of establishments having Web page/Web site	提供機構和其產品 及服務的資料(對象 包括顧客及員工) Providing information on the firm and products and services offered (both for use by customers and staff)	collection of feedback	On-line the firm	網上遞送 E品及服務 delivery of l's products nd services
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 523	100.0	28.7		22.7
建造業 Construction	434	100.0	26.8		24.5
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	29 771	100.0	28.0		23.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 117	100.0	19.7		21.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	9 614	100.0	38.9		25.5
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	8 605	100.0	21.3		21.6
總計 Total	52 063	100.0	28.6		23.6
		提供的商業交易/服務種類 usiness transactions/services			(百分比)
行業類別 Industry sector	網上處理商 查詢(例如提 即時報價 On-line handli of business enquiry (e provision of quotatio	供網上訂購機構的產品及服務 ing On-line ordering of the firm's products	On-line On-	網上 售後服務 line after	其他 Others
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas		8.3 17.8	11.4	4.4	0.0
建造業 Construction	1:	3.5 1.6	0.0	1.2	0.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	13	2.4 9.0	4.4	2.4	#
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2:	3.2 22.1	3.1	7.2	0.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	2	4.8 9.2	4.5	4.6	#
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	:	5.6 2.7	0.6	0.5	0.3
總計 Total	1:	3.9 8.7	3.9	2.7	0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一項服務。

May select more than one type of service.

表 5.2B : 按網頁 / 網站所提供的商業交易 / 服務種類劃分的有設立網頁 / 網站的機構單位

數目按就業人數類別分布

Table 5.2B: Distribution of establishments having Web page/Web site by type of business transactions/

services offered by employment size

			的商業交易/服務 ess transactions/ser		(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	有設立網頁 / 網站的機構 單位數目 No. of establishments having Web page/Web site	提供機構和其 及服務的資料(包括顧客及員 Providing inform on the firm and pro and services of (both for u customers and	對象 解 ELT) 顧客 nation ducts collection fered feedbase by cu		網上遞送 產品及服務 n-line delivery of e firm's products and services
大型 Large	4 521		100.0	36.8	31.2
中型 Medium	12 827		100.0	29.2	20.4
小型 Small	34 715		100.0		23.7
總計 Total	52 063		100.0	28.6	23.6
		提供的商業交易/服 usiness transactions/ser		ont'd)	(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	網上處理商業 查詢(例如提供 即時報價) On-line handling of business enquiry (e.g. provision of quotation)	網上訂購機構 的產品及服務 On-line ordering of the firm's products and services	網上付款 On-line payments	網 售後服 On-line af sales servic	務 其他 ter Others
大型 Large	20.0	12.9	3.6	(5.6 0.3
中型 Medium	9.6	4.2	2.1	3	3.4 0.0
小型 Small	14.7	9.9	4.6	1	9 0.1
總計 Total	13.9	8.7	3.9	2	2.7 0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一項服務。

May select more than one type of service.

表 5.3 : 按有沒有網絡伺服器;把網頁/網站連接到機構內的資料庫;把網頁/網站連接 到商業伙伴的電腦系統劃分的有設立網頁/網站機構單位數目按行業/就業人數 類別分布

Table 5.3 : Distribution of establishments having Web page/Web site by whether having Web server; having Web page/Web site connected to related in-firm database; having Web page/Web site connected to business partners' computer system by industry sector/employment size

在(a) 欄機構單位中,設有下列項目的機構單位的百分比 Among establishments in column (a), % of establishments having:

		Among establishments in column (a), % of establishments			
	有設立網頁/ 網站的機構 單位數目 No. of establishments having Web page/ Web site (a)	網絡 伺服器 Web server (b)	把網頁/網站 連接到機構 內的資料庫 Web page/Web site connected to related in- firm database	把網頁/網站連 接到商業伙伴 的電腦系統 Web page/Web site connected to business partners' computer systems	
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 523	41.1	43.3	15.0	
建造業 Construction	434	37.8	24.7	10.4	
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	29 771	28.4	19.5	7.8	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 117	35.3	32.3	14.2	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	9 614	59.0	25.9	11.6	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	8 605	37.2	29.4	2.1	
總計 Total	52 063	36.2	23.5	8.0	
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size					
大型 Large	4 521	67.9	43.7	12.7	
中型 Medium	12 827	53.0	28.6	6.9	
小型 Small	34 715	25.9	19.1	7.8	
總計 Total	52 063	36.2	23.5	8.0	

表 5.4 : 按預計把機構內的資料庫連接到現有網頁/網站的時間劃分的該類機構單位數目

按行業/就業人數類別分布

: Distribution of establishments intending to connect related in-firm database to their **Table 5.4** existing Web pages/Web sites by expected time of connection by industry sector/ employment size

	有設立網 有計劃把機 頁 / 網站但沒 構內的資料庫 有把機構內的 連接到網頁 / 資料庫連接到 網站的機構單網頁 / 網站的 位佔(a) 欄機構 機構單位數目 單位的百分比		在(b)欄機構單位中,預計把機構 內的資料庫連接到現有網頁 / 網站的時間 Among establishments in column (b), expected time of having related in-firm database connected to existing Web page/Web site			(百分比) (%)
	No. of establishments having Web page/Web site but not having related in-firm database connected to existing Web page/Web site	Among establishments in column (a), % intending to have related infirm database connected to existing Web page/Web site	2006年 In 2006	2007年 In 2007	2007 年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2007 or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	863	4.0	30.6	66.1	3.4	100.0
建造業 Construction	327	1.6	0.0	81.3	18.7	100.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	23 979	0.3	19.1	80.9	0.0	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 434	3.9	92.6	7.4	0.0	100.0
金融、保險、地產及 商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	7 128	9.5	2.2	97.8	0.0	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	6 073	1.8	76.7	2.5	20.8	100.0
總計 Total	39 803	2.4	18.2	79.2	2.6	100.0
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	2 546	4.7	18.5	61.7	19.7	100.0
中型 Medium	9 160	1.3	81.8	17.3	0.8	100.0
小型 Small	28 097	2.6	7.7	92.3	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	39 803	2.4	18.2	79.2	2.6	100.0

表 5.5 : 按預計把商業伙伴的電腦系統連接到現有的網頁 / 網站的時間劃分的該類的機構

單位數目按行業/就業人數類別分布

Table 5.5 : Distribution of establishments intending to connect business partners' computer systems to their existing Web pages/Web sites by expected time of connection by industry sector/employment size

	有設立網頁/網站 但沒有把商業伙伴 的電腦系統連接到 網頁/網站的機構 單位數目 No. of	有計劃把商業伙伴 的電腦系統連接到 網頁/網站的機構 單位佔(a)欄機構 單位的百分比	商業伙 現有 Amor column having e site co	伴的電腦 網頁/網 ng establis n (b), exped	hments in eted time of eb page/Web b business	(百分比) (%)
	establishments having Web page/ Web site but not having business partners' computer systems connected to existing Web page/Web site	Among establishments in column (a), % intending to have business partners' computer systems connected to existing Web page/Web site	2006年 In 2006	2007年 In 2007	2007年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2007 or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 295	0.3	0.0	75.0	25.0	100.0
建造業 Construction	389	1.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	27 457	0.5	4.0	96.0	0.0	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 816	1.0	45.5	54.5	0.0	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	8 503	7.7	2.0	98.0	0.0	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	8 425	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
總計 Total	47 885	1.7	3.3	96.6	0.1	100.0
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	3 949	1.3	11.1	88.9	0.0	100.0
中型 Medium	11 945	1.2	9.0	90.3	0.7	100.0
小型 Small	31 991	2.0	1.3	98.7	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	47 885	1.7	3.3	96.6	0.1	100.0

表 5.6 : 按預計設立網頁 / 網站的時間劃分的該類的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業人數

類別分布

Table 5.6 : Distribution of establishments intending to have Web page/Web site by expected time of having Web page/Web site by industry sector/employment size

		有計劃設立 網頁 / 網站	紹 Amo colum]頁/網站的 ng establisl	nments in eted time of	(百分比)
	沒有設立 網頁 / 網站的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having Web page/Web site	的機構單位佔 (a)欄機構單位 的百分比 Among establishments in column (a), % intending to have Web page/Web site	2006年 In 2006	2007年 In 2007	2007 年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2007 or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	13 308	3.8	63.9	27.4	8.7	100.0
建造業 Construction	18 660	4.9	4.0	64.5	31.5	100.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	124 820	7.9	39.8	51.4	8.8	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	27 909	2.7	45.6	45.5	9.0	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	34 150	12.1	59.6	25.0	15.5	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	26 376	3.4	99.5	0.2	0.3	100.0
總計 Total	245 222	6.9	46.8	42.0	11.2	100.0
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	1 531	6.3	46.9	53.1	0.0	100.0
中型 Medium	21 832	13.8	28.2	65.4	6.4	100.0
小型 Small	221 860	6.3	50.8	36.9	12.3	100.0
總計 Total	245 222	6.9	46.8	42.0	11.2	100.0

表 5.7 : 按未有計劃設立網頁 / 網站的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目分布

Table 5.7 : Distribution of establishments not intending to have Web page/Web site by reason

未有計劃設立網頁/網站的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for not intending to have Web page/Web site ⁽¹⁾	因該原因而未有 計劃設立網頁 / 網站 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to have Web page/Web site because of that reason	佔未有計劃設立 網頁 / 網站的機構 單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not intending to have Web page/Web site
擁有網頁 / 網站對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to have a Web page/Web site	178 353	78.2
缺乏熟悉保養 / 發展網頁 / 網站的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with maintaining/ developing a Web page or Web site	70 952	31.1
個人電腦的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the PC equipment	19 276	8.4
軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software	16 716	7.3
聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel	14 437	6.3
擔心擁有網頁 / 網站時的資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in having a Web page or Web site	7 188	3.2
其他 Others	5 282	2.3

① 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 6.1 : 按有沒有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料劃分的機構單位數目按 行業 / 就業人數類別分布

Table 6.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means by industry sector/employment size

		有沒有透過電子途徑預訂或 購買貨品、服務或資料 Whether having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means	(百分比) (%)
	機構單位數目	有	沒有
	No. of establishments	Yes	No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	10.5	89.5
建造業 Construction	19 093	6.4	93.6
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	13.0	87.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	4.4	95.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	14.3	85.7
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	12.5	87.5
總計 Total	297 286	11.7	88.3
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 052	33.4	66.6
中型 Medium	34 659	23.1	76.9
小型 Small	256 574	9.7	90.3
總計 Total	297 286	11.7	88.3

表 6.2 : 按預訂或購買的貨品、服務或資料種類劃分的有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、

服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 6.2 : Number of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means by type of goods, services or information ordered or purchased

預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of goods, services or information ordered or purchased ⁽¹⁾	透過電子途徑預訂或 購買該貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having ordered or purchased that type of goods, services or information through electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means
預訂或補購存貨 Order or purchase for replenishment of inventory	25 131	72.1
預訂、購買旅遊服務 Order or purchase of travel service	5 411	15.5
預訂、購買或申請政府的貨品、服務或資料 Order, purchase of or application for government goods, services or information	4 049	11.6
預訂、購買金融工具(例如股票) Order or purchase of financial instruments (e.g. stock)	2 730	7.8
預訂或購買其他貨品、服務或資料 Order or purchase of other goods, services or information	6 065	17.4

① 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 6.3 : 按電子途徑種類劃分的有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構

單位數目

Table 6.3 : Number of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information

through electronic means by type of electronic means

電子途徑種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of electronic means ⁽¹⁾	有透過該電子途徑預訂或 購買貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through that type of electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑 預訂或購買的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having ordered or purchased through electronic means
互聯網 Internet	24 174	69.4
經個人電腦連接互聯網 Internet via PCs	24 164	69.3
經流動裝置(如支援無線應用協定 的流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接 互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as WAP phones, Personal Digital Assistants)	438	1.3
透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	13 625	39.1
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	504	1.4
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	448	1.3
其他 Others	1	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 6.4 : 按透過電子途徑購買的項目開支佔總購買開支的百分比劃分的有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 6.4 : Number of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means by percentage of value of goods, services or information purchased through electronic means

在二零零五年購買的貨品、服務或資料總值中,透過電子途徑所購買的項目開支佔總購買開支的百分比Percentage of value of goods, services or information purchased through electronic means to the total value of purchase of goods, services or information in 2005	有透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means	百分比 (%)
< 1%	21 348	61.2
1-5%	6 500	18.6
6-10%	4 322	12.4
11-15%	1 676	4.8
> 15%	1 008	2.9
總計 Total	34 854	100.0

表 6.5 : 按經由網上付款佔透過互聯網購買的項目總開支的百分比劃分的有透過互聯網

預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

: Number of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information **Table 6.5** through Internet by percentage of payment through Internet in the value of goods, services or information purchased through Internet

在二零零五年透過互聯網購買的項目總開支中,經由網上付款所佔的百分比Percentage of payment through Internet in the value of goods, services or information purchased through Internet in 2005	有透過互聯網預訂 或購買貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through Internet	百分比 (%)
0%	7 378	30.5
< 1%	6 332	26.2
1-5%	2 220	9.2
6-10%	1 223	5.1
11-15%	1 676	6.9
> 15%	5 346	22.1
總計 Total	24 174	100.0

表 6.6 : 按沒有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的該類機構

單位數目

Table 6.6 : Number of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information

through electronic means by reason

沒有透過電子途徑預訂或購買 貨品、服務或資料的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means ⁽¹⁾	因該原因而沒有透過電子 途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔沒有透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to order or purchase goods,	157 882	60.2
services or information through electronic means 業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	80 313	30.6
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務 或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means	53 455	20.4
所需的貨品、服務或資料沒有在網上銷售 Goods, services or information required not available for sale through electronic means	26 375	10.1
透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable	15 068	5.7
擔心透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料時的資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means	13 873	5.3
電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment	10 719	4.1
軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software	8 754	3.3
聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel	5 797	2.2
其他 Others	2 363	0.9

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 7.1 : 按有沒有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料劃分的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業

人數類別分布

Table 7.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having received goods, services or information through electronic means by industry sector/employment size

		Whether having rece	F途徑獲取貨品、服 vived goods, services of gh electronic means		(百分比)
			有 Yes		沒有 No
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	政府貨品、 服務或資料 Government goods, services or information	其他貨品、 服務或資料 Other types of goods, services or information	總計 Total	
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	28.3	37.7	40.4	59.6
建造業 Construction	19 093	34.0	46.2	47.9	52.1
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲 食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	39.0	48.6	53.4	46.6
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	24.3	31.7	33.6	66.4
金融、保險、地產及商用 服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	56.8	82.4	85.5	14.5
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	37.0	47.1	49.9	50.1
總計 Total	297 286	39.0	51.0	54.7	45.3
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size					
大型 Large	6 052	81.9	92.1	95.1	4.9
中型 Medium	34 659	66.3	70.4	78.2	21.8
小型 Small	256 574	34.3	47.4	50.6	49.4
總計 Total	297 286	39.0	51.0	54.7	45.3

表 7.2 : 按電子途徑種類 / 電子平台種類劃分的有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的

機構單位數目

Table 7.2 : Number of establishments having received government goods, services or information through electronic means by type of electronic means/type of electronic platform

	有透過該電子途徑或電子平台 獲取政府貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having received government goods, services or information through that type of electronic means/ electronic platform	佔有透過電子途徑 獲取政府貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no.of establishments having received government goods, services or information through electronic means
按電子途徑的種類劃分 ⁽¹⁾ By type of electronic means ⁽¹⁾		
互聯網 Internet	111 409	96.0
經個人電腦連接互聯網 Internet via PCs	111 403	96.0
經流動裝置(如支援無線應用協定 的流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接 互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as WAP phones, Personal Digital Assistants)	1 086	0.9
透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	22 245	19.2
設置於政府辦公室的終端機 Terminals at government offices	1 251	1.1
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	376	0.3
其他 Others	0	0.0
按電子平台的種類劃分 ⁽¹⁾ By type of electronic platform ⁽¹⁾		
其他政府網站 Other government websites	99 927	86.1
公共服務電子化計劃 / 生活易 Electronic Service Delivery Scheme (ESD) / ESD Life	45 820	39.5
其他 Others	14 315	12.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 7.3 : 按獲取貨品、服務或資料種類劃分的有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務

或資料的機構單位數目

Table 7.3 : Number of establishments having received government goods, services or information

through electronic means by type of goods, services or information received

獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of government goods, services or information received ⁽¹⁾	有透過電子途徑獲取 該類政府貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having received that type of government goods, services or information through electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑 獲取政府貨品、 服務或資料的機構 單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having received government goods, services or information through electronic means
獲取、瀏覽或尋找其他資料 Receipt of, browsing or searching for other information	106 221	91.5
遞交與貿易有關的文件 (如報關表) Submission of trade-related documents (e.g. trade declarations)	28 574	24.6
提出查詢 Submission of enquiry	26 710	23.0
遞交其他表格或文件 Submission of other forms or documents etc	21 572	18.6
獲取數碼形式的產品及服務 Receipt of products and services in digital form	10 154	8.7
電子付款服務 e-payment services	2 695	2.3
其他 Others	0	0.0

① 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 7.4 : 按沒有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目

Table 7.4 : Number of establishments not having received government goods, services or information through electronic means by reason

沒有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、 服務或資料的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for not having received government goods, services or information through electronic means ⁽¹⁾	因該原因而沒有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having received government goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔沒有透過電子途徑 獲取政府貨品、 服務或資料的機構 單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having received government goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to receive government goods, services or information through electronic means	107 877	59.5
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	51 189	28.2
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務 或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with receiving government goods, services or information through electronic means	46 084	25.4
不清楚何種政府貨品、服務或資料可透過 電子途徑獲取 Do not know what government goods, services or information are available through electronic means	11 278	6.2
電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment	7 006	3.9
不方便用戶使用 Not user-friendly	6 289	3.5
擔心透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料時的 資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in receiving government goods, services or information through electronic means	4 682	2.6
軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software	4 274	2.4
所需的政府貨品、服務或資料沒有以電子途徑遞送 Government goods, services or information required not delivered through electronic means	3 170	1.7
聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel	2 767	1.5
擔心員工代公司處理網上付款事宜 Concern about employees handling online payment for the firm	1 384	0.8
透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider receiving government goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable	1 107	0.6
其他 Others	741	0.4

[「]可選擇多於一個原因。 May select more than one reason.

表 7.5 : 按獲取貨品、服務或資料種類劃分的有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料

(除政府提供以外)的機構單位數目

Table 7.5 : Number of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from government) through electronic means by type of goods, services or information received

所獲取貨品、服務或資料的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of goods, services or information received ⁽¹⁾	有透過電子途徑獲取 該類貨品、服務或資料 (除政府提供以外) 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having received that type of goods, services or information (other than from government) through electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑獲取 貨品、服務或資料 (除政府提供以外) 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from government) through electronic means
獲取、瀏覽或尋找其他資料 Receipt of, browsing or searching for other information	145 907	96.2
獲取數碼形式的產品及服務 Receipt of products and services in digital form	44 216	29.2
電子銀行服務(例如轉帳) Electronic banking services (e.g. transferring money)	43 020	28.4
查詢財經資料(例如股票價格) Search for financial information (e.g. stock price)	21 547	14.2
電子付款服務 e-payment services	15 859	10.5
其他 Others	37	#

¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 7.6 : 按電子途徑種類劃分的有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料 (除政府

提供以外)的機構單位數目

 $\textbf{Table 7.6} \quad \textbf{:} \quad \textbf{Number of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from a service or information)} \\$

government) through electronic means by type of electronic means

電子途徑種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of electronic means ⁽¹⁾	有透過該電子途徑種類 獲取貨品、服務或資料 (除政府提供以外) 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from government) through that type of electronic means	佔有透過有關電子途徑 獲取貨品、服務或資料 (除政府提供以外) 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from government) through electronic means
互聯網 Internet	145 494	95.9
經個人電腦連接互聯網 Internet via PCs	145 489	95.9
經流動裝置(如支援無線應用協定的 流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as WAP phones, Personal Digital Assistants)	2 054	1.4
透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	25 835	17.0
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	1 114	0.7
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	279	0.2
其他 Others	66	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 7.7 : 按沒有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料(除政府提供以外)的原因劃分

的該類機構單位數目

Table 7.7 : Number of establishments not having received goods, services or information (other than from government) through electronic means by reason

沒有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、	因該原因而沒有透過電子 途徑獲取貨品、服務或 資料(除政府提供以外) 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having received goods, services or information (other than from government)	佔沒有透過電子途徑 獲取貨品、服務或資料 (除政府提供以外)的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having received goods, services or information
服務或資料的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for not having received goods, services or information through electronic means ⁽¹⁾	through electronic means because of that reason	(other than from government) through electronic means
透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料對業務 沒有裨益 No business benefit to receive goods, services or information through electronic means	90 062	61.8
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with receiving goods, services or information through electronic means	41 594	28.6
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	38 479	26.4
電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment	7 619	5.2
透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider receiving goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable	5 074	3.5
所需的貨品、服務或資料不能透過電子途徑送遞 Goods, services or information required cannot be delivered through electronic means	4 742	3.3
聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel	4 708	3.2
軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software	4 524	3.1
擔心透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料時的 資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in receiving goods, services or information through electronic means	4 383	3.0
擔心員工代公司處理網上付款事宜 Concern about employees handling online payment for the firm	1 201	0.8
其他 Others	1 128	0.8

¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 8.1 : 按有沒有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料劃分的機構單位數目按行業/就業

人數類別分布

Table 8.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having sold goods, services or information

through electronic means by industry sector/employment size

		有沒有透過電子途徑售賣 貨品、服務或資料 Whether having sold goods, services or information through electronic means	(百分比) (%)
	機構單位 數目總計 Total no. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	1.7	98.3
建造業 Construction	19 093	0.1	99.9
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	2.0	98.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	0.6	99.4
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	2.2	97.8
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	0.4	99.6
總計 Total	297 286	1.5	98.5
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 052	7.7	92.3
中型 Medium	34 659	1.4	98.6
小型 Small	256 574	1.4	98.6
總計 Total	297 286	1.5	98.5

表 8.2 : 按電子途徑種類劃分的有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 8.2 : Number of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means by type of electronic means

電子途徑種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of electronic means ⁽¹⁾	有透過該電子途徑 種類售賣貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through that type of electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means
互聯網 Internet	4 521	98.9
互聯網(經其他一般網站/網頁) Internet (via Web site/page other than WAP version)	4 020	87.9
互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of Web site/page)	547	12.0
透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	130	2.9
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	110	2.4
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	19	0.4
其他 Others	0	0.0

① 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 8.3 : 按有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目

Table 8.3 : Number of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means by reason

有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、 服務或資料的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for having sold goods, services or information through electronic means ⁽¹⁾	因該原因而有透過 電子途徑售賣 貨品、服務或資料的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔有透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位 數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means
提高業務靈活性/商機 To increase business flexibility/opportunities	4 083	89.3
增強競爭力 To enhance competitiveness	3 987	87.2
改善對顧客的服務 To improve customer services	2 479	54.2
改善效率及流程 To improve efficiency and streamline workflow	2 358	51.6
改善生產力 To improve productivity	1 745	38.2
減低成本 To reduce cost	1 275	27.9
其他 Others	4	0.1

① 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 8.4 : 按電子途徑種類 / 顧客類別劃分在二零零五年透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或

資料所帶來的業務收益

Table 8.4 : Business receipts received through selling goods, services or information through

electronic means by type of electronic means/customer group in 2005

	在二零零五年透過電子途徑售賣 貨品、服務或資料所帶來的 業務收益(百萬港元) Business receipts received through selling goods, services or information through electronic means in 2005 (HK\$Mn.)	百分比 (%)
按電子途徑的種類 By type of electronic means		
互聯網 Internet	8,007	18.2
互聯網(經其他一般網站/網頁) Internet (via Web site/page other than WAP version)	6,898	15.7
互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of Web site/page)	1,109	2.5
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	34,953	79.5
透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	677	1.5
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	302	0.7
其他 Others	0	0.0
總計 Total	43,939	100.0
按顧客類別 By customer group		
商業及其他機構 Business and other establishments	36,901	84.0
消費者 Consumers	6,869	15.6
政府及有關機構 Government and related organisations	169	0.4
總計 Total	43,939	100.0
透過電子途徑所帶來的業務收益佔總業務收益的百分比 Business receipts through electronic means as a % of total business receipts		0.64

表 8.5 : 按透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務或資料所帶來的業務收益中經由網上收款所佔的百分比劃分的有透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 8.5 : Number of establishments having sold goods, services or information through Internet by percentage of payment received through Internet in the receipts of goods, services or information sold through Internet

透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務或資料所帶來 的業務收益中經由網上收款所佔的百分比 Percentage of payment received through Internet in the receipts of goods, services or information sold through Internet	有透過互聯網 售賣貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through Internet	百分比 (%)
0%	1 885	41.7
< 1%	216	4.8
1-5%	1 435	31.7
6-10%	306	6.8
11-15%	22	0.5
> 15%	656	14.5
總計 Total	4 521	100.0

表 8.6 : 按有沒有計劃透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料及預計開始的年份劃分的沒有

透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

 $Table \ 8.6 \quad : \ Number \ of \ establishments \ not \ having \ sold \ goods, \ services \ or \ information \ through$

electronic means by whether intending to do so by expected time of doing so

有沒有計劃透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料 Whether intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means	預計透過電子途徑 售賣的時間 Expected time of selling through electronic means	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	佔有計劃透過電子 途徑售賣貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位 數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means	佔沒有透過電子 途徑售賣貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位 數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having sold goods, services or information through electronic means
有 Yes	2006年 In 2006	3 000	60.3	1.0
	2007年 In 2007	900	18.1	0.3
	2007 年後或 沒有預計時間 After 2007 or no expected time	1 075	21.6	0.4
沒有 No	-	287 738		98.3

表 8.7 : 按未有計劃透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目

Table 8.7 : Number of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means by reason

未有計劃透過電子途徑售賣貨品、 服務或資料的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for not planning to sell goods, services or information through electronic means ⁽¹⁾	因該原因而未有計劃透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目No. of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔未有計劃透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料對業務 沒有裨益 No business benefit to sell goods, services or information through electronic means	154 022	53.5
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	96 598	33.6
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with selling goods, services or information through electronic means	64 169	22.3
有關的貨品、服務或資料不能以電子途徑售賣 Goods, services or information could not be sold through electronic means	45 167	15.7
大部分顧客仍然未有準備使用電子商貿 Most customers not ready to use electronic commerce	18 994	6.6
軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software	11 904	4.1
電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment	11 830	4.1
透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider selling goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable	7 511	2.6
聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel	7 493	2.6
擔心透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料時的 資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in selling goods, services or information through electronic means	6 429	2.2
在發展電腦應用系統方面缺乏資訊科技人才 Lack of IT personnel to develop computer application systems	5 431	1.9
其他 Others	1 320	0.5

① 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 9.1 : 按有沒有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料劃分的機構單位數目按行業 / 就業

人數類別分布

 ${\bf Table~9.1~:~Distribution~of~establishments~by~whether~having~delivered~goods, services~or~information}$

through electronic means by industry sector/employment size

		有沒有透過電子途徑遞送 貨品、服務或資料 Whether having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means	(百分比) (%)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	10.3	89.7
建造業 Construction	19 093	2.5	97.5
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	19.4	80.6
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	7.1	92.9
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	25.0	75.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	24.6	75.4
總計 Total	297 286	18.0	82.0
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 052	75.0	25.0
中型 Medium	34 659	37.5	62.5
小型 Small	256 574	14.1	85.9
總計 Total	297 286	18.0	82.0

表 9.2 : 按遞送貨品、服務或資料的種類劃分的有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的

機構單位數目

Table 9.2 : Number of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means by type of goods, services or information delivered

遞送貨品、服務或資料的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of goods, services or information delivered ⁽¹⁾	有透過電子途徑遞送 該類貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having delivered that type of goods, services or information through electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑遞送 貨品、服務或資料的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means
在網站提供機構 / 產品資料 Provision of information on the firm/product on the Web site	52 082	97.1
遞送其他資料 Delivery of other information	11 101	20.7
遞送數碼形式的產品及服務 Delivery of products and services in digital form	2 946	5.5
電子付款服務 e-payment services	784	1.5
遞送金融資料(例如股票價格) Delivery of financial information (e.g. stock price)	497	0.9
其他 Others	14	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 9.3 : 按電子途徑種類劃分的有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 9.3 : Number of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means by type of electronic means

電子途徑種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of electronic means ⁽¹⁾	有透過該電子途徑 種類遞送貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through that type of electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑 遞送貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means
互聯網 Internet	52 153	97.3
互聯網(經其他一般網站/網頁) Internet (via Web site/page other than WAP version)	52 063	97.1
互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of Web site/page)	464	0.9
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	1 365	2.5
透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	983	1.8
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	289	0.5
其他 Others	2	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 9.4 : 按有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目

Table 9.4 : Number of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through

electronic means by reason

有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、 服務或資料的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means ⁽¹⁾	因該原因而有透過電子 途徑遞送貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔有透過電子途徑遞送 貨品、服務或資料的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means
提高業務靈活性/商機 To increase business flexibility/opportunities	37 595	70.1
增強競爭力 To enhance competitiveness	32 372	60.4
改善對顧客的服務 To improve customer services	28 336	52.8
改善效率及流程 To improve efficiency and streamline workflow	13 502	25.2
減低成本 To reduce cost	10 170	19.0
改善生產力 To improve productivity	9 277	17.3
其他 Others	95	0.2

¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 9.5 : 按有沒有計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料及預計開始的年份劃分的沒有

透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 9.5 : Number of establishments not having delivered goods, services or information through

electronic means by whether intending to do so by expected time of doing so

有沒有計劃透過 電子途徑遞送 貨品、服務或資料 Whether intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means	預計透過電子途徑 遞送的時間 Expected time of delivering through electronic means	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	佔有計劃透過電子途徑 遞送貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments intending to deliver through electronic means	佔沒有透過電子 途徑遞送貨品、 服務或資料的機構 單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having delivered through electronic means
有 Yes	2006年 In 2006	7 850	46.0	3.2
	2007年 In 2007	7 314	42.8	3.0
	2007年後或 沒有預計時間 After 2007 or no expected time	1 908	11.2	0.8
沒有 No	-	226 596		93.0

表 9.6 : 按未有計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目

Table 9.6 : Number of establishments not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means by reason

未有計劃透過電子途徑遞送 貨品、服務或資料的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means ⁽¹⁾	因該原因而未有計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔未有計劃透過電子途徑 遞送貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料對 業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means	135 617	59.8
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	67 415	29.8
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with delivering goods, services or information through electronic means	56 781	25.1
有關的貨品、服務或資料不能以電子途徑遞送 Goods, services or information could not be delivered through electronic means	26 133	11.5
電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment	9 005	4.0
軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software	7 997	3.5
聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel	7 416	3.3
透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider delivering goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable	5 574	2.5
擔心透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料時 的資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in delivering goods, services or information through electronic means	4 644	2.0
在發展電腦應用系統方面缺乏資訊科技人才 Lack of IT personnel to develop computer application systems	2 218	1.0
其他 Others	2 516	1.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 10.1A : 按資訊科技開支項目種類及有沒有為其訂下二零零六年財政預算劃分的機構單位

數目

Table 10.1A: Number of establishments by whether having budget for information technology (IT) for

year 2006 by area of IT expenditure

有沒有為資訊科技項目訂下二零零六年的財政預算 Whether having budget for IT for year 2006

			whichief ha	ving budge	t for 11 for ye	ai 2000		
	有 Yes			Ī	不肯知 Uncerta		總計 Tota	
	機構單位數目	百分比	機構單位數目	百分比	機構單位數目	百分比	機構單位數目	百分比
資訊科技開支項目 Area of IT expenditure	No. of establishments	(%)	No. of establishments	(%)	No. of establishments	(%)	No. of establishments	(%)
為從事有關資訊科技研究及 發展的活動 For performing research and development activities related to IT	7 048	2.4	275 972	92.8	14 266	4.8	297 286	100.0
為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and software	26 608	9.0	251 832	84.7	18 845	6.3	297 286	100.0
為增聘資訊科技員工 For employing additional IT personnel	7 997	2.7	273 362	92.0	15 927	5.4	297 286	100.0
為採用資訊科技應用服務或 將有關服務外判 For using IT application services or by outsourcing	9 025	3.0	270 990	91.2	17 271	5.8	297 286	100.0
為資訊科技培訓 For IT training	9 464	3.2	270 362	90.9	17 460	5.9	297 286	100.0
為資訊科技保安用途 For IT security purposes	14 053	4.7	263 827	88.7	19 406	6.5	297 286	100.0
為設立 / 接達數據通訊網絡 (例如寬頻) For setting up/access to data communication network (e.g. broad-band)	21 674	7.3	258 999	87.1	16 612	5.6	297 286	100.0
為無線及流動服務和技術 For wireless and mobile services and technology	9 611	3.2	267 755	90.1	19 920	6.7	297 286	100.0

表 10.1B : 按資訊科技開支項目種類及有沒有為其訂下二零零七年財政預算劃分的機構單位

數目

Table 10.1B: Number of establishments by whether having budget for information technology (IT) for

year 2007 by area of IT expenditure

有沒有為資訊科技項目訂下二零零七年的財政預算

Whether having budget for IT for year 2007

	Whether having budget for IT for year 2007							
	有 Yes		沒有 No		不肯知 Uncerta		總計 Total	
資訊科技開支項目 Area of IT expenditure	機構單位 數目 No. of establish- ments	百分比 (%)						
為從事有關資訊科技研究及 發展的活動 For performing research and development activities related to IT	5 419	1.8	257 840	86.7	34 027	11.4	297 286	100.0
為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and software	12 397	4.2	248 106	83.5	36 782	12.4	297 286	100.0
為增聘資訊科技員工 For employing additional IT personnel	3 940	1.3	257 753	86.7	35 593	12.0	297 286	100.0
為採用資訊科技應用服務或 將有關服務外判 For using IT application services or by outsourcing	4 895	1.6	257 152	86.5	35 239	11.9	297 286	100.0
為資訊科技培訓 For IT training	5 523	1.9	257 386	86.6	34 377	11.6	297 286	100.0
為資訊科技保安用途 For IT security purposes	9 546	3.2	252 881	85.1	34 859	11.7	297 286	100.0
為設立/接達數據通訊網絡 (例如寬頻) For setting up/access to data communication network (e.g. broad-band)	13 931	4.7	248 032	83.4	35 323	11.9	297 286	100.0
為無線及流動服務和技術 For wireless and mobile services and technology	4 971	1.7	255 896	86.1	36 420	12.3	297 286	100.0

表 10.2A : 按資訊科技開支項目種類及二零零六年與二零零五年比較的財政預算變動劃分的

有為資訊科技開支項目訂下二零零六年財政預算的機構單位數目分布

Table 10.2A: Distribution of establishments having budget for information technology (IT) expenditure for 2006 by area of IT expenditure by change of budget for year 2006 over that for 2005

	有為該項目訂 下財政預算的 機構單位數目 No. of	二零零六年 財 Change of over	(百分比)		
資訊科技開支項目 Area of IT expenditure	establishments having budget for that area	增加 Increased	不變 Same	減少 Decreased	總計 Total
為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動 For performing research and development activities related to IT	7 048	65.4	31.8	2.9	100.0
為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and software	26 608	77.1	20.2	2.7	100.0
為增聘資訊科技員工 For employing additional IT personnel	7 997	78.7	20.4	0.9	100.0
為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關服務外判 For using IT application services or by outsourcing	9 025	70.7	27.5	1.8	100.0
為資訊科技培訓 For IT training	9 464	47.6	37.7	14.8	100.0
為資訊科技保安用途 For IT security purposes	14 053	66.8	31.9	1.3	100.0
為設立 / 接達數據通訊網絡 (例如寬頻) For setting up/access to data communication network (e.g. broad-band)	21 674	37.2	61.3	1.5	100.0
為無線及流動服務和技術 For wireless and mobile services and technology	9 611	73.0	26.8	0.2	100.0

表 10.2B : 按資訊科技開支項目種類及二零零七年與二零零六年比較的財政預算變動劃分的

有為資訊科技開支項目訂下二零零七年財政預算的機構單位數目分布

Table 10.2B: Distribution of establishments having budget for information technology (IT) expenditure

for 2007 by area of IT expenditure by change of budget for year 2007 over that for 2006

	有為該項目訂 下財政預算的 機構單位數目 No. of	二零零七年與二零零六年比較的 財政預算變動 Change of budget for year 2007 over that for 2006			(百分比) (%)	
資訊科技開支項目 Area of IT expenditure	establishments having budget for that area	增加 Increased	不變 Same	減少 Decreased	總計 Total	
為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動 For performing research and development activities related to IT	5 419	75.7	22.0	2.3	100.0	
為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and software	12 397	78.5	18.3	3.2	100.0	
為增聘資訊科技員工 For employing additional IT personnel	3 940	71.4	27.3	1.3	100.0	
為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關 服務外判 For using IT application services or by outsourcing	4 895	67.4	30.7	1.9	100.0	
為資訊科技培訓 For IT training	5 523	55.9	43.0	1.1	100.0	
為資訊科技保安用途 For IT security purposes	9 546	69.4	28.9	1.7	100.0	
為設立/接達數據通訊網絡 (例如寬頻) For setting up/access to data communication network (e.g. broad-band)	13 931	40.6	58.4	1.0	100.0	
為無線及流動服務和技術 For wireless and mobile services and technology	4 971	66.6	32.5	0.9	100.0	

表 11.1 : 按機構的電腦有沒有受到入侵/襲擊劃分的有使用個人電腦的機構單位數目按行

業/就業人數類別分布

: Distribution of establishments by whether having suffered from computer attacks by **Table 11.1** industry sector/employment size

	有使用個人電腦 的機構單位數目 -	機構的電腦有沒有 受到入侵/襲擊 Whether having suffered from computer attacks	(百分比) (%)
	No. of establishments having used PCs	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	7 016	17.2	82.8
建造業 Construction	10 534	25.1	74.9
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	93 624	27.4	72.6
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 129	18.9	81.1
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	38 576	26.2	73.8
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	20 054	17.8	82.2
總計 Total	179 933	25.1	74.9
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 002	26.4	73.6
中型 Medium	29 755	29.8	70.2
小型 Small	144 176	24.0	76.0
總計 Total	179 933	25.1	74.9

表 11.2 : 按電腦曾受到入侵/襲擊的種類劃分的該類機構單位數目按行業/就業人數

類別分布

Table 11.2 : Distribution of establishments having suffered from computer attacks by type of computer attacks by industry sector/employment size

	電腦曾受到 入侵/襲擊的 電腦曾受入侵/襲擊的種類 ⁽¹⁾ 機構單位數目 Type of computer attacks ⁽¹⁾				(百分比) (%)	
	No. of establishments having suffered from that type of computer attack	電腦病毒 Virus	黑客 Hacking	阻斷服務 Denial of service	資料被竊 Theft of information	其他 Others
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 209	98.9	4.7	6.7	0.2	0.0
建造業 Construction	2 643	100.0	2.1	12.1	0.0	0.0
批發、零售、進出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/ export trades, restaurants and hotels	25 657	99.1	11.9	10.4	0.1	0.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 910	98.1	0.7	6.0	0.5	0.0
金融、保險、地產及商用 服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	10 093	97.8	26.0	2.0	0.1	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	3 572	95.1	9.7	10.1	0.1	1.2
總計 Total	45 084	98.5	13.7	8.3	0.1	0.1
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	1 583	92.2	18.6	12.4	0.5	0.0
中型 Medium	8 875	97.7	9.4	4.1	0.2	0.5
小型 Small	34 626	99.0	14.5	9.2	0.1	0.0
總計 Total	45 084	98.5	13.7	8.3	0.1	0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。 May select more than one type.

表 11.3 : 按機構的電腦受入侵/襲擊次數劃分的該類機構單位數目按受入侵/襲擊

種類分布

Table 11.3 : Distribution of establishments having suffered from computer attacks by number of

computer attacks by type of computer attacks

	電腦曾受到該種 入侵/襲擊的 機構單位數目	電腦受入侵/襲擊的次數 Number of computer attacks					(百分比) (%)
	No. of establishments having suffered from that type of computer attacks	1 - 10	11 - 20	21 - 30	31 - 50	> 50	沒有計算 Unknown
電腦曾受入侵/襲擊的種類 (1)							
Type of computer attacks (1)							
電腦病毒 Virus	44 405	95.6	2.9	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.4
黑客 Hacking	6 156	95.5	2.7	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.7
阻斷服務 Denial of service	3 745	98.0	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.2
資料被竊 Theft of information	55	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
其他 Others	43	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
以上種類的任何組合 Any combination of the above types	45 084	92.9	5.0	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.4

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 11.4A : 按機構在電腦受襲後所採取的行動劃分的該類機構單位數目按行業類別分布

Table 11.4A: Distribution of establishments having suffered from computer attacks by type of action taken after computer attacks by industry sector

	電腦曾受入侵/襲擊的	電腦曾受入侵/ Type of action tak	受入侵/襲擊後所採取的行動 ⁽¹⁾ (百分比 ction taken after computer attacks ⁽¹⁾ (%			
行業類別 Industry sector	機構單位數目 No. of establishments having suffered from computer attacks	修補漏洞 Patched holes	向管理層匯報 Report to senior management	使用更多保安技術 Use more security technologies		
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 209	85.1	50.7	30.8		
建造業 Construction	2 643	84.1	50.1	36.2		
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	25 657	93.9	54.1	51.8		
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 910	96.8	61.6	36.6		
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	10 093	96.8	40.0	32.6		
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	3 572	92.9	65.1	54.1		
總計 Total	45 084	93.7	51.8	45.6		
	電腦曾受 Type of action	(百分比) (%)				
行業類別 Industry sector	沒有 特別行動 No specific action	向警方報案 Report to police	向香港電腦保 事故協調中心匯 Report to Hong Ko Computer Emerger Response Te Coordination Cen	報 其他 ong Others ocy am		
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	9.3	0.1		0.2 0.0		
建造業 Construction	15.1	0.0		0.2 0.2		
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	1.8	0.5		0.4 1.2		
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	0.1	0.7		0.1 0.1		
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	0.9	0.9		0.6 0.2		
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	1.1	3.0		1.6 0.1		
總計 Total	2.5	0.8	•	0.5 0.7		

⑴ 可選擇多於一種行動。

May select more than one type of action.

表 11.4B : 按機構在電腦受襲後所採取的行動劃分的該類機構單位數目按就業人數類別分布

Table 11.4B: Distribution of establishments having suffered from computer attacks by type of action taken after computer attacks by employment size

	電腦曾受 入侵/襲擊的	電腦曾受入侵/襲擊後所採取的行動 (1) Type of action taken after computer attacks (1)				
就業人數類別 Employment size	機構單位數目 No. of establishments having suffered from computer attacks	修補漏洞 Patched holes	向管理層匯報 Report to senior management	使用更多保安技術 Use more security technologies		
大型 Large	1 583	93.3	81.6	64.2		
中型 Medium	8 875	90.4	78.1	59.0		
小型 Small	34 626	94.6	43.7	41.3		
總計 Total	45 084	93.7	51.8	45.6		
		電腦曾受入侵/襲擊後所採取的行動 ⁽¹⁾ (續) Type of action taken after computer attacks ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd)				
就業人數類別 Employment size	沒有 特別行動 No specific action	向警方報案 Report to police	向香港電腦保多 事故協調中心匯報 Report to Hong Kong Computer Emergency Response Tean Coordination Centre	英 其他 g Others y		
大型 Large	0.1	6.1	2.	7 1.7		
中型 Medium	3.2	0.4	0.	1 3.5		
小型 Small	2.4	0.6	0.5	5 0.0		
總計 Total	2.5	0.8	0.5	5 0.7		

① 可選擇多於一種行動。

May select more than one type of action.

表 11.5 : 按機構在電腦受襲後沒有向警方報案的原因劃分的該類機構單位數目按 行業/就業人數類別分布

Table 11.5 : Distribution of establishments not reporting to police after having suffered from computer attacks by reason by industry sector/employment size

	在電腦受襲後 沒有向警方		沒有向警方報案的原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for not reporting to police ⁽¹⁾				(百分比) (%)
	報案的機構 單位數目 No. of establishments not reporting to police after having suffered from computer attacks	不重要, 無需要報案 Trival, no need to report	不知悉 可以報案 Unaware that it could be reported	不認為警方 可以幫助 Don't think police can help	公司沒有 指引 Company has no guideline to report	對公司造成 負面形象 Negative publicity	其他 Others
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector							
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 208	81.9	29.9	36.0	14.1	0.0	0.0
建造業 Construction	2 643	81.9	30.6	11.8	1.7	0.2	0.0
批發、零售、進出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	25 531	69.6	21.0	22.4	3.5	0.1	0.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 896	91.9	20.6	18.7	7.6	0.0	1.9
金融、保險、地產及 商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	10 001	72.7	44.6	7.0	15.1	0.1	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	3 464	72.3	50.9	19.4	14.2	10.5	0.0
總計 Total	44 743	72.5	29.4	18.3	7.3	0.9	0.1
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size							
大型 Large	1 486	82.7	14.6	17.1	12.1	3.0	0.1
中型 Medium	8 835	76.0	19.4	10.2	15.6	0.3	0.4
小型 Small	34 423	71.1	32.6	20.5	4.9	1.0	0.0
總計 Total	44 743	72.5	29.4	18.3	7.3	0.9	0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 11.6 : 按機構在電腦受襲後沒有向香港電腦保安事故協調中心匯報的原因劃分的該類機 構單位數目按行業/就業人數類別分布

Table 11.6 : Distribution of establishments not reporting to HKCERT after having suffered from computer attacks by reason by industry sector/employment size

	在電腦受襲後 沒有向香港	沒有向	可香港電腦保安事故 Reason for not repo	枚協調中心匯報的原因 rting to HKCERT ⁽¹⁾	因 (1)	(百分比) (%)
	電腦保安事故 協調中心匯報的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not reporting to HKCERT after having suffered from computer attacks	不重要, 無需要匯報 Trival, no need to report	不知悉香港 電腦保安事故 協調中心 Unaware of HKCERT	不認為香港電腦 保安事故協調 中心可以幫助 Don't think HKCERT can help	公司沒有 指引 Company has no guideline to report	其他 Others
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 207	66.8	42.8	25.9	23.6	0.0
建造業 Construction	2 636	74.6	21.3	4.8	1.4	0.3
批發、零售、進出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	25 560	50.0	54.5	15.2	4.0	#
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 907	28.6	54.5	14.9	7.7	0.2
金融、保險、地產及 商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	10 035	62.4	47.5	5.4	4.9	0.3
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	3 514	68.1	55.8	13.9	15.6	0.0
總計 Total	44 860	55.2	50.8	12.6	5.7	0.1
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	1 540	76.1	24.0	11.6	14.6	0.8
中型 Medium	8 869	54.0	40.3	10.9	17.5	0.0
小型 Small	34 451	54.6	54.6	13.0	2.2	0.1
總計 Total	44 860	55.2	50.8	12.6	5.7	0.1

[「]可選擇多於一種原因。 May select more than one reason.

表 11.7 : 按機構有沒有採用保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料劃分的有使用個人電腦 的機構單位數目按行業/就業人數類別分布

Table 11.7 : Distribution of establishments having used PCs by whether having adopted security technology to protect their computer systems and information by industry sector/employment size

	有使用 個人電腦的 機構單位數目 No. of	有沒有採用保安技術來 保護機構的電腦系統及資料 Whether having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information	(百分比) (%)
	establishments having used PCs	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	7 016	87.7	12.3
建造業 Construction	10 534	94.6	5.4
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食 及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	93 624	91.6	8.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 129	95.4	4.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	38 576	95.1	4.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	20 054	89.0	11.0
總計 Total	179 933	92.3	7.7
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 002	94.9	5.1
中型 Medium	29 755	96.0	4.0
小型 Small	144 176	91.4	8.6
總計 Total	179 933	92.3	7.7

表 11.8A : 按機構所採用的保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料劃分的該類機構單位數目 按行業類別分布

Table 11.8A: Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer systems and information by type of security technology adopted by industry sector

	有採用保安技術 的機構單位數目	所採用的保安技術 ⁽¹⁾ (译 Type of security technology adopted ⁽¹⁾			
行業類別 Industry sector	No. of establishments having adopted security technology	防毒軟件 Anti-virus software	防火牆 密 石 Firewall	馬/個人辦認密碼 Password/ Personal Identity Number (PIN)	
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	6 153	90.8	62.4	37.8	
建造業 Construction	9 968	88.8	66.5	41.4	
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	85 788	98.3	60.3	46.6	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	9 664	96.4	66.2	45.3	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	36 699	99.5	65.3	49.1	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	17 843	98.7	66.1	54.3	
總計 Total	166 114	97.7	62.8	47.3	
	Type of	所採用的保安技術 (I) security technology ad		(百分比) (%)	
行業類別 Industry sector	數據備份 和復原 Data backup and recovery	保護免受 濫發電郵滋擾 Protection against email spam	檔案加密 File encryption	數碼證書 Digital certificate	
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	40.7	11.8	10.5	4.9	
建造業 Construction	33.7	12.3	13.4	0.8	
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	43.0	16.7	14.6	19.1	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	48.6	21.6	6.5	5.8	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	37.0	18.1	14.0	2.5	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	42.8	12.8	7.1	2.4	
總計 Total	41.3	16.4	13.0	11.2	

⑴ 可選擇多於一種保安技術。

表 11.8A : 按機構所採用的保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料劃分的該類機構單位數目 按行業類別分布(續)

Table 11.8A: Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer systems and information by type of security technology adopted by industry sector (cont'd)

	Type		保安技術 ⁽¹⁾ (續) chnology adopted ⁽¹⁾	(cont'd)	(百分比) (%)	
行業類別 Industry sector	保安修補 程式管理 Security patch management	接達管制 Access Control	入侵 入 Intrusion Detect	貞測系統 (IDS) / 侵防禦系統 (IPS) ion System (IDS)/ ition System (IPS)	實體保安 Physical security	
	10.5	7.3		2.9	6.3	
Manufacturing, electricity and gas						
建造業 Construction	9.5	5.5		0.9	0.9	
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	9.1	7.5		6.1	2.7	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	17.6	11.5		4.1	5.4	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	9.6	11.1		6.9	3.9	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	8.8	9.4		2.8	7.7	
總計 Total	9.7	8.6		5.4	3.7	
	所採用的保安技術 ⁽¹⁾ (續) Type of security technology adopted ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd)					
行業類別 Industry sector	虛擬私人網絡 Virtual Privat Network (VPN	e One-	限用一次 碼/保安權標 time password/ security token	生物測定 Biometrics	其他 Others	
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	5.5	5	1.5	1.2	0.0	
建造業 Construction	1.3	1	6.1	0.1	0.0	
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	2.4	4	1.9	0.1	0.0	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	4.2	2	0.7	0.8	#	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	4.:	5	1.7	1.2	#	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	2.0	0	0.3	4.4	0.2	
總計 Total	3.0	0	1.9	0.9	#	

印選擇多於一種保安技術。

表 11.8B : 按機構所採用的保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料劃分的該類機構單位數目

按就業人數類別分布

Table 11.8B: Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their

 $computer\ systems\ and\ information\ by\ type\ of\ security\ technology\ adopted\ by\ employment$

size

	有採用保安技術 的機構單位數目		保安技術 ⁽¹⁾ echnology adopted ⁽	(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	No. of establishments having adopted security technology	防毒軟件 Anti-virus software	防火牆 密 Firewall	瑪/個人辦認密碼 Password/ Personal Identity Number (PIN)
大型 Large	5 699	98.2	85.8	84.1
中型 Medium	28 572	97.9	71.2	57.2
小型 Small	131 843	97.6	60.0	43.5
總計 Total	166 114	97.7	62.8	47.3
		所採用的保安技術 (1) security technology ado		(百分比) (%)
就業人數類別 Employment size	數據備份 和復原 Data backup and recovery	保護免受 濫發電郵滋擾 Protection against email spam	檔案加密 File encryption	數碼證書 Digital certificate
大型 Large	70.7	41.3	37.5	18.0
中型 Medium	54.8	25.7	23.9	13.1
小型 Small	37.2	13.4	9.6	10.5
總計 Total	41.3	16.4	13.0	11.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種保安技術。

表 11.8B : 按機構所採用的保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料劃分的該類機構單位數目

按就業人數類別分布(續)

Table 11.8B: Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their

computer systems and information by type of security technology adopted by employment

size (cont'd)

	Туре	所採用的 of security tea	保安技術 ⁽¹⁾ (續) chnology adopted ⁽	1) (cont'd)	(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	保安修補 程式管理 Security patch management	接達管制 Access Control	入 Intrusion Detect	偵測系統 (IDS) / 侵防禦系統 (IPS) tion System (IDS)/ ntion System (IPS)	實體保安 Physical security
大型 Large	37.3	49.1		20.7	32.4
中型 Medium	15.3	20.0		7.8	6.8
小型 Small	7.3	4.4		4.2	1.8
總計 Total	9.7	8.6		5.4	3.7
	Туре		保安技術 ⁽¹⁾ (續) chnology adopted ⁽	¹⁾ (cont'd)	(百分比)
就業人數類別 Employment size	虛擬私人網絡 Virtual Privat Network (VPN	e One-1	限用一次 碼/保安權標 time password/ security token	生物測定 Biometrics	其他 Others
大型 Large	30.0	6	7.2	4.2	0.1
中型 Medium	7.:	8	5.4	0.4	0.1
小型 Small	0.	7	0.9	0.9	0.0
總計 Total	3.0	0	1.9	0.9	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種保安技術。

表 11.9 : 按沒有採用任何保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料的原因劃分的該類機構單 位數目按行業/就業人數類別分布

Table 11.9 : Distribution of establishments not having adopted any security technology to protect their computer systems and information by reason by industry sector/employment size

			採用任何保安技 naving adopted an		nology (1)	(百分比) (%)
	沒有採用任何 保安技術的機構 單位數目 No. of establishments not having adopted any security technology	沒有需要/ 不預期有 保安問題 Don't see the need/don't foresee any security problem	缺乏有關 範疇的知識 Lack of expertise in the field	財政限制 Budget constraint	資訊保安的 優先次序較低 Information security is considered a low priority	其他 Others
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	863	76.7	25.1	5.2	4.8	0.0
建造業 Construction	566	77.2	2.6	73.0	0.0	0.0
批發、零售、進出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	7 837	65.4	35.0	4.9	0.0	3.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	466	99.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0
金融、保險、地產及 商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	1 877	39.6	26.4	39.0	32.3	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	2 211	60.8	16.3	22.6	0.0	0.4
總計 Total	13 819	63.5	27.7	15.0	4.7	1.9
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size						
大型 Large	304	91.9	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
中型 Medium	1 183	87.8	9.2	3.6	0.0	0.7
小型 Small	12 333	60.5	30.0	16.5	5.2	2.0
總計 Total	13 819	63.5	27.7	15.0	4.7	1.9

① 可選擇多於一種原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 11.10 : 按機構有沒有實施資訊保安措施劃分的有使用個人電腦的機構單位數目按行業/

就業人數類別分布

Table 11.10: Distribution of establishments having used PC by whether having implemented

information security measures by industry sector/employment size

	有使用個人電腦 的機構單位數目	機構的電腦有沒有實施 資訊保安措施 Whether having implemented information security measures	(百分比) (%)
	No. of establishments having used PCs	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	7 016	41.3	58.7
建造業 Construction	10 534	49.1	50.9
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	93 624	51.0	49.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 129	55.5	44.5
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	38 576	55.0	45.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	20 054	52.0	48.0
總計 Total	179 933	51.7	48.3
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 002	83.4	16.6
中型 Medium	29 755	70.6	29.4
小型 Small	144 176	46.5	53.5
總計 Total	179 933	51.7	48.3

表 11.11A : 按機構所實施的資訊保安措施劃分的該類機構單位數目按行業類別分布

Table 11.11A: Distribution of establishments having implemented information security measures by type of security measures implemented by industry sector

	有實施資訊		施的資訊保安		
	保安措施的	Type of in	formation secur implemented	rity measures	(百分比)
	機構單位數目				(%)
	No. of		装伺服機/	僱用全職 /	
	establishments having implemented		安修補程式 urity patches	貝貝 Employ full-tim	資訊保安 e/part time
行業類別	information security		Cs regularly		onsible for
Industry sector	measures		2 ,		on security
製造業、電力及燃氣業	2 897		68.9		31.1
Manufacturing, electricity and gas					
建造業	5 176		89.1		7.2
Construction					
批發、零售、進出口貿易、	47 731		76.9		20.1
飲食及酒店業					
Wholesale, retail and import/export trades,					
restaurants and hotels					
運輸、倉庫及通訊業	5 618		84.8		12.1
Transport, storage and communications					
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業	21 232		80.4		21.8
Financing, insurance, real estate and business services					
社區、社會及個人服務業	10 425		85.2		19.6
Community, social and personal services	10 423		03.2		17.0
總計	93 080		79.5		19.5
Total	23 000		17.5		17.3
		實施的資訊保安 tion security meas		red ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd)	(百分比) (%)
	制定事故	建立資訊		12個月內曾進行	(70)
	向た 事 成 回應程序	保安政策		風險評估及審核	其他
	Develop	Establish		ormation security	Others
行業類別	incident response	information		essment and audit	
Industry sector	procedures	security policy	within t	he last 12 months	
製造業、電力及燃氣業	17.2	9.3		10.6	4.3
Manufacturing, electricity and gas					
建造業	8.1	5.1		2.2	0.0
Construction					
批發、零售、進出口貿易、	19.9	10.0		7.4	0.1
飲食及酒店業					
Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels					
	15.0	12.0		0.4	0.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業	17.2	12.9		8.4	0.1
Transport, storage and communications	4.0	40.			2.5
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業	13.8	10.6		16.2	0.2
Financing, insurance, real estate and business services					
社區、社會及個人服務業	17.4	14.4		12.3	0.4
に随、肛胃及個人服務素 Community, social and personal services	1/.4	14.4		12.3	0.4
總計	17.3	10.5		9.8	0.3
が起まて Total	17.3	10.3		7.0	0.3
I VIII					

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種資訊保安措施。

May select more than one type of information security measure.

表 11.11B : 按機構所實施的資訊保安措施劃分的該類機構單位數目按就業人數類別分布

Table 11.11B: Distribution of establishments having implemented information security measures by type of security measures implemented by employment size

	有實施資訊 保安措施的 機構單位數目	Type of info	拖的資訊保安 ormation secur implemented (curity measures (百分比)		
就業人數類別 Employment size	No. of establishments having implemented information security measures	個人電腦	裝伺服機/ 安修補程式 urity patches Cs regularly	Employ full-time staff resp	資訊保安	
大型 Large	5 008		81.7		45.7	
中型 Medium	21 006		75.6		33.7	
小型 Small	67 067		80.6		13.2	
總計 Total	93 080		79.5		19.5	
		實施的資訊保安拉 tion security measu		red (1) (cont'd)	(百分比) (%)	
就業人數類別 Employment size	制定事故 回應程序 Develop incident response procedures	建立資訊 保安政策 Establish information security policy	資訊保安 Conduct inf risk asso	12個月內曾進行 風險評估及審核 ormation security essment and audit he last 12 months	其他 Others	
大型 Large	30.9	39.9		32.6	0.1	
中型 Medium	26.4	14.7		13.2	0.5	
小型 Small	13.5	7.0		7.0	0.2	
總計 Total	17.3	10.5		9.8	0.3	

⁽I) 可選擇多於一種資訊保安措施。

May select more than one type of information security measure.

表 11.12 : 按機構在處理保安問題上遇到的限制劃分的有採用保安技術來保護機構的

電腦系統及資料的機構單位分布

Table 11.12: Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information by type of obstacles to addressing security concerns

限制的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of obstacles ⁽¹⁾	機構在處理保安 問題上遇到該種 限制的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having that type of obstacles to addressing security concern	佔有採用保安技術 來保護機構的 電腦系統及資料的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information
財政限制 Budget constraint	55 602	33.5
缺乏有關範疇的知識 Lack of expertise in the field	41 198	24.8
員工缺乏資訊科技保安意識 Lack of employee awareness	35 983	21.7
有關產品的技術複雜 Technical/complexity of products	20 565	12.4
缺乏有關資訊科技保安的策略及指引 Lack of policy and guideline on IT security	17 033	10.3
缺乏管理層支持 Lack of management support	7 594	4.6
其他 Others	184	0.1

⑴ 可選擇多於一種限制。

May select more than one type of obstacle.

表 11.13 : 按機構有沒有爲客戶提供身分認證及/或保密接達服務劃分的有透過電子 途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目按行業/就業人數類別分布

Table 11.13: Distribution of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means by whether having provided authentication and/or secure access for the clients by industry sector/employment size

	有透過電子途徑售賣 貨品、服務或資料的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments having sold goods,	有沒有爲客戶提供身分認證 及/或保密接達服務 Whether having provided authentication and/or secure access for the clients	(百分比)
	services or information through electronic means	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業 ⁽¹⁾ Manufacturing, electricity and gas, and construction ⁽¹⁾	258	95.5	4.5
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	3 015	13.8	86.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	175	98.9	1.1
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	973	96.4	3.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	152	92.1	7.9
總計 Total	4 573	41.8	58.2
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	469	86.8	13.2
中型 Medium	501	82.8	17.2
小型 Small	3 603	30.3	69.7
總計 Total	4 573	41.8	58.2

⁽¹⁾ 由於要爲個別機構單位的資料保密,故此製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業合倂一起分析。

The manufacturing sector, electricity and gas sector, and the construction sector were combined for analysis in order to preserve confidentiality of information relating to individual establishments.

表 11.14A : 按機構爲客戶提供身分認證及/或保密接達服務的方法劃分的該類機構單位數

目按行業類別分布

Table 11.14A: Distribution of establishments having provided authentication and/or secure access for the clients by method of providing authentication and/or secure access for the clients by

有爲客戶提供身分

認證及/或保密接達

爲客戶提供身分認證及/或

保密接達服務的方法(1)

Method of providing authentication

(百分比)

industry sector

	服務的機構單位數目 No. of establishments	and/or se	of providing authentication of providing authentication of the clients	
行業類別 Industry sector	having provided authentication and/o secure access for the clients	I 用戶名稱 r User name	密碼/個人辨認密碼 Password/Personal Identity Number	保密插口層 Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業 ⁽²⁾ Manufacturing, electricity and gas, and construction ⁽²⁾	240	39.0	28.5	61.8
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	416	5 58.7	49.9	56.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	173	88.6	92.2	78.4
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	938	82.9	87.8	27.3
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	140	94.9	88.8	22.7
總計 Total	1 913	3 73.4	72.4	42.4
	Method of		接達服務的方法 ⁽¹⁾ (續) entication and/or ents ⁽¹⁾ (cont'd)	(百分比) (% <u>)</u>
行業類別 Industry sector	<u>C</u>	保密電子交 Secure Electron Transaction (SE	nic Persona	l Others
製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業 ⁽²⁾ Manufacturing, electricity and gas, and construction ⁽²⁾	1.6	13	3.4 2.8	3 0.4
批發、零售、進出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	7.3	21	1.9 3.8	3 0.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	61.4	Ģ	9.9 3.2	2.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	25.2	16	5.0 22.7	7 1.5
打厅, 社会T/用 L 即效类	12.0	6	5.9 2.1	7.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	12.0			

可選擇多於一種方法。

May select more than one method.

由於要爲個別機構單位的資料保密,故此製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業合併一起分析。 The manufacturing sector, electricity and gas sector, and the construction sector were combined for analysis in order to preserve confidentiality of information relating to individual establishments.

表 11.14B : 按機構爲客戶提供身分認證及/或保密接達服務的方法劃分的該類機構

單位數目按就業人數類別分布

 $Table\ 11.14B\ :\ Distribution\ of\ establishments\ having\ provided\ authentication\ and/or\ secure\ access\ for$

the clients by method of providing authentication and/or secure access for the clients by

employment size

	身分認證及/或 保密接達服務的	有爲客戶提供 身分認證及/或 保密接達服務的 機構單位數目 爲客戶提供身分認證及 保密接達服務的方法 Method of providing authentica secure access for the clier		tion and/or (百分比)	
就業人數類別 Employment size	No. of establishment having provider authentication and/o secure access for the client	s d 用戶名稱 or User name	密碼/ 個人辨認密碼 Password/Personal Identity Number	保密插口層 Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)	
大型 Large	40°	7 72.5	82.8	56.0	
中型 Medium	41:	5 88.3	75.5	46.0	
小型 Small	1 09:	2 68.0	67.3	36.0	
總計 Total	1 91:	3 73.4	72.4	42.4	
	Method o	忍證及/或保密接達脈 of providing authenticat access for the clients ⁽¹⁾	ion and/or	(百分比)	
就業人數類別 Employment size	伺服器數碼證書 Server digital certificate	保密電子交易 Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)	個人數碼證書 Personal digital certificate	其他 Others	
大型 Large	27.4	19.0	8.3	2.7	
中型 Medium	23.9	12.0	1.8	2.1	
小型 Small	16.8	16.0	18.6	0.9	
總計 Total	20.6	15.8	12.7	1.6	

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種方法。

May select more than one method.

表 12.1 : 按有沒有應用無線及流動裝置劃分的機構單位數目及其按行業/就業人數類別

分布

Table 12.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having used wireless and mobile devices by industry sector/employment size

	_	有沒有應用無線及流動裝置 Whether having used wireless and mobile devices	(百分比)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
按行業類別劃分 By industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	14 830	6.7	93.3
建造業 Construction	19 093	9.0	91.0
批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import/export trades, restaurants and hotels	154 592	13.9	86.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 026	11.7	88.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	43 764	28.6	71.4
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 980	20.4	79.6
總計 Total	297 286	15.9	84.1
按就業人數類別劃分 By employment size			
大型 Large	6 052	52.6	47.4
中型 Medium	34 659	26.0	74.0
小型 Small	256 574	13.7	86.3
總計 Total	297 286	15.9	84.1

表 12.2 : 按無線及流動裝置種類劃分的有應用無線及流動裝置的機構單位數目

Table 12.2 : Number of establishments having used wireless and mobile devices by category of wireless and mobile devices

無線及流動裝置的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of wireless and mobile devices ⁽¹⁾	有應用該項無線及 流動裝置的機構單位數目 No. of establishments using that kind of wireless and mobile devices	佔有應用無線及流動裝置的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using wireless and mobile devices
無線區域網絡接達點(包括無線熱點) Wireless LAN access point (including hotspot)	30 966	65.4
連接無線數據通訊網絡的流動電話 Mobile phone connected to a wireless data communication network	26 914	56.8
連接無線數據通訊網絡的便攜式電腦/筆記簿 型電腦 Laptop or notebook computer connected to a wireless data communication network	22 451	47.4
連接無線數據通訊網絡的桌面電腦 Desktop computer connected to a wireless data communication network	12 578	26.5
連接無線數據通訊網絡的個人數碼助理 Personal Digital Assistant connected to a wireless data communication network	10 967	23.1
非接觸式智能卡閱讀器 Contactless smart card reader	7 526	15.9
射頻識別技術裝置 Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) device	3 455	7.3
其他 Others	189	0.4
以上種類的任何組合 Any combinations of the above categories	47 380	100.0

① 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one category.

表 12.3 : 按所應用的無線及流動傳送技術種類劃分的有應用無線及流動傳送技術的機構單

位數目

Table 12.3: Number of establishments having used wireless and mobile transmission technology by type of wireless and mobile transmission technology used

無線及流動傳送技術的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of wireless and mobile transmission technology ⁽¹⁾	有應用該項無線及 流動傳送技術的機構單位數目 No. of establishments using that kind of wireless and mobile transmission technology	佔有應用無線及流動傳送技術 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using wireless and mobile transmission technology
無線區域網絡 Wireless LAN	31 329	66.2
通用分組無線電服務 General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)	21 791	46.0
藍芽技術 Bluetooth	15 334	32.4
無線應用協定 Wireless Application Protocol	8 056	17.0
射頻識別技術 Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)	7 708	16.3
第三代無線通訊系統 Third Generation Wireless System (3G)	5 671	12.0
全球演進式數據速率增強技術 Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution (EDGE)	2 445	5.2
流動保安解決方案(例如流動數碼證書) Mobile security solution (e.g. mobile digital certificate)	570	1.2
其他 Others	359	0.8
以上種類的任何組合 Any combinations of the above types	47 326	100.0

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 12.4 : 按所應用的無線及流動服務種類劃分的有應用無線及流動服務的機構單位數目

Table 12.4 : Number of establishments having used wireless and mobile services by type of wireless and mobile services used

無線及流動服務的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of wireless and mobile services ⁽¹⁾	有應用該項無線及 流動服務的機構單位數目 No. of establishments using that kind of wireless and mobile services	佔有應用無線及流動服務的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using wireless and mobile services
無線上網 Wireless web surfing	30 106	63.6
無線電郵 Wireless e-mail	28 651	60.6
短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS)	24 274	51.3
資訊娛樂服務 Infotainment service	6 339	13.4
多媒體短訊服務 Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS)	5 402	11.4
視像通訊 Video call	5 318	11.2
全球定位系統 Global Positioning Service (GPS)	2 177	4.6
基於位置的服務 Location Based Service (LBS)	565	1.2
增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS)	545	1.2
其他 Others	7 638	16.1
以上種類的任何組合 Any combinations of the above types	47 315	100.0

① 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 12.5 : 按所應用的無線及流動應用系統種類劃分的有應用無線及流動應用系統的機構單

位數目

Table 12.5 : Number of establishments having used wireless and mobile applications by type of wireless

and mobile applications used

無線及流動應用系統的種類 ⁽¹⁾ Type of wireless and mobile applications ⁽¹⁾	有應用該項無線及 流動應用系統的機構單位數目 No. of establishments using that kind of wireless and mobile applications	佔有應用無線及流動應用系 統的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using wireless and mobile applications
辦公室自動化(文書處理、試算表等) Office automation (word processing, spreadsheet, etc.)	28 828	60.9
短訊廣播及警報(短訊服務、多媒體短訊服務等) Message broadcast and alert (SMS, MMS, etc.)	22 414	47.3
非接觸式智能卡接達/保安管制 Access/security control using contactless smart card	7 066	14.9
工作管理 Job management	6 093	12.9
外勤考查及文件傳送 Outdoor site survey and documentation	4 533	9.6
存貨控制 Inventory control	3 336	7.0
視訊串流 Video streaming	3 117	6.6
無線應用協定的網站 WAP site	2 842	6.0
與業務伙伴(包括政府)進行交易 Transaction with business partners (including the government)	2 059	4.3
流動金融服務(銀行、買賣股票等) Mobile financial services (banking, stock trading, etc)	1 936	4.1
地理資訊系統 Geographic Information System (GIS)	838	1.8
車隊管理 Fleet management	694	1.5
流動銷售點 Mobile Point-Of-Sales	109	0.2
其他 Others	264	0.6
以上種類的任何組合 Any combinations of the above types	47 346	100.0

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 12.6 : 按未有應用無線及流動服務及技術原因劃分的該類機構單位分布

Table 12.6 : Distribution of establishments not using wireless and mobile services and technology by

reason

未有應用無線及流動服務及技術的原因 (1)	因該原因而未有應用 無線及流動服務及技術 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments	佔所有機構單位 數目百分比
Reason for not using wireless and mobile services and technology (1)	not using wireless and mobile services and technology because of that reason	As a % of total no. of establishments
對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit	176 103	59.2
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	110 496	37.2
缺乏熟悉無線及流動服務及技術的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with wireless and mobile services and technology	99 782	33.6
投資成本高昂 High investment cost	55 736	18.7
運作費用高昂 High operating cost	40 247	13.5
大部分顧客仍未有準備使用無線及流動服務及 技術 Most customers not ready to use wireless and mobile services and technology	33 582	11.3
不清楚市場有何種無線及流動服務及技術 Unfamiliar with the wireless and mobile services and technology available in the market	32 046	10.8
擔心資料保密及可靠性事宜 Concern about security and reliability issues	27 417	9.2
回報率沒有保證 Uncertain Return-On-Investment	27 119	9.1
網絡覆蓋不足 Insufficient network coverage	15 693	5.3
使用不方便 Inconvenient to use	12 751	4.3
無線及流動裝置的功能不足 Inadequate functionality of the wireless and mobile devices	12 373	4.2
市場沒有合適的無線及流動服務及技術 No suitable wireless and mobile services and technology in the market	3 970	1.3
其他 Others	2 645	0.9

① 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

06 IT

邳

香港特別行政區 政府統計處 CENSUS AND STATISTICS DEPARTMENT HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

2006年資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及程度按年統計調查 ANNUAL SURVEY ON INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY USAGE AND PENETRATION IN THE BUSINESS SECTOR FOR 2006

TO:	l		
	ı	或上列地址的使用背	ı
	L	or the occupier of these premises 注意點間	

- 1. 這項統計調查是根據**《普查及統計條例》(美 315 章)第 IIIA 部**進行,並由香港特別行政區政府憲報於 2001年3月2日所刊登第 1271號政府公告上宣行進行。條例規定,本處對個別機構單位的資料必須嚴加保密, 日後只發表整體性而不會顯示個別機構單位的資料。
- 2. 請填妥本問卷及用所附上的限閱文件信封在 2006 年 5 月 18 日 或以前寄回:

香港 北角英皇道 250 號 北角城中心 6 樓 政府統計處 科技統計組

- 3. 除特別註明外,填報的數據應以填報問卷時的情況為依據。E 欄內有關購買和業務收入的全年數據是指所述年份或由該年1月1日至翌年3月31日期間任何連續12個月的資料,視乎貴機構的會計慣例而定。
- 4. 有關本問卷內以**粗斜體** 印出的詞彙的釋義,請參閱「**註釋**」倘未能提供準確數據,請提供最佳的估計。如有查詢或需要協助填報問卷,請與本處陸國華先生聯絡(電話:3579 8510,圖文傳真:2887 5117 或電郵:itsurvey@censtatd.gov.hk)。
- 5. 請在適當空格 '□' 內加 '√'。

Points to Note

- 1. The survey is conducted under Part IIIA of the Census and Statistics Ordinance (Chapter 316), as notified in the General Notice No. 1271 in the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Gazette of 2 March 2001. In accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, the collected information relating to individual establishments will be kept in strict confidence. Only aggregate information, which does not reveal details of individual establishments, will be released.
- 2. Please complete and return this questionnaire on or before **18 May 2006** under the enclosed restricted cover to:

Census and Statistics Department, Science and Technology Statistics Section, 6/F., Fortress Tower, 250 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong.

- 3. Data provided should refer to the position when completing the questionnaire, unless it is specified otherwise. Information on value of purchases and business receipts for a year in Section E refers to that of the specified calendar year or a 12-month period between 1 January of that year and 31 March of the following year, according to the accounting practice of your firm.
- 4. Please refer to the *Explanatory Notes* for the definition of those terms printed in *bold and italic* in this questionnaire. If exact figures are not available, please provide best estimates. For enquiry or assistance in completing this questionnaire, please contact our Mr. LUK Kwok-wah at tel.: 3579 8510, fax: 2887 5117 or e-mail: itsurvey@censtatd.gov.hk.
- 5. Please ' \checkmark ' in the appropriate box ' \square '.

l.	一般資料 GENERAL INFORMATION
A1.	貴機構的業務性質。(請簡述貴機構所生產或提供的主要產品及服務。) Nature of business of your firm. (Please describe the major products and services produced or offered by your firm.)
A2.	在 2006 年 3 月底貴機構的 <i>就業人數</i> 。 Number of <i>persons engaged</i> in your firm as at end March 2006.
II.	個人電腦的應用 PERSONAL COMPUTER USAGE
B1.	貴機構有沒有使用 個人電腦 ? Does your firm use personal computer(s) (PCs)? 1 有 (請跳至 B3) Yes, (Please go to B3) 2 沒有 No
B2.	貴機構有沒有計劃裝置個人電腦? Is your firm planning to install PCs?
B3.	Number of PCs in use by the following categories: (a) 桌面電腦 Desktop computer (b) 便攜式電腦 / 筆記簿型電腦 Laptop or notebook computer (c) 個人數碼助理 Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) (d) 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	總計 Total

B4.		機構的個人電腦有沒有裝置/接達以下類別的 <i>應用軟件</i> : ether your firm's PCs have installed/access to the following categories of <i>app</i>	olication s	oftware:
		,	有 Yes	沒有
	(a)	文字處理	1	No 2
	(b)	Word processing 試算表	1	2
	(c)	Spreadsheet 數據庫管理	1	2
	(d)	Database management 通訊	1	2
	(e)	Communication 簡報	1	2
	(f)	Presentation 電腦保安及防毒	1	2
	()	Computer security and anti-virus	_ '	
	(g)	<i>多媒體工具</i> (影像及聲音) <i>Multi-media tools</i> (video and sound)	1	2
	(h)	其他 實用程式 Other utility	1	2
	(i)	電腦輔助設計/電腦輔助製造 Computer-Aided Design/Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAD/CAM)	1	2
	(j)	用於直接電子報關服務的用戶軟件 End-user software for Direct Electronic Declaration Service	1	2
	(k)	互聯網瀏覽器 Internet browser	1	2
	(l)	銀行及金融 / 會計 Banking and finance/Accounting	1	2
	(m)	採購 / 處理銷售訂單 Purchasing/Sales and order processing	1	2
	(n)	人力資源管理 / 培訓	1	2
	(o)	Human resource management/Training 其他(請註明):	1	2
		Others (please specify):		
B5.		機構的個人電腦有沒有接達以下類別的 <i>特製電腦系統</i> : ether your firm's PCs have access to the following categories of <i>tailor-made</i>	computer	r system:
			有 Yes	沒有 No
	(a)	電腦輔助設計/電腦輔助製造 CAD/CAM	1	2
	(b)	銀行及金融/會計	1	2
	(c)	Banking and finance/Accounting 採購 / 處理銷售訂單	1	2
	(d)	Purchasing/Sales and order processing 人力資源管理/培訓	1	2
	(e)	Human resource management/Training 其他(請註明):	1	2
De		Others (please specify):	•	_
В0.	(請	幾構的僱員有多少百分比在工作中有使用個人電腦? '進位至整數): lat is the proportion of your firm's employees using PCs at work?		, , %
		ease round to whole number):		

III.		網絡的M MPUTER I	用 ETWORK USAG	SE .			
C1.			連接 <i>互聯網</i> ? nave <i>Internet</i> co	onnection?			
	1	有 Yes,	請跳至 C3) Please go to C3	3)			
	2	沒有 No					
C2.			計劃連接互聯 ining to have Int	網? ernet connection?			
	1	有 Yes,	預計在 n <u>l</u>	/	(月份/年份) (mm/yyyy)	(請跳至 C6) (Please go to C6)	
	2	沒有→ No.		選多項,但請圈出 on(s) (may select mo		跳至 C6 。 ease encircle the major one	e) and go to
				互聯網的員工 sonnel familiar with	nternet		
				的購置及保養成本 ocuring and maintain		ent	
				置及發展成本高昂 rocuring and develop			
				科技人員的成本高。 mploying li personne			
				互聯網時的資料保 pout security issue in			
			5 互聯網並 Consider Ir	不可靠 iternet not reliable			
				網對業務沒有裨益 s benefit to have Inte	ernet connection		
				吏用互聯網作私人) ess to Internet by en		al use	
			9 其他(請註 Others (ple				

C3.		《悔通吊使用互聯網作刊種用述?(可選多垻,但請圈出最土要的一垻) at does your firm usually use Internet for? (May select more than one but please encircle the major one)
	1	電子郵件 Electronic-mail (e-mail)
	2	網上資料搜集 On-line source of information
	3	網上購買/預訂貨品、服務或資料 On-line purchase/ordering of goods, services or information
	4	網上獲取貨品、服務或資料 On-line receipt of goods, services or information
	5	網上售賣貨品、服務或資料 On-line sales of goods, services or information
	6	網上遞送貨品、服務或資料 On-line delivery of goods, services or information
	7	網上付款 On-line payments
	8	使用政府網上服務 Access to on-line government services
	9	網上向供應商/商業伙伴提出查詢 Make on-line enquiry to suppliers/business partners
	10	網上向顧客/購買商/商業伙伴提供資料/意見 On-line provision of information/feedback to customers buve s/business partners
	11	下載軟件 Software downloads
	12	電子銀行服務(例如轉帳) Electronic banking services (e.g. transierring money)
	13	金融交易服務(例如買賣股票) Financial transaction services (e.g. stock trading)
	14	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
C4.		機構是如何連接互聯網的?(可選多項) √ is your firm connected to the Internet? (May select more than one)
	1	<i>撥號式調解器</i> (透過電話線) <i>Dial-up Modem</i> (through telephone line)
	2	寬頻 Broadband
	3	專用線路 Dedicated circuits
	4	經公眾蜂窩式電話網絡連接 Connection via the public cellular telephone network
	5	經 Wi-Fi (無線相容性認證) 連接 Connection via Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity)
C5.		。 構的僱員有多少百分比在工作中有使用互聯網?
	Wha	進位至整數): at is the proportion of your firm's employees using Internet at work? <mark> ┌──</mark> % ase round to whole number):

		填入數排	據後即成 ───	限閱文件	RESTRICTED	WHEN ENTER	ED WITH	DATA
			立以下 <i>f</i> up the fo	網絡? llowing networ	ks?			
							有 Yes	沒 1
(i)		區域網絡 Area Na		7. 4.41)			1	· [
(ii)	内聯編		etwork (LAN)			1	
` ,	Intran	et						L
(111)	外 <i>聯綱</i> Extrar	-					1	
虫:	继世日	不恢左	毎⊷目	ᆍᇪᅷᆍᇼᇄ	九 ★女 ≐攻 北悠 見見 Z\$ 山 九九 康佐	TE 対象量で		
Do	es your thorities] 有	firm hav s in Hong → 自犯	ve <i>digita</i> g Kong c		人外核證機關發出的 數), irrespective of whether (年份)		ed by Cert	tification
Do	es your thorities	firm have in Hong	ve <i>digita</i> g Kong c	al certificate(s	;), irrespective of whether		ed by Cert	iification
Do	es your thorities] 有	firm have in Hong → 自彻 since	ve <i>digita</i> g Kong c c c c 安以下類	al certificate(s	(年份) (年份) (year) 機構所擁有數碼證書的	it is/they are issu	ed by Cert	tification
Do	es your thorities] 有	firm have in Hong → 自彻 since	ye <i>digita</i> g Kong c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	al certificate(sor outside? proutside? pl	(年份) (年份) (year) 機構所擁有數碼證書的 es by yoe:	tit is/they are issu 的數量:		tification 數量 Number
Do	es your thorities] 有	firm hang in Hong → 自衍 sinc 請打 Nur	ye <i>digita</i> g Kong c E e 安以下類 mber of c lssued	al certificate(sor outside? I	(年份) (年份) (year) 機構所擁有數碼證書的 es by iyoe: 出 n Authorities in Hong Kon	it is/they are issunts		數量
Do	es your thorities] 有	firm hang in Hong → 自衍 sinc 請打 Nur	ye <i>digita</i> g Kong o ye ye ye ye ye ye ye ye ye ye ye ye ye	al certificate(sor outside? I	(年份) (年份) (year) 機構所擁有數碼證書的 es by lyoe: 出 n Authorities in Hong Ko 你例獲認可的核證機構 rtification Authorities und	it is/they are issunts		數量
Do	es your thorities] 有	firm hang in Hong → 自衍 sinc 請打 Nur	ve <i>digita</i> g Kong c g Kong c white year year year year year year year yea	al certificate(sor outside? In outside? I	(年份) (年份) (year) 機構所擁有數碼證書的 es by you: 出 n Authorities in Hong Kon 條例獲認可的核證機構 rtification Authorities und rdinance 機構 (請註明) ion Authorities in Hong K	ng er the Electronic		數量
Do	es your thorities] 有	firm hang in Hong → 自衍 sinc 請打 Nur	ve digita g Kong c g Kye ye ye digita ye ye ye digita ye ye y	al certificate(sor outside? I	(年份) (year) 機構所擁有數碼證書的 es by yoe: 出 Authorities in Hong Kordinance 機構 (請註明) ion Authorities in Hong K	的數量: ng er the Electronic ong		數量

② 沒有→ 貴機構有沒有計劃申請數碼證書? No. Does your firm plan to acquire digital certificate(s)?

1	有 Vec	\rightarrow	預計在 in	ı		1/	ı			(月份 / 年份)	
ш	Yes,		in		1	/				(mm/yyyy)	(Please go to D1)

2 沒有 (請跳至 **C9**) No (Please go to **C9**)

C8.	在遐 Has	去 12個 your firm	l月內,貴機構曾否使用數碼證書? used digital certificate(s) in the past 12 months?
	1	有 → Yes.	請提供貴機構在哪方面使用數碼證書(可選多項)及跳至 D1 。 Please provide the usage of the digital certificate by your firm (may select more than one) and go to D1 .
			對外與顧客進行交易 / 交換資料 Business transaction/exchange of information with customers
			型 對外與其他貿易伙伴進行交易 / 交換資料 Business transaction/exchange of information with other business partners
			對外與政府及有關機構進行交易 / 交換資料 Business transaction/exchange of information with Government and related organisations
			内部運作 In-house operation
			5 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	2	沒有 No	
C9.	Plea	se give r	構沒有使用/沒有計劃申請數碼潛書的原因。(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) eason(s) for not having used/not having planned to apply for digital certificate(s). nore than one but pleasっ encircle the major one)
	1		過電子途徑進行商業交易 e of electronic means in business transactions
	2		用數碼證書加強保安的需要 I to enhance security by using digital certificate
	3		供數碼簽署的需要 I to provide digital signature
	4		數政府服務或商業應用會要求使用數碼證書 Government/business applications/services requiring use of digital certificate
	5		序繁複及不易使用 on procedures cumbersome and not user-friendly
	6	申請程 Applicat	序繁瑣 ion procedures complicated
	7	Digital c	書的技術保安不足 ertificate technology not secure
	8	Do not k	數碼證書的存在或對此沒有認識 know existence of digital certificate or do not have knowledge about it
	9	Digital c	書費用昂貴 ertificate too costly
	10	其他(請 Others (註明): please specify):

網站的應用

	WEE	SHEU	SAGE					
D1.	聯網 Does	服務供 s your fir	應商等 m have	等)提供的網站 e a Web page (i? or <i>Web site</i> , inclu		y third partie	香港生產力促進局、互 es (e.g. Hong Kong Trade tc)?
	1	有 → Yes,	/4 J - 11	: site address	http://www.			(請跳至 D3) (Please go to D3)
	2	沒有 No						
D2.				副設立網頁或 i to have a Web	網站? b page or Web site	∋ ?		
	1	有 → Yes,	→ 預計 in	├在 ┃ <u> </u>	/	(月份/年份) (mm/yyyy)	(請跳至 E (Please go	
	2	沒有 → No.		se give reason	n(s) (may select m			the major one) and go to
			1		養/發展網頁或 Innel familiar with	網站的員 <u>了</u> mainwining/aevelop	ing a Web p	age or Web site
			2		購置及保養成本 curing and maintai	高昂 ning the PC equipm	ent	
			3		及發展版本高昂 curing and develop	oing software		
			4		技人員的成本高 loying IT personn			
			5		頁或網站時的資 ut security issue ir	料保密事宜 having a Web page	e or Web site	9
			6		網站對業務沒有 benefit to have a \	裨益 Veb page or Web si	te	
			7	其他(請註明 Others (please				
D3.				自己的 <i>網絡伺</i> e your own We				
	1	有 Yes						
	2	沒有 No						

D4.		樣構的網頁或網站有沒有連接到機構內的資料庫? s your firm's Web page or Web site have connection with the related in-firm database?
	1	有 Yes
	2	沒有→ 貴機構有沒有計劃將網頁或網站連接到機構內的資料庫? No. Is your firm planning to connect the firm's Web page or Web site with the related in-firm database?
		2 沒有 No
D5.	Doe	樣構的網頁或網站有沒有連接到商業伙伴的電腦系統作商業交易或交換資料? s your firm's Web page or Web site have connection with business partners' computer systems to duct business transactions or information exchange?
	1	有 Yes
	2	沒有→ 貴機構有沒有計劃將網頁或網站連接到商業伙伴的電腦系統作商業交易或交換 No. 資料?
		Is your firm planning to connect the firm's Web page or Web site with business partners' computer systems to conduct business transactions or information exchange?
		2 沒有 No
D6.	Туре	e(k) 機關國際 人名
	1	提供機構和其產品及服務的資料(對象包括顧客及員工) Providing information on the firm and products and services offered (both for use by customers and staff)
	2	網上訂購機構的產品及服務 On-line ordering of the firm's products and services
	3	網上付款 On-line payments
	4	網上遞送產品及服務 On-line delivery of the firm's products and services
	5	網上售後服務 On-line after sales services
	6	網上收集顧客的意見 On-line collection of feedback from customers
	7	網上處理商業查詢(例如提供報價) On-line handling of business enquiry (e.g. provision of quotation)
	8	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

/ .		☑ 全量分配
1.		子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料 or Purchases of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means
E1.	在過去 1 Has your months?	2個月內,貴機構有沒有透過 電子途徑 預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料? firm ordered or purchased goods, services or information through <i>electronic means</i> in the past 12
	1 有 Yes	
	2 2 No.	頁→ 請提供原因(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項)及跳至 E6 。 Please give reason(s) (may select more than one but please encircle the major one) and go to E6 .
		缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means
		2 業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry
		電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment
		軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software
		9 聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel
		透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable
		透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to order or purchase goods, services or information through electronic means
		所需的貨品、服務或資料沒有在網上銷售 Goods, services or information required not available for sale through electronic means
		其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
E2.	Reason(s	透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的原因是:(可選多項 , 但請圈出最主要的一項) s) for ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means is/are: ect more than one but please encircle the major one)
		日方便 e convenient
		各/成本更低 /er price/cost
		多選擇 e choices
		自時間 s processing time
	5 其化 Othe	也(請註明): ers (please specify):

E3.	更伪	\$情冒透逾電于述徑預訂以賻貝負品、服務以資科的種類是:(可選多垻,但請 動)	
	Туре	e(s) of goods, services or information ordered or purchased through electronic means is/ y select more than one but please encircle the major one)	are:
		預訂或補購存貨	
	2	Order or purchase for replenishment of inventory 預訂、購買或申請政府的貨品、服務或資料	
		Order, purchase of or application for government goods, service or information	
	3	預訂、購買旅遊服務 Order or purchase of travel service	
	4	預訂、購買金融工具(例如股票)	
	5	Order or purchase of financial instruments (e.g. stock) 預訂或購買其他貨品、服務或資料 (請註明)	
	5	Order or purchase of other goods, services or information (please specify)	
E4.	(a)	貴機構在 2005 年 購買的貨品、服務或資料總值 中,透過各類電子途徑購買的 開支的百分比是:	項目佔總購買
		Percentage of value of goods, services or information purchased through electronic	c means to the
		total value of purchase by your firm in 2005 is:	
		1 < 1%	
		2 1-5%	
		3 6-10%	
		4 11-15%	
		> 15% (請註明) (please specify)	
	(b)	在透過電子途徑購買的貨品、股務或資料總值中,各類電子途徑所佔的百分比使用有關電子途徑類別購買,但其所佔的百分比少於一,請以"*"號表示)	比分別是:(若曾
		Percentage breakdowns of value of goods, services or information purchased through	
		means by type of electronic means are: (if the type of electronic means concerned has purchasing but its percentage is <1, please mark an "*")	been used for
		(i) 經個人電腦連接互聯網	, , %
		Internet via PCs (ii) 經流動裝置(如支援無線應用協定的流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接互聯網	
		Internet via mobile devices (such as WAP phones, Personal Digital Assistants)	%
		(iii) <i>專用私人網絡</i> Designated private network	
		(iv) 透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	%
		(v) 其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務)	
		Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	%
		(vi) 其他(請註明):	
		Others (please specify): 總計	%
		Total	1 0 0 %
E5.		構在 2005 年透過互聯網購買的項目總開支中,經由 <i>網上付款</i> 所佔的百分比是 centage of <i>payment through Internet</i> in the total value of purchase through Internet of y	
		005 is:	our min
	1	0 %	
	2	< 1%	
	3	1 - 5 %	
	4	6-10%	
	5	11-15%	
	6	> 15% (請註明)	
		(please specify)	

2.

透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料 Receipt of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

(a) 政府貨品、服務或	龙 資	服務或資	料
--------------	------------	------	---

(u)	Governme		ds, Services or Information
E6.		rm obtaine	,貴機構曾否透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料? ed government goods, services or information through electronic means in the past 12 months?
	1 有 Yes.		過哪種電子途徑?(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) ough what electronic means?(May select more than one but please encircle the major one)
		1	經個人電腦連接互聯網
		2	Internet via PCs 經流動裝置(如支援無線應用協定的流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as WAP phones, Personal Digital Assistants) 透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統
			Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network 專用私人網絡
		4	Designated private network
		5	Terminals at government offices
		6	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
			過哪種電子平台?(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) pugh what electronic platform?(May select more than one but please encircle the major one)
		1	公共服務電子化計劃(www.esd.gov.hk) / 生活易(www.esdlife.com) Electronic Service Delivery Scheme (ESD) / www.esd.gov.hk) /
		2	ESDlife (www.esdlife.com) 其他政府網站
		3	Other government websites 其他(請註明):
			Others (please specify):
	2 沒有 No.	Plea	是供原因(可選多項,但讀圈出最主要的一項)及跳至 E8 。 ise give_reason(s, (may select more than one but please encircle the major one)
		and	go to E8 . 缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的員工
		1	Lack of personnel familiar with receiving government goods, services or information
		2	through electronic means 業內並不普遍
		2	Not popular in the industry 電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂
		3	Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment
		4	軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software
		5	聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂
		6	Costly in employing IT personnel 擔心透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料時的資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in receiving government goods, services or information
		7	through electronic means 透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料並不可靠
		7	Consider receiving government goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable
		8	透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益
			No business benefit to receive government goods, services or information through electronic means
		9	所需的政府貨品、服務或資料沒有以電子途徑遞送 Government goods, services or information required not delivered through electronic
			means
		10	不方便用戶使用 Not user-friendly
		11	不清楚何種政府貨品、服務或資料可透過電子途徑獲取
			Do not know what government goods, services or information are available through electronic means
		12	擔心員工代公司處理網上付款事宜
			Concern about employees handling online payment for the firm 其他(請註明):
		10	Others (please specify):

E7.	Type(s) of governme	医徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的種類是:(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) ent goods, services or information received through electronic means is/are: an one but please encircle the major one)
	1 獲取數碼形式	t的產品及服務
		ducts and services in digital form 战尋找其他資料
	Receipt of, bro	owsing or searching for other information 頁關的文件(如報關表)
	Submission of	trade-related documents (e.g. trade declarations)
	Submission of	other forms or documents etc.
	提出查詢 Submission of	
	電子付款服務 e-payment ser	
	其他(請註明) Others (please):
(b)	其他貨品、服務或	
E8.		
	· 1 有 → 透過	哪種電子途徑?(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項)
	Yes. Thro	ugh what electronic mean₃?(May select more than one but please encircle the major one) 經個人電腦連接互聯網
		Internet via PCs 經流動裝置(如支援無線應用協定的流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接互聯網
	2	Internet via mobile devices (such as WAP phones, Personal Digital Assistants)
	0	專用私人網絡 Designated private net vork
	4	透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>适</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice Reap</u> onse System through telephone network
	5	其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile
		telecommunications network 其他(請註明):
	6	Others (please specify):
		供原因(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項)及跳至 E10 。 se give reason(s) (may select more than one but please encircle the major one) and go to
	1	缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with receiving goods, services or information through
		electronic means 業內並不普遍
	2	Not popular in the industry
		電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment
	4	軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software
	5	聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel
	6	擔心透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料時的資料保密事宜
		Concern about security issue in receiving goods, services or information through electronic means
	7	透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider receiving goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable
	8	透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to receive goods, services or information through electronic means
	9	所需的貨品、服務或資料不能透過電子途徑送遞 Goods, services or information required cannot be delivered through electronic means
	10	擔心員工代公司處理網上付款事宜 Concern about employees handling online payment for the firm
	11	其他(請註明):
	<u> </u>	Others (please specify):

E9.	(可選多項,但語 Type(s) of goods, means is/are: (Ma 1 電子銀行服 Electronic ba 2 查詢財經資 Search for fir 3 獲取數碼形 Receipt of pr	「圈出最主要的一項) services or information y select more than one 務(例如轉帳) nking services (e.g. tra 料(例如股票價格) nancial information (e.g 式的產品及服務 oducts and services in 或尋找其他資料 rowsing or searching fo 務	. stock price) digital form
	其他(請註明 Others (pleas	∄):	
3.		賣貨品、服務或資料 Services or Information	र्थ on through Electronic Means
E10.			過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料? or information through electronic means in the past 12 months?
	有 → 自行 Yes, sine	发	(年份) (year)
	2 沒有→ 貴村 No. Is v	幾構有沒有計劃透過 our firm planning to se	電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料? If your goods, services or information through electronic means?
	1	, 有 → 預計在 Yes, in	(月份/年份) (請跳至 E13) (mm/yyyy) (Please go to E13)
	2	No. Please give	因(可選多項, 但請圈出最主要的一項)及跳至 E13 。 erea.on(s, (may select more than one but please encircle the major
			o to E 3. 点态透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的員工 of personnel familiar with selling goods, services or information
		throug	gh electronic means
			並不普遍 opular in the industry
			設備的購置及保養成本高昂 / in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment
		4 軟件的	的購置及發展成本高昂 / in procuring and developing software
		5 聘用	資訊科技人員的成本高昂 / in employing IT personnel
		6 在發展	展電腦應用系統方面缺乏資訊科技人才 of IT personnel to develop computer application systems
		7 擔心i	透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料時的資料保密事宜 ern about security issue in selling goods, services or information gh electronic means
			電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 der selling goods, services or information through electronic means liable
		No bu	電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 isiness benefit to sell goods, services or information through onic means at this time
			分顧客仍未有準備使用電子商貿 customers not ready to use electronic commerce
		11 有關的	的貨品、服務或資料不能以電子途徑售賣 s, services or information could not be sold through electronic
		12 其他(:請註明):

E11.	Reas	構透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的原因是:(可選多項,但請圈と son(s) for selling your goods, services or information through electronic means is select more than one but please encircle the major one)		更的一項)
	1	增強競爭力 To enhance competitiveness		
	2	改善生產力 To improve productivity		
	3	改善效率及流程 To improve efficiency and streamline workflow		
	4	減低成本 To reduce cost		
	5	改善對顧客的服務 To improve customer services		
	6	提高業務靈活性 / 商機		
	7	To increase business flexibility/opportunities 其他(請註明):		
		Others (please specify):		
E12.	(a)	貴機構在 2005 年透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務及資料所帶來的 業務收入 。 Business receipts of your firm received in 2005 through selling goods, services and information through electronic means.		
	(b)	透過不同電子途徑類別所帶來的業務收入所佔的百分比分別是:(佔問題比。若曾使用有關電子途徑類別售賣,但其所佔的百分比少於一,請以Percentage breakdowns of business receip s by type of electronic means are: (at the total value in question E12(a) . If the type of electronic means concerned hout its percentage is <1, please mark an "*")	人"*"號 <i>表</i> as a perd	₹示) centage to
		(i) 互聯網(經無線應用協定版本編站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of Web site/page)		, , %
		(ii) 互聯網(經其他一般網站/網頁) Internet (via Web site/page other than WAP version)		%
		(iii) 專用私人網絡 Designated private network		, , %
		(iv) 透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統 Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network		
		(v) 其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) throu mobile telecommunications network	gh	%
		(vi) 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):		
			總計 Total	100%
	(c)	不同顧客類別所帶來的業務收入所佔的百分比是:(佔 E12(a) 的總值的 Breakdowns of business receipts by customer group are: (as a percentage to the		
		(i) 消費者 Consumers		%
		(ii) 政府及有關機構 Government and related organisations		%
		(iii) 商業及其他機構 Business and other establishments		
			總計 Total	100%

RESTRICTED WHEN ENTERED WITH DATA 填入數據後即成 限閱文件 透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務及資料所帶來的業務收入中,經由*網上收款*所佔的百分比是: Percentage of payment received through Internet in the receipts of goods, services or information sold through Internet is: 0 % 2 < 1% 1-5% 4 6-10% 5 11-15% > 15% (請註明) (please specify) E13. 貴機構在 2005年的業務總收入。 港元\$ Total business receipts of your firm in 2005. HK\$ E14. 與 2004 年比較,貴機構在 2005 年的業務總收入的變動百分率為: (請圈出適當的 +/- 符號) Percentage change of total business receipts of your firm in 2005 compared with 2004 is: (Please encircle +/- sign as appropriate) 透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料 Delivery of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means E15. 在過去 12 個月內,貴機構有沒有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料? Has your firm delivered your goods, services or information through electronic means in the past 12 months? (年份) 有 自從 1 Yes. since (year) 貴機構有沒有計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料? 2 No. Is your firm planning to deliver your goods, services or information through electronic means? 有 → 預計在 (月份/年份) (請跳至 F1) Yes, (Please go to **F1**) in (mm/yyyy) 請提供原因(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項)及跳至 F1。 No. Please give reason(s) (may select more than one but please encircle the major one) and go to F1. 缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with delivering goods, services or information through electronic means 業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry 電腦設備的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining the computer equipment 軟件的購置及發展成本高昂 Costly in procuring and developing software 聘用資訊科技人員的成本高昂 5 Costly in employing IT personnel 在發展電腦應用系統方面缺乏資訊科技人才 6 Lack of IT personnel to develop computer application systems 擔心透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料時的資料保密事宜 Concern about security issue in delivering goods, services or information through electronic means 透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider delivering goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable 透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to deliver goods, services or information through

填入數據後即成 限閱文件 RESTRICTED WHEN ENTERED WITH DATA

有關的貨品、服務或資料不能以電子途徑遞送

Goods, services or information could not be delivered through electronic

electronic means at this time

means

其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

E16.	Reas	構透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的原因是:(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) son(s) for delivering your goods, services or information through electronic means is/are: select more than one but please encircle the major one)
	1	增強競爭力 To enhance competitiveness
	2	改善生產力 To improve productivity
	3	改善效率及流程 To improve efficiency and streamline workflow
	4	減低成本 To reduce cost
	5	改善對顧客的服務 To improve customer services
	6	提高業務靈活性 / 商機 To increase business flexibility/opportunities
	7	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
E17.	Type	構透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的種類是:(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) (s) of goods, services or information delivered through electronic means is/are: select more than one but please encircl⊛ the major one)
	1	遞送數碼形式的產品及服務 Delivery of products and services in digital form
	2	在網站提供機構/產品資料 Provision of information on the firm/product on the Web site
	3	遞送金融資料(例如股票價格) Delivery of financial information. (e.g. stock price)
	4	遞送其他資料 Delivery of other information
	5	電子付款服務 e-payment services
	6	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
E18.	The	構透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的媒介是:(可選多項) media for delivering your goods, services or information through electronic means is/are: select more than one)
	1	互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of Web site/page)
	2	互聯網(經其他一般網站/網頁) Internet (via Web site/page other than WAP version)
	3	專用私人網絡 Designated private network
	4	透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network
	5	其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network
	6	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

VI.		訊科技項目的財政預算 DGET FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY					
F1.		機構有沒有為下列項目訂下 2006 年的財政予 es your firm have a budget for year 2006 for the		urposes?	有 Yes	沒有 No	不肯定 Uncertain
	(a)	為從事有關資訊科技 <i>研究及發展</i> 的活動 For performing research and development activ	vities relate	ed to IT	1	2	3
	(b)	為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and softw	are		1	2	3
	(c)	為增聘資訊科技員工 For employing additional IT personnel			1	2	3
	(d)	為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關服務外等 For using IT application services or by outsource			1	2	3
	(e)	為資訊科技培訓 For IT training			1	2	3
	(f)	為資訊科技保安用途 For IT security purposes			1	2	3
	(g)	為設立/接達數據通訊網絡(例如寬頻) For setting up/access to data communication ne (e.g. broad-band)	etvork	CN	1	2	3
	(h)	為 <i>無線及流動服務和技術</i> For wireless and mobile services and technology	ology		1	2	3
F2.	Has	機構為下列項目所訂下的 2006 年冠政預算 s the budget for year 2006 for the following pur n that for 2005?					
	VVILI	1 that 101 2003?					
	vviu	Q ·	增加 ncreased	減少 Decreased	不變 Same	不肯定 Uncertain	不適用 Not Applicable
		Q ·					Not
	(a)	為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動 For performing research and development		Decreased	Same	Uncertain	Not Applicable
	(a) (b)	為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動 For performing research and development activities related to IT 為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and	ncreased	Decreased 2	Same 3	Uncertain 4	Not Applicable
	(a) (b)	為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動 For performing research and development activities related to IT 為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and software 為增聘資訊科技員工	ncreased 1	Decreased 2	Same 3	Uncertain 4	Not Applicable 5
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動For performing research and development activities related to IT 為增購資訊科技設備及軟件For procuring additional IT equipment and software 為增聘資訊科技員工For employing additional IT personnel 為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關服務外判For using IT application services or by	1 1	Decreased 2 2	Same 3	Uncertain 4 4	Not Applicable 5
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動 For performing research and development activities related to IT 為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and software 為增聘資訊科技員工 For employing additional IT personnel 為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關 服務外判 For using IT application services or by outsourcing 為資訊科技培訓	ncreased 1 1 1	Decreased 2 2 2	3 3 3	Uncertain 4 4 4	Not Applicable 5 5
	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動For performing research and development activities related to IT 為增購資訊科技設備及軟件For procuring additional IT equipment and software 為增聘資訊科技員工For employing additional IT personnel 為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關服務外判For using IT application services or by outsourcing 為資訊科技培訓For IT training	ncreased 1 1 1	Decreased 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 3	Uncertain 4 4 4	Not Applicable 5 5 5

		填入数據後即成 內(內) 人 一 	KICIL	NUCK	ENIERE	J WITH DAT	A
F3.		幾構有沒有為下列項目訂下 2007 的財政預算 es your firm have a budget for year 2007 for the fo		urposes?	有 Yes	沒有 No	不肯定 Uncertain
	(a)	為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動 For performing research and development activition	es related	to IT	1	2	3
	(b)	為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and softwa	are		1	2	3
	(c)	為增聘資訊科技員工 For employing additional IT personnel			1	2	3
	(d)	為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關服務外判For using IT application services or by outsourcing			1	2	3
	(e)	為資訊科技培訓 For IT training			1	2	3
	(f)	為資訊科技保安用途 For IT security purposes			1	2	3
	(g)	為設立 / 接達數據通訊網絡(例如寬頻) For setting up/access to data communication net (e.g. broad-band)	work		1	2	3
	(h)	為無線及流動服務和技術 For wireless and mobile services and technology		Ma	1	2	3
F4.	Has	幾構為下列項目所訂下的 2007年財政預算, s the budget for year 2007 for the following rurp n that for 2006?	jā 2006 : oses beer	连比較,會 n increased,	增加、減 decreased	少或不變呢 d or the sam	? e compared
		S	增加 creased	減少 Decreased	不變 Same	不肯定 Uncertain	不適用 Not Applicable
	(a)	為從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動 For performing research and development activities related to IT	1	2	3	4	5
	(b)	為增購資訊科技設備及軟件 For procuring additional IT equipment and software	1	2	3	4	5
	(c)	為增聘資訊科技員工 For employing additional IT personnel	1	2	3	4	5
	(d)	為採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關服務外判 For using IT application services or by outsourcing	1	2	3	4	5
	(e)	為資訊科技培訓 For IT training	1	2	3	4	5
	(f)	為資訊科技保安用途 For IT security purposes	1	2	3	4	5
	(g)	為設立 / 接達數據通訊網絡(例如寬頻) For setting up/access to data communication network (e.g. broad-band)	1	2	3	4	5
	(h)	為無線及流動服務和技術 For wireless and mobile services and technology	, 1	2	3	4	5

VII.	資訊科技保安
	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SECURITY

G1.	在過去 12 個月內,貴機構的電腦曾否受到入侵/襲擊? Has your firm suffered from computer attacks in the past 12 months?	
	1 有 Yes	
	2 沒有 (請跳至 G4) No (Please go to G4)	
G2.	貴機構的電腦受到何種襲擊:(可選多項) Type(s) of computer attacks suffered is/are: (May select more than one)	受襲次數 Number of incidents
	■ 電腦病毒* Virus *	
	2 黑客侵入 Hacking	
	图斷服務 Denial of service	
	資料被竊 Theft of information	
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	

^{*} 於病毒擴散期間受同一種電腦病毒入侵,不論受影響的電腦數目多少,均算作一次受襲。

^{*} For attacks of the same virus during the spreading period, it is counted as one incident irrespective of the number of computers being infected.

G3.	(a)	a) 貴機構在電腦受襲後,有沒有採取以下行動: Has your firm taken the following action(s) after suffering from computer attacks :			attacke :	
		iias	your min taken the following action(s) after sun	有	沒有	allacks.
				Yes	No	
		(i)	修補漏洞 Patched holes	1	2	
		(ii)	向管理層匯報 Report to senior management	1	2	
		(iii)	向警方報案 Report to police	1	2	[如沒有,請回答 G3(b)] [Please answer G3(b), if the answer is no.]
		(iv)	向香港電腦保安事故協調中心匯報 Report to Hong Kong Computer Emergency Response Team Coordination Centre (HKCERT)	1	2	[如沒有,請回答 G3(c)] [Please answer G3(c), if the answer is no.]
		(v)	使用更多保安技術 Use more security technologies	1	2	
		(vi)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	1	2	
		(vii)	沒有特別行動 No specific action		2	
	(b)	Reas	i腦受襲後沒有向警方報案的原因是:(可選多I son(s) for not reporting to police a tensuffering from a select more than one) 公司沒有指引 Company has no guideline to report 不知悉可以報案 Unaware that it could be reported 不重要,無需要報案 Trivial, no need to report 對公司造成負面形象 Negative publicity 不認為警方可以幫助 Don't think police can help 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	頁) n computer atta	acks is/a	are:
	(c)	Reas (May 1	超受襲後沒有向香港電腦保安事故協調中心l son(s) for not reporting to HKCERT after suffering for select more than one) 公司沒有指引 Company has no guideline to report 不知悉香港電腦保安事故協調中心 Unaware of HKCERT 不重要,無需要匯報 Trivial, no need to report 不認為香港電腦保安事故協調中心可以幫助 Don't think HKCERT can help 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):			

G4.	Has	《構有沒有採用以下保安技術 your firm adopted the following our firm? (May select more than	可來保護貴機構的電腦系統及資料?(可選多項) security technology(ies) to protect the computer system and information one)
	1	防毒軟件 Anti-virus software	
	2	密碼/個人辨認密碼 Password/Personal Identity N	umber (PIN)
	3	限用一次密碼/ 保安權標 One-time password/ security :	token
	4	生物測定 Biometrics	
	5	數碼證書 Digital certificate	
	6	實體保安 Physical security	
	7	防火牆 Firewall	
	8	檔案加密 File encryption	
	9	接達管制 Access control	
	10	入侵偵測系統(IDS) / 入侵 Intrusion Detection System (ID	防禦系統(IPS) OS)/ Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)
	11	虛擬私人網絡 Virtual Private Network (VPN)	
	12	<i>保安修補程式</i> 管理 <i>Security patch</i> management	SPEC
	13	數據備份和復原 Data backup and recovery	
	14	保護免受 <i>濫發電郵</i> 滋擾 Protection against <i>email spar</i>	n
	15	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	
	16	沒有任何上述保安技術→ None of the above.	請提供原因(可選多項)。 Please give reason(s) (may select more than one).
			財政限制 Budget constraint
			沒有需要/不預期有保安問題 Don't see the need/don't foresee any security problem
			資訊保安的優先次序較低 Information security is considered a low priority
			其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

G5.		頁機備有沒有實施任何質訊保女措施? las your firm implemented any information security measures?			
有 → 請提供貴機構實施的保安措施(可選多項)。 Yes. Please provide the security measure(s) implemented by your firm (may select more tha					
		在過去 12 個月內曾進行資訊保安風險評估及審核 Conduct information security risk assessment and audit within the last 12 months			
		2 建立資訊保安政策 Establish information security policy			
		制定事故回應程序 Develop incident response procedures			
		定期安裝伺服機/個人電腦保安修補程式 Apply security patches for servers / PCs regularly			
		值用全職 / 兼職員工負責資訊保安 Employ full-time / part-time staff responsible for information security			
		5 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):			
	2	沒有 No			
G6.	Wha	機構在處理保安問題上遇到哪些限制?(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) It is/are the obstacles to addressing security concerns in your firm? If select more than one but please encircle the major one)			
	1	財政限制 Budget constraint			
	2	員工缺乏資訊保安的意識 Lack of employee awareness			
	3	缺乏管理層的支持 Lack of management support			
	4	缺乏有關範疇的知識 Lack of expertise in the field			
	5	有關產品的技術複雜 Technical/complexity of products			
	6	缺乏有關資訊科技保安的策略及指引 Lack of policy and guideline on IT security			
	7	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):			
	8	沒有限制 No obstacles			

G7. 如貴機構有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料,貴機構如何核實客戶身分及/或為客戶提供保密

	接達服務?(可選多頃) If your firm sells goods, services or information through electronic means, how do you provide				
	authentication and/or provide secure access for your clients? (May select more than one)				
	1	保密插口層 Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)			
	2	保密電子交易 Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)			
	3	個人數碼證書 Personal digital certificate			
	4	何服器數碼證書 Server digital certificate			
	5	用戶名稱 User name			
	6	密碼/個人辨認密碼 Password/Personal Identity Number			
	7	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):			
	8	沒有核實客戶身分或為客戶提供保密接達服務			
	9	No provision for authentication/secure access for clients 不適用,因公司沒有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料。			
		Not applicable, because the firm does not sell goods, services or information through	ign electroni	c means.	
/III.		泉及流動服務和技術 PELESS AND MOBILE SERVICE'S AND TE'CHNOLOGY			
H1.		機構有沒有應用以下無線及流動裝置? es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile devices?	有 Yes	沒有 No	
	(a)	連接無線數據通訊網絡的流動電話 Mobile phone connected to a wireless data communication network	1	2	
	(b)	連接無線數據通訊網絡的個人數碼助理 Personal Digital Assistant connected to a wireless data communication network	1	2	
	(c)	連接無線數據通訊網絡的便攜式電腦/筆記簿型電腦 Laptop or notebook computer connected to a wireless data communication network	1	2	
	(d)	連接無線數據通訊網絡的桌面電腦 Desktop computer connected to a wireless data communication network	1	2	
	(e)	無線區域網絡接達點(包括 <i>無線熱點</i>) Wireless LAN access point (including <i>hotspot</i>)	1	2	
	(f)	射頻識別技術裝置 Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) device	1	2	
	(g)	非接觸式智能卡閱讀器 Contactless smart card reader	1	2	
	(h)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	1	2	

H2.	Do	機構有沒有應用以下無線及流動傳送技術? es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile transmission hnology?	有 Yes	沒有 No
	(a)	通用分組無線電服務 General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)	1	2
	(b)	全球演進式數據速率增強技術 Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution (EDGE)	1	2
	(c)	第三代無線通訊系統 Third Generation Wireless System (3G)	1	2
	(d)	無線應用協定 Wireless Application Protocol	1	2
	(e)	無線區域網絡 Wireless LAN	1	2
	(f)	藍芽技術 Bluetooth	1	2
	(g)	射頻識別技術 Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)	1	2
	(h)	<i>流動保安解決方案</i> (例如流動數碼證書) <i>Mobile security solution</i> (e.g. mobile digital certificate)	1	2
	(i)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	1	2
Н3.		機構有沒有應用以下無線及流動服務? es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services?	有 Yes	沒有 No
H3.	Do			
H3.	Do (a)	es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services? 短訊服務		No
H3.	(a)	es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services? 短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS) 增強型短訊服務		No 2
Н3.	(a) (b) (c)	es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services? 短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS) 增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS) 多媒體短訊服務		No 2 2
H3.	(a) (b) (c) (d)	es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services? 短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS) 增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS) 多媒體短訊服務 Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS) 基於位置的服務		2 2 2
H3.	(a) (b) (c) (d)	es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services? 短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS) 增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS) 多媒體短訊服務 Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS) 基於位置的服務 Location Based Service (LBS) 全球定位系統		No 2 2 2 2 2
H3.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services? 短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS) 增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS) 多媒體短訊服務 Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS) 基於位置的服務 Location Based Service (LBS) 全球定位系統 Global Positioning Service (GPS) 無線電郵		2 2 2 2 2
H3.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services? 短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS) 增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS) 多媒體短訊服務 Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS) 基於位置的服務 Location Based Service (LBS) 全球定位系統 Global Positioning Service (GPS) 無線電郵 Wireless e-mail		2 2 2 2 2
H3.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	es your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services? 短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS) 增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS) 多媒體短訊服務 Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS) 基於位置的服務 Location Based Service (LBS) 全球定位系統 Global Positioning Service (GPS) 無線電郵 Wireless e-mail 無線上網 Wireless web surfing 資訊娛樂服務		2 2 2 2 2

H4.		機構有沒有應用以下 <i>無線及流動應用系統</i> ? es your firm use any of the following <i>wireless and mobile applications</i> ?	有 Yes	沒有 No
	(a)	地理資訊系統 Geographic Information System (GIS)	1	2
	(b)	短訊廣播及警報(短訊服務、多媒體短訊服務等) Message broadcast and alert (SMS, MMS, etc.)	1	2
	(c)	辦公室自動化(文書處理、試算表等) Office automation (word processing, spreadsheet, etc.)	1	2
	(d)	無線應用協定的網站 WAP site	1	2
	(e)	工作管理 Job management	1	2
	(f)	車隊管理 Fleet management	1	2
	(g)	外勤考查及文件傳送 Outdoor site survey and documentation	1	2
	(h)	存貨控制 Inventory control	1	2
	(i)	流動金融服務(銀行、買賣股票等) Mobile financial services (banking, stock (radir.q, etc)	1	2
	(j)	流動銷售點 Mobile Point-Of-Sales	1	2
	(k)	與業務伙伴(包括政府)進行交易 Transaction with business partners (including the government)	1	2
	(I)	視訊串流 Video streaming	1	2
	(m)	非接觸式智能卡接達/保安管制 Access/security control using contactless smart card	1	2
	(n)	其他(請註明):	1	2

H5.	制? Wha your	貴機構有沒有應用無線及流動服務及技術,請評估阻礙貴機構在應用這些服務及技術的限 (可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) t is/are the obstacles for using wireless and mobile services and technology irrespective of whether firm had used such services and technology? v select more than one but please encircle the major one)
	1	缺乏熟悉無線及流動服務及技術的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with wireless and mobile services and technology
	2	業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry
	3	投資成本高昂 High investment cost
	4	運作費用高昂 High operating cost
	5	回報率沒有保證 Uncertain Return-On-Investment
	6	對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit
	7	不清楚市場有何種無線及流動服務及技術 Unfamiliar with the wireless and mobile services and technology available in the market
	8	擔心資料保密及可靠性事宜 Concern about security and reliability icsues
	9	市場沒有合適的無線及流動服務及技術 No suitable wireless and mobile ser /ices and technology in the market
	10	無線及流動裝置的功能不足 Inadequate functionality of the wireless and mobile devices
	11	使用不方便 Inconvenient to use
	12	大部分顧客仍未有準備使用無線及流動服務及技術 Most customers not ready to use wireless and mobile services and technology
	13	網絡覆蓋不足 Insufficient network coverage
	14	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

IX.	 問卷填報人資料 PARTICULARS OF PERSON COMPLETING THIS QUESTIONNAIRE 					
倘對本問卷有疑問,可向下述人士查詢: Person to be consulted if questions arise about this questionnaire:						
	聯絡人(博士/先生/女士) Contact person (Dr./Mr./Ms.))	職位 Positio	職位 Position		
	聯絡電話號碼 Contact telephone number		傳真號 Fax nu			
	電郵地址 e-mail address					
	此欄不用填寫 FOR OFFICIAL USE					
	(a) FIELD OFFICER					
		Initial (Code)	Date	Action taken		
	Visits					
		1				
	Collection		KAR			
	Verification		W. W.			
		100				
		51				
(b) OFFICE EDITOR						
		Initial (Code)	Date	Remarks		
	Coding					
	Verification					
	Detailed edit					

香港特別行政區 政府統計處

Appendix B

CENSUS AND STATISTICS DEPARTMENT HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

2006 年資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及程度按年統計調查

ANNUAL SURVEY ON INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY USAGE AND PENETRATION IN THE BUSINESS SECTOR FOR 2006

註釋

Explanatory Notes

I. 一般資料

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

問題A2

Question A2

就業人數

Persons engaged

就業人數包括在職東主、在職合夥人、無酬家屬 幫工及所有在一間機構一天工作不少於一小時 的僱員。 Persons engaged includes working proprietors, active partners, unpaid family workers and all employees of a firm who worked at least for one hour a day in the firm.

Ⅱ. 個人電腦的應用

II. PERSONAL COMPUTER USAGE

問題B1

Question B1

個人電腦

Personal computer

個人電腦是指為個人使用而設的電腦,包括桌面電腦,便攜式電腦/筆記簿型電腦和個人數碼助理。不包括伺服器及用於主機或小型電腦的工作站和終端機。把個人電腦接駁一起可組成區域網絡或廣域網絡系統。

Personal computer refers to a computer designed for individual use. Personal computer includes desktop computer, laptop/notebook computer and Personal Digital Assistant. Servers, workstations and terminals of mainfraine or minicomputer are not included. Personal computers may be connected to form a Local Area Network (LAI) or Wide Area Network (WAN) system.

問題B3

Question 33

個人數碼助理

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)

個人數碼助理是指體積細小的袋裝掌上電腦, 提供計算及資料存取功能作個人或商業用途, 亦 可用作流動電話、傳真發送機或個人行事曆。但 電子記事簿和電子詞典則不應界定為個人數碼 助理。 Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) refers to a handheld computer small enough to fit inside a jacket pocket, providing computing and information storage and retrieval capabilities for personal and business use. Besides, it may function as a mobile phone, fax sender, and personal organiser. However, digital diary and electronic dictionary alone are not regarded as PDA.

問題B4

Question B4

應用軟件

Application software

應用軟件是指一般在市面上可買到的電腦程式。

Application software refers to computer program directly purchasable in the market.

電腦保安及防毒

Computer security and anti-virus

這些是指保護電腦系統的電腦程式,以免系統因 受意外或惡意行動(如電腦病毒襲擊)而有所損 壞。 These are computer programs designed to protect computer systems from damages arising from accidents or malicious actions including virus attacks.

多媒體工具

Multi-media tools

這些是指可處理不只於文字的數碼資訊的電腦 程式。一些較普遍的工具用作處理數碼影像(圖 片及電影)及聲音資訊。 These are computer programs designed to handle digital information not restricted to text form. Some of the more common tools deal with digitised video (pictures and movies) and sound information.

實用程式

Utility

實用程式是指提供在操作系統以外的基本服務和功能的電腦程式,如硬盤管理軟件。

Utility is a computer program that provides basic services and functions on top of the capabilities provided by the operating system, e.g. harddisk management software.

電腦輔助設計

Computer-Aided Design (CAD)

電腦輔助設計是指利用電腦在產品及建築設計 和繪圖過程中製作詳細幾何資料及標籤。 Computer-Aided Design (CAD) is the use of computers to create the geometric detail and labeling involved in product and architectural design and drafting.

電腦輔助製造

Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAM)

電腦輔助製造泛指對製造程序所提供的電腦支援。

Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAM) is a general term for computer support for the manufacturing process.

問題B5

特製電腦系統

特製電腦系統是指由機構本身的資訊科技人員 或其他編寫軟件的公司根據該機構特定的用戶 需求而設計的電腦應用系統。

Ⅲ. 電腦網絡的應用

問題C1

互聯網

互聯網是指可提供多項服務的全球性公眾電腦網絡,包括萬維網、電子郵件、新聞組及檔案傳遞等服務。

問題C3

電子郵件

電子郵件是一種提供本地和全球性網絡用戶互換訊息(包括文字和附件)的設施。

問題C4

撥號式調解器

這是一種以調解器(內部或對外)透過電話線或 綜合服務數碼網絡而進行的通訊技術,通常須撥 號以取得連線。

寬頻

寬頻是指傳送速度由每秒數百個千位元 (Kbps) 至每秒數個百萬位元(Mbps) 的上網服務(1個百萬位元 = 1000個千位元),使用者可以透過它進入互聯網並使用互聯網服務。 採用有線調解器、異步傳輸模式 (ATM) 、以太網、非對稱數碼用戶線路 (ASDL) 和其他種類的數字式用戶線路/數碼用戶線 (DSL) 都是常用的上網方式。

專用線路

這是一種以全部容量供客戶專用的非交換式連 接方式。

Wi-Fi (無線相容性認證)

一個為無線裝置而制定的鑑定標準,以保證獲認 可的產品可相互操作。

問題C6

局部區域網絡

局部區域網絡是一個在有限範圍內 (半徑少於1公里,如一座建築物或一所學校)連接個人電腦、工作站及其他設備的數據通訊網絡 (通常速度為每秒10/100 個百萬位元至每秒 1 個十億位元,而 1個十億位元 = 1000個百萬位元)。

內聯網

內聯網是一種在機構內提供與互聯網服務相同服務 (如:萬維網 (WWW)、檔案傳送規約 (FTP) 及電子郵件等)的私有網絡。它並不一定須要與互聯網連接。

外聯網

外聯網是指一間公司的內聯網對特定的外部機構、顧客、供應商和行動工作者等網絡的延伸, 使他們可以獲得該公司的內部資料和使用其應 用系統。

Explanatory Notes

Question B5

Tailor-made computer system

Tailor-made computer system refers to computer application developed by in-house IT personnel or outside software house according to specific user requirements in a firm.

III. COMPUTER NETWORK USAGE

Question C1

Internet

Internet is the world-wide public computer network, which provides access to a wide range of services including the world wide web, e-mail, newsgroup and file transfer.

Question C3

Electronic-mail (e-mail)

Electronic-mail is a facility which allows network users locally and world-wide to exchange messages, including text and attachments.

Question C4

Dial-up Modem

Communication technology implemented through modems (internal or external) via telephone lines or Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) typically requires a dial up process to gain connection.

Broadband

Sroadband refers Internet access service, which allows user to access the Internet and Internet related services, with transmission speed from hundreds of kbps (kilobits per second) to several Mbps (Megabits per second) (1 Mb = 1000 kb). Cable modems, ATM (asynchronous transfer mode), Ethernet, ADSL (asymmetric digital subscriber line), and other types of DSL (digital subscriber line) are technologies commonly used for provision of broadband services.

Dedicated Circuits

Unswitched connections with capacity dedicated to the users.

Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity)

A certification standard for wireless devices to ensure the certified products are interoperable.

Question C6

Local Area Network (LAN)

LAN is a data communication network (usually 10/100 Mbps or 1 Gbps, and 1 Gbps = 1000 Mbps) that connects personal computers, workstations and other devices into a limited area (such as a single building or campus within 1 km radius).

Intranet

Intranet is a private network that provides services similar to Internet services, such as World Wide Web (WWW), File Transfer Protocol (FTP) and e-mail etc., within an organisation. It is not necessary connected to the Internet.

Extranet

Extranet is the extension of Intranet of one organisation to the networks of selected external organisations, customers, suppliers and mobile workers etc. in order for these parties to access the organisation's private data and applications.

問題C7

數碼證書

數碼證書可用作生產數碼簽署,以核實證書持有人的身份及承認證書持有人透過電子途徑傳送的資訊。數碼證書普遍用於某些電子政府服務、電子銀行、網上股票買賣及以電子資料聯通方式透過貿易通遞交貿易文件。

根據電子交易條例,現時獲認可的核證機關為:

- 香港郵政署核證機關
- 網際威信(香港)有限公司
- 電子核證服務有限公司(註:此公司是貿易通的全資附屬公司,而現時以電子資料聯通方式透過貿易通遞交貿易文件時,貿易通採納此公司發出的一類指定的數碼證書作此用途。)

IV. 網站的應用

問題D1

網頁

網頁是一種可在互聯網上開啟的電子文件,提供文字、圖像或多媒體形式的資訊。

網站

網站是一組以本頁為首頁的相關網頁。每一網站通常都有一個獨一無二的網上地址,以供用戶尋找所需的首網頁。

問題D3

網絡伺服器

網絡伺服器是一組安裝在一個特定電腦內的電腦程式,應用戶要求提供及傳送網頁給互聯網上的用戶。該特定電腦一般亦被稱為網絡伺服器。

V. 電子商業/電子貿易

問題E1-E5

透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料

機構單位如有透過電子途徑確認整個預訂或購 買過程,便會視為有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨 品、服務或資料。

電子途徑

電子途徑是指以電子媒介(例如互聯網及專用私 人網絡等)處理及傳送數碼數據。

問題E4

購買貨品、服務或資料的總值

購買貨品、服務或資料的總值是指貴機構用於購 買自用或作轉賣用途的貨品、服務或資料的總 值。

專用私人網絡

專用私人網絡是某機構內或某組特定機構之間 的通訊網絡。

Explanatory Notes

Question C7

Digital certificate

A digital certificate can be used to generate a digital signature for the purpose of authenticating the holder of the certificate and approving information communicated electronically by the holder. Digital certificates are commonly used in certain e-government services, e-banking, online stock trading and submission of trade-related documents through the Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) services of Tradelink Electronic Commerce Limited.

The recognised certification authorities currently under the Electronic Transactions Ordinance are:

- Hong Kong Post Certificate Authority
- HiTRUST.COM (HK) Incorporated Limited
- Digi-Sign Certification Services Limited (note: This is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tradelink. Currently, a specific type of digital certificate issued by this CA is adopted by Tradelink for the purpose of submission of trade-related documents through EDI services of Tradelink.)

IV. WEB SITE USAGE

Question D1

Web page

Web page is an electronic document accessible in the Internet, which provides information in a textual, graphical or multimedia format.

Web site

Web site is a related collection of Web pages that includes a beginning page called a home page. A Web site has an address (often unique) to facilitate the users to get their intended home page.

Question D3

Web server

Web server is the computer program (resided in a designated computer) that provides and transmits Web pages to users in the Internet upon request. The designated computer housing the computer program is commonly called the Web server.

V. ELECTRONIC BUSINESS/ELECTRONIC COMMERCE

Questions E1-E5

Ordering or Purchases of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

An establishment is considered to have ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means if the confirmation of order or purchase is completely done through electronic means.

Electronic means

Electronic means refer to the processing and transmission of digitised data, which are transmitted through electronic media such as the Internet and designated private network.

Question E4

Value of goods, services or information purchased

Value of goods, services or information purchased refers to the total value of purchases of the firm, both for own consumption and for resale.

Designated private network

Designated private network is a communications network within an organisation or among a group of designated organisations.

透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統

透過電話線的交互式話音應答系統指經電話線或流動電訊網絡自動以話音應答客戶需求的程序系統。

其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例 如短訊服務)

其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務)指經流動電訊網絡以非話音方式自動 回應客戶需求的程序系統。例如在金融與銀行業 廣泛應用在流動交易處理的短訊服務。

問題E5

網上付款

是指透過互聯網完成付款交易,而無需使用語音 電話,以支票/匯票郵寄付款,或親身交費。

問題E6-E9

透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料

網上瀏覽資料亦視為透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料。至於能透過電子途徑獲取貨品,就只限可以電子途徑傳遞的產品,如套裝軟件及歌曲。

問題E6

公共服務電子化計劃/生活易

「公共服務電子化計劃」是香港特別行政區政府「數碼21」資訊科技策略下的一項重要措施,透過互聯網及其他電子途徑為市民提供超過200項電子公共服務,包括遞交報稅表,申請個人獨資/合夥經營業務的商業或分行登記,繳交政府收費,登記職位空缺及挑選求職者等。

就這問題而言,選項(b)1「公共服務電子化計劃」 是指透過www.esd.gov.hk或www.esdlife.com網 站或此計劃的公眾資訊服務站(即生活站)獲取政 府貨品、服務或資料。

問題E10-E14

透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料

若機構單位有提供並接納完全透過電子途徑預訂或購買其貨品、服務或資料,則會視為透透電子途徑售賣其貨品、服務或資料。除務或透透過五聯網、電話等電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料外,亦包括如機構單位根據與客戶訂立的協議,當機構單位透過電子途徑得悉客戶某產品內容貨量降低至某水平時即自動遞送該產品予客戶,供其補充存貨。

問題E12

業務收入

業務收入是指貴機構透過銷售貨品及服務所賺 取的收入。

Explanatory Notes

Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network

Interactive Voice Response System through telephone line refers to an automated system which deals with clients with voice response through telephone lines or mobile telecommunications network.

Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network

Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network refers to an automated system which deals with clients through mobile telecommunications network without using voice response. Example is Short Message Service, which is commonly used in mobile transactions in financial and banking sector.

Question E5

Payment through Internet

Completion of payment transaction through Internet without the need to make voice phone-calls, mail payment in cheque/money order or make payment in person.

Questions E6-E9

Receipt of Goods, Services or Information through

Browsing of information on the Internet is also considered as receiving information through electronic means. Goods received through electronic means are only restricted to products which could be transmitted through electronic means, such as software packages and songs.

Question E6

Electronic Service Delivery Scheme (ESD)/ ESD/ife

Electronic Service Delivery Scheme is a key initiative under the "Digital 21" Information Technology Strategy of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to provide over 200 types of online public services to the community through the Internet and other electronic means. Examples of services include filing of tax returns, application for business registration certificate by sole proprietors and partnerships, paying of Government bills, registration of job vacancies, and searching for job applicants, etc.

For the purpose of this question, option (b)1 "Electronic Service Delivery Scheme" means obtaining government goods, services or information via the website www.esd.gov.hk or www.esdlife.com or through ESDkiosks.

Questions E10-E14

Sales of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

An establishment is considered to have sold their goods, services or information through electronic means if they offered and accepted orders or purchases that were placed completely through electronic means. Apart from the sales of goods, services or information through electronic means such as the Internet, telephone, etc., this should include cases where an establishment, in accordance with an agreement with its client, automatically delivers certain product to the client for replenishment of stock when the establishment learns, through electronic means, that the stock kept by the client falls to a certain level.

Question E12

Business receipts

Business receipts refers to income received through sales of goods and services.

政府及有關機構

政府及有關機構包括所有政府部門及半官方機構,例如醫院管理局和職業訓練局等。

商業及其他機構

商業及其他機構包括商業機構、公用服務機構 (例如電力及燃氣業)、學校及非牟利團體等。

網上收款

是指透過互聯網完成收款程序,而無需顧客使用 語音電話,以支票/匯票郵寄付款,或親身交 費。

問題E15-E18

透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料

把有關機構單位或其所售賣產品的資料放在互 聯網上亦視為有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料。

VI. 資訊科技項目的財政預算

問題F1-F4

研究及發展

研究及發展是指有系統的創意活動,目的是增進知識,包括對於人類、文化和社會的知識,從而運用這些知識來發明新產品、提供新服務或擴大用途,以及改良現有產品、服務或用途。研究及發展通常都帶有創新和改革的元素。

無線及流動服務和技術

建基於無線/流動裝置(請參閱問題H1的例子) 及應用無線/流動傳送技術(請參閱問題H2的 例子)的服務及技術。

VII. 資訊科技保安

問題G2

電腦病毒

是指以電子形式從一部電腦散播到另一部電腦,並能影響電腦系統正常運作的電腦程式。病毒入侵所造成的影響參差不同,從惡作劇(如對屏幕顯示造成滋擾)到惡意破壞(如洗掉數據)。

黑客侵入

非授權人士,為嬉戲或惡意的目的,嘗試接達到 電腦或其他相關資源。這些行動通常稱為「襲擊」,而進行方式通常是靠迴避正常的保安程序 或利用開放給外界接達的電腦系統的弱點或開 放式插口。

阻斷服務

在目標電腦製造非預期的活動,使其不能正常運作,例如不能提供網絡服務給用家。通常是透過一些方法(例如發放大量電子郵件)使目標電腦超出負荷。

Explanatory Notes

Government and related organisations

Government and related organisations include all government offices and quasi-government organisations such as the Hospital Authority and Vocational Training Council.

Business and other establishments

Business and other establishments include private business establishments; utilities companies (e.g. electricity and gas); schools and non-profit making bodies.

Payment received through Internet

Completion of receipt of payment through Internet without the need for the customer to make voice phone-calls, mail payment in cheque/money order or make payment in person.

Questions E15-E18

Delivery of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

Placing information on the Internet about an establishment or the products sold is considered to have delivered their goods, services or information through electronic means.

VI. BUDGET FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Questions F1-F4

Research and development

Recearch and opvolorment refer to creative work undertaken on a systematic basis in order to increase the stock of knowledge, including knowledge of man, culture and society, and the use of this knowledge to devise new products/services/applications, as well as inprovement of existing products/services/applications. It generally refers to activities with the element of novelty or innovation.

Wireless and mobile services and technology

Services and technology based on wireless/mobile devices (please refer to examples in Question H1) and making use of wireless/mobile transmission technology (please refer to examples in Question H2)

VII. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SECURITY

Question G2

Virus

Programs that spread from one computer to another electronically, and can affect the normal operation of a computer system. Virus attacks can range from practical jokes (e.g. annoying screen display) to malicious destruction (e.g. erasing data).

Hacking

Attempts by unauthorised parties to gain access to computers or other related resources either for fun or for malicious intend. These moves are usually called "attacks" and are usually conducted online circumventing normal security procedures or exploiting weak points or open ports in computer systems open to outside access.

Denial of service

Creation of unexpected activities in the targeted computers in such a way that the prey failed to perform its usual service, such as providing network service to its users. Typically conducted via overloading the targeted computer by means such as sending out unsolicited e-mail in bulk.

問題G4

保安權標

保安權標是採用質疑/應答、時間順序或其他技 術以認證用戶的可攜式設備。

生物測定

生物測定是使用可量度的生理特徵(例如:指紋或面部特徵),以認證用戶的身分。

防火牆

防火牆是一組位於網絡通訊閘伺服器的相關電腦程式,目的是保護一個私人網絡的資源,免受外界的侵擾。外界人士在嘗試接達該受保護的網絡時,會受到審查,而只有有效的要求才會轉達。如此,外界人士便不能直接連結到該受保護網絡的資源,而其重要的資料亦可避免受到黑客入侵。

檔案加密

檔案加密是一個程序,目的是將電腦數據檔案轉 化到一個非授權人士不能閱讀的格式。而授權人 士通常會被給予一個解密工具,以將加密的檔案 還原至一個可正常閱讀的格式。

入侵防禦系統

入侵防禦系統是一些裝置設備,用以針對惡意的 攻擊及行為作出偵測及攔截。

保安修補程式

保安修補程式是一個修補程式,用以消除電腦程式內可被有惡意駭客利用的弱點。

濫發電郵

濫發電郵是指在不管收件人同意與否,或在收件 人已要求發件者停止發送訊息的情況下,通過電 子郵件而發出的大量訊息。

問題G7

保密插口層

保密插口層是一個電腦程式層,目的是透過加密 程序,提供在互聯網傳送私人資料(如付款資料) 時的數據保安。

保密電子交易

是一套由信用卡公司發展的協定,目的是為網上付款提供身分驗證及批核。客戶會被給予一個錢 包(信用卡的軟件版本)以進行網上購物。和使 用信用卡親身付款的情況大致一樣,網上賣家的 身分資料會被傳送到信用卡公司,以作即時審查 買賣雙方身分及批核該宗交易之用。

Explanatory Notes

Question G4

Security token

Security token is a portable device operated by using challenge/response, time sequence, or other techniques in order to authenticate a user.

Biometrics

Biometrics is the use of measurable physiological characteristics (such as fingerprints or facial characteristics) to authenticate a user.

Firewall

A firewall is a set of related programs, located at a network gateway server, that protects the resources of a private network from outsiders. Attempts by outside users to access the protected network will be screened and only valid requests will be redirected. In this way, outsiders cannot directly establish links to the resources of the protected network, and vital information of the protected network masked to avoid attacks from hackers.

File encryption

File encryption is a process whereby computer data files are converted to a form unreadable to unauthorised users. Authorised users are typically given a decryption tool to revert the encrypted files to a readable form for normal access.

intrusion Prevention System (IPS)

An intrusion prevention system (IPS) is any device which exercises access control to detect and deny potentially malicious activities.

Security parch

Security patch is a fix to a program that eliminates a vulnerability exploited by malicious hackers.

Email spam

Email spam refers to bulk unsolicited email messages sent in the form of email regardless of whether the recipients have given any consent to receive such or even after the recipients have requested not to receive such any more.

Question G7

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)

Secure Sockets Layer is a program layer that provides data security (through encryption) for transmitting private information (such as payment information) through the Internet.

Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)

A set of protocol developed for use by Credit Card companies to replicate the process of authenticating and approval of credit card transactions in online payment. Customers are given a cardholder wallet (software version of credit card) with which to perform purchases online. This initiates a transaction which also collects identity information of the online sales vendor for onward passage to the credit card company for instant online authentication of both buyer and seller and then approval of transaction, in a way similar to using credit cards in making payment in person.

VIII. 無線及流動服務和技術

問題H1

無線熱點

無線熱點是無線區域網路應用之一,即由網絡服務供應商所安裝,在指定位置的互聯網接達的供應,利用無線連接到達接達點。

VIII. WIRELESS AND MOBILE SERVICES AND TECHNOLOGY

Question H1

Hotspot

Wireless Hotspot is one of the Wireless LAN applications, which means the provision of Internet access at specific location through wireless connection to the access points installed by the service providers.

射頻識別技術 (RFID)

基本的RFID系統包括天線、收發器(與譯碼器)和儲存資訊的RFID標籤。天線和收發器可設計成手提或固定裝置。在標籤和收發器之間的數據通訊由天線控制,發射或接收無線信號以啟動標籤,從而讀取或寫入數據。

非接觸式智能卡

非接觸式智能卡是一種建基於隱藏式模組及利用射頻信號通訊的智能卡。

問題H2

通用分組無線電服務 (GPRS)

GPRS是一個覆蓋在現有GSM網路的無線通訊服務。這是從GSM所演進,過渡往3G (第三代流動服務) 的另一種技術,所以GPRS亦被稱為2.5G 技術。

全球演進式數據速率增強技術 (EDGE)

EDGE是一種3G技術,它支援流動裝置以類似寬頻速度傳送數據。它允許用戶以比普通的GSM/GPRS網路快三倍的速度連接到互聯網,以傳送和接收資料,包括數碼圖像、網頁和相片。

第三代無線通訊系統 (3G)

3G是新一代的流動服務。它的標準基於國際流動電信2000 (IMT-2000),保證了不同的3G系統與國際漫遊的兼容和共用性。3G使用分組交換的連接及網際規約(IP),即終端機永久虛擬地連接到網絡。它能夠在一個固定或穩定的無線環境以2Mbps速率和一個流動環境以384kbps速率傳送文字、數碼化話音、錄像和多媒體資訊。

藍芽技術

藍芽是一個低成本、低功率、短程及無線的技術,應用於筆記簿型電腦、手提裝置和流動電話 與其它周邊設備和家庭電器之間的區域話音和 數據通訊。

流動保安解決方案

為流動裝置和流動連接而制訂的保安政策和程 序。

問題H3

短訊服務 (SMS)

短訊服務是一項透過GSM網絡傳送多達160個 英文字母或70個中文字的訊息到流動電話的服 務。如透過CDMA網絡,則SMS的最大長度是120 個英文字母或55個中文字。

增強型短訊服務 (EMS)

增強型短訊服務是SMS的增強版本,訊息以3GPP標準傳送。EMS訊息包含文字和簡單像素映像的組合、動畫和旋律。用戶可以由互聯網下載圖像、動畫和旋律,甚至更可以自由發揮,在他們的電話上創製上述的訊息。有別於SMS訊息,EMS訊息的文字可以格式化為各樣字體、大小、樣式等。

Explanatory Notes

Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)

A basic RFID system consists of an antenna, a transceiver (with decoder) and RFID tags that store information. The antenna and the transceiver can be designed as a handheld or fixed-mount device. Data communication between the tag and the transceiver is controlled by the antenna, which emits/receives radio signals to activate the tag, and then data are read/written from/onto it.

Contactless smart card

A contactless smart card is a smart card with no visible module that communicates by means of a radio frequency signal.

Question H2

General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)

GPRS is a wireless communication service overlaying on the existing GSM network. It is another technology evolved from GSM, which is a transition technology towards 3G (Third Generation Mobile Services), therefore we also called GPRS 2.5G technology.

Enhanced Data Rates for Global Evolution (EDGE)

EDGE is a 3G technology that delivers broadband-like data speeds to mobile devices. It allows consumers to connect to the Internet and send and receive data, including digital images, web pages and photographs, three times faster than possible with an ordinary GSM/GPRS network.

Third Generation Wireless System (3G)

3G s the new generation of mobile services. Its standard is based on International Mobile Telecommunication 2000 (IMT-2000) which ensures the compatibility and interoperability of different 3G systems and global roaming. 3G uses packet-switched connection and the Internet Protocol (IP), it means that the terminal is virtually always connected to the network. It can be used to transmit text, digitised voice, video, and multimedia at data rates up to 2Mbps in a fixed or stationary wireless environment and 384kbps in a mobile environment.

Bluetooth

Bluetooth is a low-cost, low-power, short-range, wireless technology designed for local voice and data communications between notebook computers, handheld devices, mobile phones and other peripherals and home appliances.

Mobile security solution

Security policies and procedures for mobile devices and over mobile connections.

Question H3

Short Message Service (SMS)

SMS is a service for sending messages of up to 160 English characters or 70 Chinese characters to mobile phones with GSM network. With CDMA network, maximum length of SMS can be 120 English characters or 55 Chinese characters.

Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS)

EMS is an enhanced version of SMS. Message is sent with the 3GPP standard. EMS message contains a combination of text and simple pixel image, animation and melody. Users may download images, animation and melodies from the Internet, or for even greater self-expression, create them on their phone. Unlike SMS messages, the text of an EMS message can be formatted using a variety of fonts, sizes, type styles, etc.

多媒體短訊服務 (MMS)

MMS是一種包含多媒體項目在流動環境下的新訊息服務。有關訊息可包含靜態圖像、話音或輯錄音像。將來更可支援錄像短片。

基於位置的服務 (LBS)

LBS亦稱為位置服務、基於位置的流動服務、無線位置服務,經常與地理資訊服務結合,提供根據用戶地理位置的相關位置資訊。

全球定位系統 (GPS)

GPS 是由24個圍繞地球的人造衛星所組成,以找出地理位置。對普通用戶而言,準確範圍達10到100米。GPS由美國國防部控制,但開放營門人使用。需要GPS接收器從人造衛星獲內資料。根據四枚衛星的資料,接收器可以確定度、緯度和高度。其它資訊也可被計算,例和其它結果可顯示在接收器的螢幕上。

問題H4

無線及流動應用系統

無線及流動應用系統是建基於無線和流動服務和技術的系統,通常涉及使用裝置例如流動電話、個人數碼助理(PDA)、筆記簿型電腦和其它流動手提裝置,配合流動技術,接達互聯網或公司的服務和應用系統。

地理資訊系統 (GIS)

GIS是用作獲取、整理和分析地理和相關的資料。地理數據包括經度、緯度和數碼化地圖,而相關數據可以是街道地址和大廈名稱。數據會會於為不同層面的資訊。用戶可以結合不同層面的資訊以配合其特殊目的。所有數據會被地圖化,以便回答一個有關某特殊地點的詢問時,其它相關的資訊亦可一併提供。查詢結果通常透過地圖和圖表顯示。

Explanatory Notes

Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS)

MMS is a new message service for the mobile environment with multimedia items. The message can contain still images, voice or audio clips. Video clips will also be supported later.

Location Based Service (LBS)

LBS, also known as location services, mobile location-based services, wireless location services, is often used in conjunction with Geographic Information Services to provide location sensitive/dependent information based on the geographical location of the user.

Global Positioning System (GPS)

The GPS is composed of 24 satellites that orbit the Earth for locating geographical positions. The accuracy ranges from 10 to 100 meters for normal users. The GPS is controlled by the U.S. Department of Defense but can be used by anyone around the world. A GPS receiver is required to obtain data from the satellites. Based on data from four satellites, the receiver can determine the longitude, latitude and altitude. Other information can also be calculated such as the speed of a moving user. The position, map and other results can be displayed on the screen of the receiver.

Question H4

Wireless and mobile applications

Wireless and mobile applications are applications based on wireless and mobile services and technology. They usually involve using devices such as mobile phones, Personal Digital Assistants (PDN), notebook computers and other mobile/handheld devices, tagether with mobile technology, to access Internet/corporate services and applications.

Geographic Information System (GIS)

A GIS is used to capture, manipulate and analyse geographic and relevant data. The geographic data includes longitude, latitude and digitised maps, related data can be street addresses and building names. The data will be stored as different layers of information. The user can combine different number of layers of information to suit his particular purpose. All the data are mapped so that enquiry on a particular location can also return other relevant information. The results are usually visualised using maps and graphs.

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