二零零八年資訊科技 在工商業的使用情況和普及程度 按年統計調查報告

Report on 2008 Annual Survey on Information Technology Usage and Penetration in the Business Sector



中華人民共和國 香港特別行政區 政府統計處 Census and Statistics Department Hong Kong Special Administrative Region People's Republic of China



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Report on 2008 Annual Survey on Information Technology Usage and Penetration in the Business Sector

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二零零八年統計調查結果摘要

Summary of 2008 Survey Results

個人電腦的應用

Personal computer (PC) usage

(1) **63.1%** 的機構單位有使用個人電腦,較二零零七年減少**0.7***個百分點。(詳見2.3段) **63.1%** of establishments used PCs, **0.7*** percentage point lower than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.3 for details)

互聯網的應用

Internet usage

(2) **58.8%** 的機構單位有連接互聯網,較二零零七年減少**1.0***個百分點。(詳見2.9段) **58.8%** of establishments had Internet connection, **1.0*** percentage point lower than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.9 for details)

網頁/網站的應用

Webpage/Website usage

(3) **19.3%** 的機構單位有設立網頁/網站,較二零零七年增加**1.1***個百分點。(詳見2.28段) **19.3%** of establishments had set up their webpages/websites, **1.1*** percentage points higher than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.28 for details)

電子商業

Electronic business

- (4) **59.5%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑進行一類或多於一類的商業活動,與二零零七年的情況相若。(詳見 2.40段)
 - **59.5%** of establishments had undertaken one or more types of business activities through electronic means, broadly similar to the situation in 2007. (See paragraph 2.40 for details)
- (5) **13.2%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑*預訂或購買*貨品、服務或資料,較二零零七年增加**1.8**個百分點。(詳見2.42段)
 - **13.2%** of establishments had *ordered or purchased* goods, services or information through electronic means, **1.8** percentage points higher than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.42 for details)
- (6) **58.9%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑*獲取*貨品、服務或資料,較二零零七年增加**0.6***個百分點。(詳 見2.49段)
 - **58.9%** of establishments had *received* goods, services or information through electronic means, **0.6*** percentage point higher than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.49 for details)
- (7) **1.3%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑*售賣*貨品、服務或資料,較二零零七年減少**0.6**個百分點。(詳 見2.57段)
 - **1.3%** of establishments had *sold* goods, services or information through electronic means, **0.6** percentage point lower than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.57 for details)

二零零八統計調查結果摘要 (續)

Summary of 2008 Survey Results (cont'd)

- (8) **19.4%** 的機構單位有透過電子途徑*遞送*貨品、服務或資料,較二零零七年增加**1.2***個百分點。(詳見2.65段)
 - **19.4%** of establishments had *delivered* goods, services or information through electronic means, **1.2*** percentage points higher than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.65 for details)
- (9) 二零零七年,透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料而獲得的業務收益合計爲**983**億港元,較二零零六年上升**51.4%**。這類收益佔業務總收益的**1.16%**,較二零零六年增加**0.39**個百分點。(詳見2.60段)

In 2007, business receipts received from selling goods, services or information through electronic means amounted to **HK\$98.3 billion**, up by **51.4%** over 2006. These receipts represented **1.16%** of the total business receipts, up by **0.39** percentage point over 2006. (See paragraph 2.60 for details)

資訊科技保安

Information technology security

- (10) **20.6%** 的機構單位的電腦系統在被訪問前的十二個月內曾發生資訊保安事故,較二零零七年減少**0.8***個百分點。(詳見2.76段)
 - **20.6%** of establishments had information security incidents in the twelve months before enumeration, **0.8*** percentage point lower than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.76 for details)

無線及流動服務和技術的應用

Usage of wireless and mobile services and technology

- (11) **25.0%** 的機構單位有應用無線及流動裝置,較二零零七年增加**6.2**個百分點。(詳見2.88段) **25.0%** of establishments had used wireless and mobile devices, **6.2** percentage points higher than that in 2007. (See paragraph 2.88 for details)
- 註釋: (i) 此統計調查的結果受抽樣誤差的影響。根據一項統計檢定的結果,上文附有 "*"號的數字變動從統計 觀點而言是不顯著的。
 - (ii) 除特別說明外,所有資料均是指二零零八年五至九月時的情況。
- Notes: (i) Results of the survey are subject to sampling error. According to the results of a statistical test, the changes in those figures marked with "*" above are not statistically significant.
 - (ii) All figures refer to the position as at May to September 2008 unless otherwise specified.

I 緒言 Introduction

背景

1.1 政府統計處應政府資訊科技總監辦公室委託,於二零零八年五月至九月期間進行了「二零零八年資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及程度統計調查」。政府統計處在二零零零年首次進行這項統計調查。

統計調查目的

1.2 這項統計調查的目的是搜集有關 資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及程 度的資料。統計調查的結果可爲香港未 來資訊科技發展策略提供有用的參考。

有關法例

1.3 這項統計調查是根據《普查及統計條例》〈第316章〉第IIIA部進行,屬自願參與性質,並於二零零一年三月二日在香港特別行政區政府憲報所刊登的第1271號政府公告上宣佈進行。條例規定,政府統計處對個別機構單位的資料必須嚴加保密,日後只發表整體的數據,並不會顯示個別機構單位的資料。

Background

1.1 The Census and Statistics Department (C&SD) conducted the "2008 Annual Survey on Information Technology Usage and Penetration in the Business Sector" in May to September 2008 under the auspices of the Office of the Government Chief Information Officer. The survey was first conducted in 2000.

Survey objective

1.2 The survey aims to collect information relating to information technology (IT) usage and penetration in the business sector. The survey results provide useful reference to the development of IT strategy in Hong Kong.

Legislation

1.3 The survey is conducted under Part IIIA of the Census and Statistics Ordinance (Chapter 316). It is a voluntary survey as notified in the Government Notice No. 1271 in the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Gazette of 2 March 2001. The Ordinance stipulates that the collected information relating to individual establishments must be kept in strict confidence. Only aggregate information, which does not reveal details of individual establishments, would be released.

I Introduction (cont'd)

adopts

the

Establishments, which is a comprehensive register

maintained by the C&SD and updated according to the

records of the Business Registration Office of the Inland

Revenue Department, as the sampling frame for this

Central

The survey covers establishments in the

Register

Survey coverage

C&SD

following sectors:

1.4

survey.

統計調查的範圍

1.4 這項統計調查以政府統計處備存的機構單位記錄庫為抽樣框。此記錄庫是根據稅務局商業登記署的資料更新。 這項統計調查涵蓋下列行業類別的機構單位:

	<u>美類別</u> IC) ⁽¹⁾	包括的行業	Industry sector (HSIC) (1)	Sectors covered
	3	製造業	3	Manufacturing
	4	電力及燃氣業	4	Electricity and gas
	5	建造業	5	Construction
	6	批發、零售、進口與出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業	6	Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels
	7	運輸、倉庫及通訊業	7	Transport, storage and communications
	8	金融、保險、地產及商用 服務業	8	Financing, insurance, real estate and business services
	9	社區、社會及個人服務業	9	Community, social and personal services
(1)		香港標準行業分類 Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification		

統計期

1.5 爲了獲得資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及程度的最新資料,除特別說明外,所有資料均以數據搜集時的情況爲依據。

Survey reference period

1.5 In order to obtain the latest information on IT usage and penetration in the business sector, data collected refer to the position when they were collected, unless specified otherwise.

I 緒言 (續)

I Introduction (cont'd)

1.6 在二零零八年統計調查中,就業人數是指在二零零八年三月底的情況,而總業務收入則指二零零七年或在二零零七年一月一日至二零零八年三月三十一日期間任何連續十二個月的資料,視乎個別機構單位的會計慣例而定。至於在上述期間開業或停業的機構單位,所搜集的資料是指在有關會計年度內有經營業務期間的數據。

1.6 In the 2008 survey, number of persons engaged refers to the position as at end-March 2008. Information on business receipts refers to the calendar year 2007, or a twelve-month period between 1 January 2007 and 31 March 2008, according to the accounting practices of individual establishments. For establishments which commenced or ceased operation within their respective accounting periods defined above, data collected cover the months within this accounting period during which the establishments were in operation.

抽樣設計

1.7 這項統計調查的抽樣框是先以行業類別分層,然後再按就業人數分層。 二零零八年統計調查一共選出 5 372 間機構單位作爲樣本。根據統計調查結果,在涵蓋範圍內的機構單位總數約爲 308 000 間。

資料搜集

1.8 問卷於二零零八年四月中郵寄予獲選中的 5 372 間機構單位。此外,本處亦製備問卷的電子版本,以供索取應用。外勤人員探訪或致電受訪者以核實已填妥問卷內的資料,並在有需要時協助受訪者完成問卷。截至資料搜集期完結時,成功受訪的機構單位有4 564 間,有 30 間未有作出回應,未能接觸到或在統計期內沒有營業的有 778 間。統計調查的整體回應率爲99.3%。

Sampling design

1.7 The sampling frame for the survey was stratified by industry group, and within each industry group, by employment size. A total of 5 372 establishments were selected for enumeration in the 2008 survey. The total number of establishments falling within the scope of the survey was estimated to be about 308 000 based on the results of the survey.

Data collection

1.8 Questionnaires were mailed to the selected 5 372 establishments in mid-April 2008. Softcopy of the questionnaire was also available for completion upon request. Field officers visited/telephoned respondents to verify the information in the completed questionnaires and assisted them in completing the questionnaires if necessary. By the end of the data collection period, 4 564 establishments were successfully enumerated, 30 failed to respond and 778 could not be located or were found to be inactive in the survey reference period. The overall response rate of the survey was 99.3%.

I Introduction (cont'd)

資料處理

1.9 填妥交回的問卷經本處職員詳細審核及電腦查證後,方進行製表工作。審核程序包括查核填報的資料是否完整、一致以及可信。遇有含糊或前後不一致的數據,負責人員會致電或探訪有關機構單位以進行查證。

估值的可靠性

- 1.10 這項統計調查的結果受抽樣誤差 和非抽樣誤差的影響。本報告所刊載的 估值是根據一個特定樣本所得的資料編 製。是項統計調查的樣本乃是以同樣的 抽樣方式,在眾多樣本中得出的其中之 一。由於每次所抽選的樣本都會略有不 同,因此不同樣本得出的估值亦互有差 異。抽樣誤差是計算這些差異的統計方 法,可用以量度從一個特定樣本所得的 估值,估計整體數據的精確程度。
- 1.11 本報告在評估各種變數估值的精確程度時,採用了離中系數。離中系數為一項統計量數,顯示估計數值的相對精確性。離中系數的計算方法,是將估值的抽樣誤差除以估值本身的數值,再以百分比表示。離中系數越低,估計數值越精確。
- 1.12 統計變數的95%置信區間是指某 一範圍的數值,其包含變數的實際值機 會率達百分之九十五。

Data processing

1.9 Completed questionnaires received were subject to thorough checking by office staff and detailed validation checks by computer before tabulation. Such checking covered completeness of entries, consistency among data items and credibility of reported data. For dubious entries or inconsistencies in the reported data, clarifications were made with respondents by phone or by field verification visits.

Reliability of the estimates

- 1.10 Results of the survey are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors. The estimates contained in this report are based on information obtained from a particular sample, which is one of many samples that could be selected using the same sampling design. Estimates derived from different samples may differ from each other. Sampling error is a measure of these variations and is thus a measure of the precision of an estimate derived from the particular sample in estimating the population parameter to be measured.
- 1.11 For assessing the precision of the estimates for various variables in this report, the coefficient of variation (CV) is used. The CV is a statistical measure to indicate the relative precision of an estimate. The CV is obtained by expressing the sampling error of an estimate as a percentage of the value of estimate itself. The smaller the CV, the more precise is the value of the estimate.
- 1.12 A 95% confidence interval (CI) for a statistical variable refers to the range of values which covers the true value of the variable with a chance of 95 out of 100.

I 緒言 (續)

I Introduction (cont'd)

1.13 本報告所載列的主要變數估值的 離中系數及有關變數的95%置信區間如 下: 1.13 The CV and 95% CI of the estimates of the key variables in this report are given below:

變數	估值	離中系數	95% 置信區間
Variable	Estimate	CV	95% CI
有使用個人電腦的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments using personal computers	63.1%	1.9%	60.7% - 65.5%
有連接互聯網的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having Internet connection	58.8%	2.1%	56.4% - 61.3%
有網頁/網站的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having webpages/websites	19.3%	6.2%	17.0% - 21.6%
有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means	13.2%	8.0%	11.1% - 15.2%
有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having received goods, services or information through electronic means	58.9%	2.2%	56.3% - 61.5%
有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means	1.3%	27.6%	0.6% - 1.9%
有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means	19.4%	6.1%	17.1% - 21.8%
有透過電子途徑進行一類或多於一類商業活動的機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments having undertaken one or more types of business activities through electronic means	59.5%	2.2%	56.9% - 62.0%

I 緒言 (續)

I Introduction (cont'd)

統計表註釋

1.14 機構單位按其就業人數分爲小型、中型及大型三個類別,詳情如下:

Notes to statistical tables

1.14 Establishments are categorised into small, medium and large according to their number of persons engaged as follows:

機構單位規模	就業人數		
Size of establishment	No. of persons engaged		
行業類別	小型	中型	大型
Industry Sector	Small	Medium	Large
製造業 Manufacturing	<10	10 – 99	≥ 100
非製造業 Non-manufacturing	<10	10 – 49	≥ 50

- 1.15 本報告的統計表內各代號的含意 如下:
 - 不適用
 - # 少於0.05%
- 1.16 由於四捨五入關係,個別數字或百分比之和可能不等於其總數。
- 1.15 The following symbols were used in tables throughout this report:
 - not applicable
 - # less than 0.05%
- 1.16 Figures or percentages of components may not add up to the respective totals owing to rounding.

機構單位的特徵

2.1 這項統計調查範圍內的機構單位 估計有308000間。按行業類別分析,約 半數(160700)的機構單位從事批發、零 售、進口與出口貿易、飲食及酒店業。約 86.4%爲小型機構單位。機構單位的分布大 致與二零零七年相若。(表1.1A及 1.1B)

個人電腦的應用

- 2.2 這部分分析個人電腦在工商業的 使用情況,及探討機構單位所使用的個人 電腦和應用軟件類別。
- 2.3 約63.1%的機構單位有使用個人電腦。在主要行業類別中,使用個人電腦的百分比最高的行業類別是金融、保險、地產及商用服務業(84.0%),而運輸、倉庫及通訊業則錄得最低的個人電腦普及率(33.2%)。這可能是因爲大部分的運輸業機構規模都較小,而個人電腦的應用在小型機構單位中的普及情況一般較低。

(表2.1、圖2.1及2.2)

Characteristics of establishments

2.1 A total of 308 000 establishments were estimated to fall within the scope of the survey. Analysed by industry sector, around half (160 700) of the establishments were engaged in the wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels sector. About 86.4% of the establishments were of small size. The distribution was similar to that in 2007. (Tables 1.1A and 1.1B)

Personal computer usage

- 2.2 This section analysed the utilisation of personal computers (PCs) in the business sector. The types of PCs and application software packages being used were also studied.
- 2.3 About 63.1% of the establishments had used PCs. Among the major industry sectors, the percentage of establishments using PCs was the highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (84.0%). The transport, storage and communications sector recorded the lowest penetration rate (33.2%), possibly because a large proportion of establishments in this sector were small in scale and the usage of PCs among small establishments was generally less common. (Table 2.1, Charts 2.1 and 2.2)

圖 2.1 : 個人電腦/連接互聯網/網站/網頁在工商業的普及程度 Chart 2.1 : Penetration of PCs/Internet connection/websites/webpages in the business sector

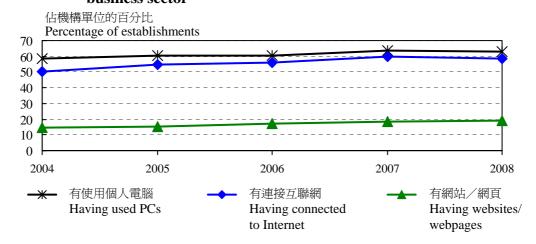
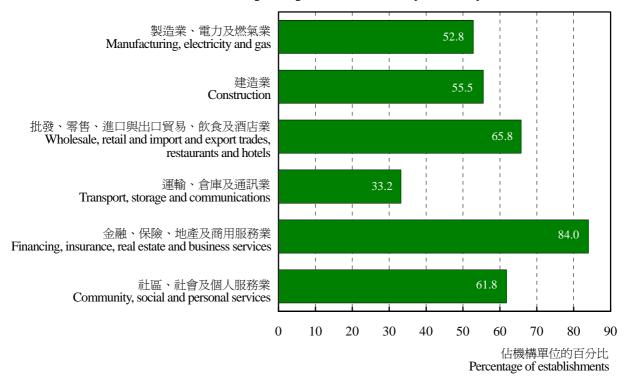


Chart 2.2 : Personal computer peneration rate by industry sector

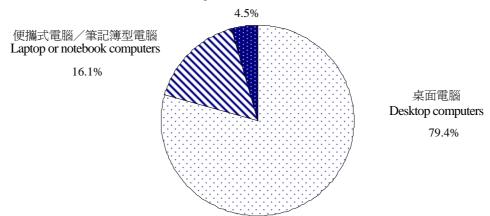


- 2.4 正如一般預期,機構單位的規模 (以就業人數計算)越大,個人電腦的使 用率越高。大約99.1%的大型機構單位有使 用個人電腦,而中、小型機構單位的百分 比則分別爲91.7%及58.4%。(表2.1)
- 2.5 統計調查所涵蓋的行業類別內的機構單位共裝置了約197萬部個人電腦,其中79.4%爲桌面電腦,16.1%爲便攜式電腦/筆記簿型電腦,其餘4.5%爲個人數碼助理及其他,情況大致與二零零七年時的分布相同。平均每間有使用個人電腦的機構單位裝置10部個人電腦。(表2.2 及圖 2.3)
- 2.4 In line with general expectation, the usage of PC increased with the size of establishments in terms of employment. Around 99.1% of the large establishments had used PCs, as against 91.7% for medium establishments and 58.4% for small establishments. (Table 2.1)
- 2.5 A total of about 1.97 million sets of PCs were installed in establishments of the industry sectors covered. Similar to the distribution in 2007, about 79.4% were desktop computers, 16.1% were laptop/notebook computers and the remaining 4.5% were Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs) and others. Among those establishments using PCs, each had 10 sets of PCs on average. (Table 2.2 and Chart 2.3)

圖 2.3 : 按種類劃分的個人電腦分布

Chart 2.3 : Distribution of personal computers by category

個人數碼助理及其他 Personal Digital Assistants (PDAs) and others



- 2.6 在有使用個人電腦的機構單位中,98.0%有裝置或接達文字處理應用軟件。另一方面,21.0%有裝置或接達特製電腦系統。(表2.3及2.4)
- 2.7 在現時沒有使用個人電腦的機構單位中,只有1.7%有計劃裝置個人電腦。在有此計劃的機構單位中,75.1%預計將在二零零九年或之前裝置。至於那些並未有計劃裝置個人電腦的機構單位,較多提及的原因是「沒有實際用途以支持在業務上應用個人電腦」(83.2%),其次是「缺乏對應用個人電腦有認識的員工」(31.6%)。(表 2.5及 2.6)

互聯網的應用

2.8 這部分分析各機構單位連接互聯網的情況、各機構單位所使用的互聯網功能及連接互聯網方法的情況。

- 2.6 Of those establishments that had installed PCs, 98.0% had installed or had access to word processing application software. On the other hand, 21.0% had installed or had access to tailor-made computer system. (Tables 2.3 and 2.4)
- 2.7 Only 1.7% of the establishments not using PCs at present had planned to install PCs. Among those that had intended to install PCs, 75.1% planned to do so by 2009. As for those not intending to install PCs, the most commonly cited reason was "lack of practical use for a sound business case of adoption of PCs" (83.2%). Another commonly cited reason was "lack of personnel familiar with using PCs" (31.6%). (Tables 2.5 and 2.6)

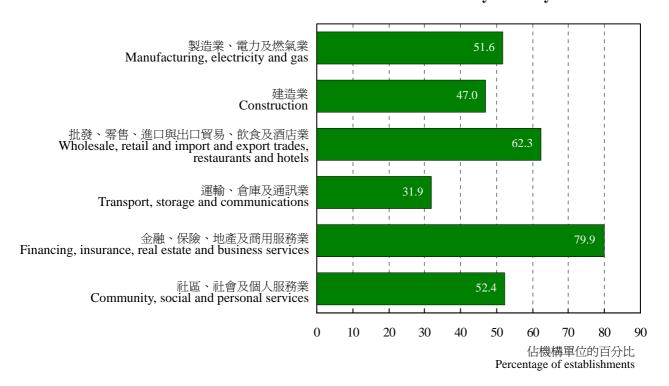
Internet usage

2.8 This section analysed the extent of establishments having Internet connection, the general functions of Internet usage and methods of Internet connection.

2.9 約58.8%的機構單位已連接互聯網,佔有使用個人電腦的機構單位的93.3%。與個人電腦的使用情況類似,有連接互聯網的大型機構單位的百分比(95.3%)遠高於中型(85.1%)及小型(54.4%)的機構單位,反映互聯網已成爲大部分大型機構單位的重要通訊途徑。按行業類別分析,金融、保險、地產及商用服務業的百分比最高(79.9%),而最低的則是運輸、倉庫及通訊業(31.9%)。(表 3.1 及圖 2.4)

2.9 Around 58.8% of all establishments, or 93.3% of the establishments using PCs had Internet connection. Similar to the usage of PCs, the percentage of establishments having Internet connection was much higher for large establishments (95.3%) than medium establishments (85.1%) and small establishments (54.4%). This reflected that Internet had become an important means of communication in most of the large establishments. Analysed by industry sector, the percentage was the highest for the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (79.9%) and the lowest for the transport, storage and communications sector (31.9%). (Table 3.1 and Chart 2.4)

圖 2.4 : 按行業類別劃分的連接互聯網普及率 Chart 2.4 : Penetration rate of Internet connection by industry sector



2.10 在互聯網的各種用途中,98.2%有連接互聯網的機構單位通常使用「電子郵件」,其次是「網上搜集一般資料」(97.2%)及「網上獲取貨品、服務或資料」(96.8%)。(表3.2)

2.10 Among the various types of Internet usage, 98.2% of the establishments having Internet connection usually used "electronic-mail", followed by "on-line sourcing of general information" (97.2%) and "on-line receipt of goods, services or information" (96.8%). (Table 3.2)

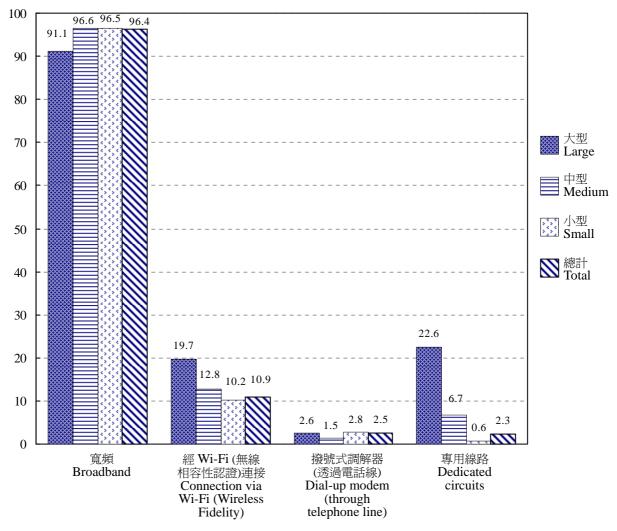
2.11 按連接互聯網的方法分析,有96.4%的機構單位利用寬頻上網,而透過Wi-Fi(無線相容性認證)上網的則有10.9%。使用電話線撥號式調解器及專用線路連接上網的機構單位分別有2.5%及2.3%。(表3.3及圖2.5)

2.11 Analysed by method of connection, 96.4% of the establishments used Broadband connection to access the Internet while 10.9% of the establishments connected via Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity). Connection to the Internet via dial-up modem through telephone lines and dedicated circuits were reported by 2.5% and 2.3% of the establishments respectively. (Table 3.3 and Chart 2.5)

圖 2.5 : 按機構單位就業人數組別劃分的連接互聯網的方式(1)

Chart 2.5 : Method of Internet connection⁽¹⁾ by employment size of establishments

佔機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments



(1) 可選擇多於一種連接方式。

May select more than one connection method.

2.12 互聯網的應用對機構單位的業務 運作有着不同程度的影響。對於認為影響 程度較高的機構單位來說,互聯網已成為 「獲取更多市場資訊」(42.1%)和「增 強與商業合作伙伴的溝通」(40.0%)的 渠道。另一方面,對於認為互聯網帶來中 度影響的機構單位來說,較多認為使用互 聯網可以「增加業務的靈活性及競爭力」 (35.8%),而認為互聯網帶來較低影響 的機構單位中則較多認為使用互聯網可以 「增加收入」(27.0%)。(表 3.4)

2.13 約 98.1%現時沒有連接互聯網的機構單位並未有計劃連接互聯網。最常提及的原因是「沒有實際用途以支持在業務上應用互聯網服務」(83.2%),其次是「缺乏熟悉互聯網的員工」(26.8%)。在有計劃連接互聯網的機構單位中,86.2%預計將在二零零九年或之前連接。(表 3.5 及 3.6)

就業人士在工作上使用個人電腦 和互聯網的情況

- 2.14 統計調查除了向機構單位收集有關個人電腦和互聯網的普及程度資料外,還收集有關機構單位內的就業人士在工作上使用個人電腦和互聯網的百分比的資料。
- 2.15 根據統計調查的結果,在統計調查 範圍內的機構單位中約有58.4%的就業人 士在工作上使用個人電腦。就業人士在工 作上使用個人電腦的百分比以金融、保 險、地產及商用服務業最高(75.6%), 而最低的是建造業(43.6%)。(表 3.7)

2.12 The usage of Internet created different degrees of impact on the establishments. Internet became the channel of "improved access to market information" (42.1%) and "improved communication with business partner" (40.0%) in those establishments for which Internet had bigger impact on their business operation. On the other hand, in those establishments for which the degree of impact of using Internet was medium, more of them thought that Internet "enhanced business agility and competitiveness" (35.8%). Among those establishments for which the degree of impact of using Internet was low, more of them thought that Internet could "increase revenue" (27.0%). (Table 3.4)

2.13 About 98.1% of the establishments not having Internet connection at present had no intention to do so. The most commonly cited reason for not intending to do so was "lack of practical use for a sound business case of adoption of Internet services" (83.2%). Another commonly cited reason was "lack of personnel familiar with Internet" (26.8%). For those establishments that intended to have Internet connection, 86.2% expected that they would do so by 2009. (Tables 3.5 and 3.6)

Employed persons using personal computers and **Internet** at work

- 2.14 Apart from collecting information on PC and Internet penetration at establishment level, information on the proportion of employed persons using PCs and Internet at work in the establishments concerned was also collected in the survey.
- 2.15 The survey results indicated that some 58.4% of the employed persons in the establishments covered in the survey used PCs at work. The percentage of employed persons using PCs at work was the highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (75.6%), and the lowest in the construction sector (43.6%). (Table 3.7)

2.16 就業人士在工作上使用互聯網的情況與工作上使用個人電腦的情況相若,有關的百分比是51.4%。金融、保險、地產及商用服務業的就業人士使用互聯網的百分比最高(62.8%),而建造業的就業人士則最低(38.9%)。(表3.7)

推動機構單位更多使用資訊科技的因素

2.17 對於不少機構單位來說,「資訊科技對業務有裨益」(83.0%)會是推動他們更多使用資訊科技的主要因素。有些機構單位則指出,如果「資訊科技產品的購置和保養成本降低」(18.2%)以及「有懂得應用資訊科技的員工」(14.5%),他們會更積極使用資訊科技。(表3.8)

其他網絡的應用

- 2.18 統計調查也探討了工商業採用其 他類別網絡的程度,包括局部區域網絡 (LAN)、內聯網和外聯網。這些指標有 助分析工商界運用資訊科技推行更多複雜 應用系統的準備情況。
- 2.19 根據統計調查的結果,約有27.7%的機構單位已鋪設了局部區域網絡以共用資源,比率最高的是金融、保險、地產及商用服務業(44.4%)。另一方面,鋪設局部區域網絡的機構單位以大型機構單位為主(84.2%),普及程度勝於中型(57.2%)和小型(22.4%)機構單位。(表3.9)

2.16 Exhibiting similar pattern as that of using PCs at work, the percentage of employed persons using Internet at work was 51.4%. While employed persons in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector had the highest percentage of using Internet at work (62.8%), those in the construction sector had the lowest proportion (38.9%). (Table 3.7)

Motivating factors for adopting information technology (IT) more

2.17 "Having business benefits to use IT" (83.0%) was the core factor that could motivate establishments to adopt IT more. Some other establishments pointed out that if they could get "lower cost in procuring and maintaining IT products" (18.2%) and "had personnel familiar with IT within the firm" (14.5%), they were more likely to adopt IT in their business operation. (Table 3.8)

Other network usage

- 2.18 The extent of adopting different types of network including local area network (LAN), intranet and extranet in the business sector was also explored in the survey. These indicators could help analyse the readiness of businesses to implement more sophisticated applications with information technology.
- 2.19 The survey results indicated that some 27.7% of the establishments had set up LAN for sharing resources, with the highest percentage recorded in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (44.4%). On the other hand, having LAN connection was predominantly more prevalent in large establishments (84.2%) than in medium (57.2%) and small establishments (22.4%). (Table 3.9)

- 2.20 約有11.0%的機構單位設置內聯網作內部的通訊網絡。大型的機構單位(64.3%)比中型(29.2%)和小型機構單位(7.3%)有較大傾向設置內聯網。(表 3.9)
- 2.21 採用外聯網與對外的業務伙伴互 通信息的情況仍然不甚普遍。根據統計調 查結果,只有4.6%的機構單位設置外聯 網。大型機構單位採用外聯網的比率最 高,佔28.6%。除了成本因素外,將網絡延伸 至機構單位以外的機構、顧客及供應商等也牽 涉複雜的技術,因而局限了外聯網的採用。 (表3.9)

數碼證書的應用

- 2.22 有關數碼證書應用的分析包括所有核證機關發出的數碼證書。這些機關包括所有香港的核證機關(無論是否根據電子交易條例獲認可)及香港以外的核證機關。在二零零八年,共有17.6%的機構單位擁有數碼證書,而這些機構單位平均各擁有1.8張數碼證書。(表4.1及4.2)
- 2.23 調查結果顯示,98.0%擁有數碼證書的機構單位在訪問前十二個月內曾經使用數碼證書。在這些機構單位中,有87.0%表示使用數碼證書是爲了「對外與政府及有關機構進行交易/交換資料」。數碼證書的另一個普遍用途是「對外與其他貿易伙伴進行交易/交換資料」(25.0%)。(表4.3及4.4)
- 2.24 在已擁有數碼證書但在訪問前十二個 月並未有使用該證書的機構單位中, 65.8%認爲「沒有使用數碼證書加強保安 的需要」是未有使用數碼證書的主要原 因。(表 4.5)

- 2.20 About 11.0% of the establishments deployed intranet for intra-company network communication. Large establishments had a higher propensity to set up intranet (64.3%) than medium (29.2%) and small establishments (7.3%). (Table 3.9)
- 2.21 The adoption of extranet for sharing business information with external business partners was still limited. As reflected from the survey results, only 4.6% of the establishments had set up extranet. The adoption rate was the highest for large establishments, being 28.6%. Apart from the cost considerations, the technical complexity involved in extending the network to external organisations, customers and suppliers etc. might have limited the adoption of extranet. (Table 3.9)

Digital certificate usage

- 2.22 Analysis on digital certificate (D-cert) usage covers D-cert issued by all types of Certification Authorities (CAs). Local CAs, be they recognised under the Electronic Transactions Ordinance (ETO) or not, are included. CAs outside Hong Kong are counted as well. 17.6% of establishments were found to have D-certs in 2008 and these establishments on average had 1.8 D-certs per establishment. (Tables 4.1 and 4.2)
- 2.23 The survey showed that 98.0% of the establishments having D-certs had used their D-certs in the twelve months before enumeration. "Business transaction/exchange of information with Government and related organisations" was the most common usage of D-certs, by 87.0% of those establishments having used D-certs in the twelve months before enumeration. Another common usage of D-certs was "business transaction/exchange of information with other business partners" (25.0%). (Tables 4.3 and 4.4)
- 2.24 For those establishments having D-certs but had not used their D-certs in the twelve months before enumeration, 65.8% opined that "no need to enhance security by using digital certificate" was the major reason. (Table 4.5)

2.25 那些現時沒有數碼證書的機構單位中,只有0.2%有計劃申請使用。他們並未有計劃申請使用數碼證書的的主要原因是「沒有提供數碼簽署的需要」(46.5%),而有些則「甚少透過電子途徑進行商業交易」(39.3%)。(表4.6及4.7)

網頁/網站的應用

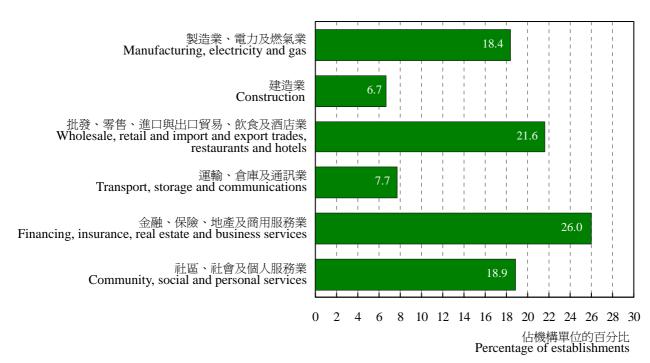
- 2.26 這項統計調查探討機構單位使用網頁/網站的情況,不論其網頁是附設在其他機構單位/組織的網站內,或是放置在該機構單位的註冊領域名稱之下。
- 2.27 這部分分析有設立網頁/網站或擁有網絡伺服器的機構單位分布,亦分析機構單位把其網頁/網站連接到本身的資料庫及其商業伙伴的電腦系統的情況。
- 2.28 約19.3%的機構單位有設立網頁/網站。在各主要行業類別中,金融、保險、地產及商用服務業有設立網頁/網站的百分比(26.0%)最高,其次是批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、飲食及酒店業(21.6%)。與個人電腦及互聯網的使用情況相若,大型機構單位設立網頁/網站的百分比(75.3%),明顯較中型(45.0%)及小型(14.5%)機構單位的百分比爲高。(表5.1及圖 2.6)

2.25 For those not having D-certs at present, only 0.2% had planned to apply for them. Most of the establishments that did not intend to have D-certs had "no need to provide digital signature" (46.5%). Also, some of the establishments had "little use of electronic means in business transactions" (39.3%). (Tables 4.6 and 4.7)

Webpage/Website usage

- 2.26 In this survey, the usage of webpage/website was studied, regardless of whether the webpage was attached to the website of other establishments/organisations, or was placed under the registered domain name of the establishment.
- 2.27 The distribution of establishments having webpages/websites or web servers was analysed. The extent of establishments connecting their webpages/websites with their related in-firm databases and with their business partners' computer systems was also analysed in this section.
- 2.28 About 19.3% of the establishments had set up their webpages/websites. Among the major industry sectors, the percentage of establishments having webpages/websites was the highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (26.0%), followed by the wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels sector (21.6%). Exhibiting similar pattern as PC and Internet usages, the percentage for setting up webpages/websites was much higher for large establishments (75.3%) than medium (45.0%) and small establishments (14.5%). (Table 5.1 and Chart 2.6)

圖 2.6 : 按行業類別劃分的網頁/網站的應用 Chart 2.6 : Webpage/Website usage by industry sector



- 2.29 全部有設立網頁/網站的機構單位均在他們的網頁/網站提供有關其機構單位及產品和服務的資料。此外,分別有34.2%及20.9%設有網頁/網站的機構單位會在網上收集顧客的意見和處理商業查詢。14.8%的機構單位則透過其網頁/網站提供網上遞送產品及服務,而5.3%的機構單位利用其網頁/網站提供網上訂購產品及服務。(表5.2)
- 2.30 在已設立網頁/網站的機構單位中,38.9%同時擁有本身的網絡伺服器;18.4%已把網頁/網站連接到機構內的資料庫;另外有5.8%已把網頁/網站連接到商業伙伴的電腦系統。(表5.3)
- 2.31 在那些擁有網頁/網站但沒有把網頁/網站連接到本身的資料庫的機構單位中,1.5%有計劃實行連接,而其中40.1%計劃在二零零八年年底前竣工。(表 5.4)

- 2.29 All of the establishments having webpages/websites provided information about their own establishments and their products and services offered on their webpages/websites, while 34.2% collected feedback from customers on-line and 20.9% handled business enquiries on-line. 14.8% of those establishments offered on-line delivery of their products and services and 5.3% supported on-line ordering of their products and services on their webpages/websites. (Table 5.2)
- 2.30 Among establishments having webpages/websites, 38.9% had their own web servers; 18.4% had their webpages/websites connected to their related in-firm databases; and 5.8% had their webpages/websites connected to business partners' computer systems. (Table 5.3)
- 2.31 For those establishments having webpages/websites but not yet connected to their related in-firm databases, 1.5% had intended to do so, and within which, 40.1% had planned to have the connection done by end-2008. (Table 5.4)

- 2.32 那些擁有網頁/網站但沒有連接 到商業伙伴電腦系統的機構單位中,只有 0.7%計劃實行連接,而其中82.8%計劃在二 零零九年或之前進行連接安裝。(表5.5)
- 2.33 在現時沒有設立網頁/網站的機構單位中,93.6%並無計劃設立網頁/網站。(表5.6)
- 2.34 在現時沒有設立網頁/網站但有 此計劃的16 000間機構單位中,約29.8% 準備在二零零八年年底前設立其網頁/網 站,另外有57.9%則計劃在二零零九年設 立。(表5.6)
- 2.35 至於未有計劃設立本身的網頁/網站的機構單位,其主要原因是認為「沒有實際用途以支持爲業務設立網頁或網站」(81.9%)。其次是由於機構單位本身「缺乏熟悉建立/保養網頁或網站的員工」(21.0%)。(表5.7)

行業入門網站

2.36 行業入門網站主要爲相應行業的機構單位提供各種資訊及網上服務。統計調查訪問了各行業機構單位對於所屬行業入門網站的認知及使用模式,同時亦收集了有關機構單位在所屬行業入門網站中曾使用的服務種類及沒有使用有關網站的原因的資料,加以分析。

- 2.32 For those establishments having webpages/websites but not yet connected to the computer systems of their business partners, only 0.7% had intended to do so, and within which, about 82.8% had planned to have the connection installed by 2009. (Table 5.5)
- 2.33 Among those establishments which did not have their own webpages/websites currently, 93.6% had no intention to have one. (Table 5.6)
- 2.34 Among the 16 000 establishments not having their own webpages/websites currently but intending to have such, about 29.8% had planned to do so by end-2008, and another 57.9% in 2009. (Table 5.6)
- 2.35 For those establishments not intending to have their own webpages/websites, the major reason was "lack of practical use for a sound business case to set up a webpage or website" (81.9%). Another commonly cited reason was "lack of personnel familiar with developing/maintaining a webpage or website" (21.0%). (Table 5.7)

Portal sites for industries

2.36 An industry portal site primarily provides different types of information and online services for establishments in the industry concerned. Questions were asked on the awareness and usage pattern of industry portal sites by establishments in different industry sectors. Information on the types of services used and the reasons for not using portal sites for industries were also gathered and analysed.

2.37 結果顯示,有11.6%的機構單位表示有使用所屬行業入門網站。按行業類別分析,有使用所屬行業入門網站的機構單位百分比最高的行業是金融、保險、地產及商用服務業(16.4%),其次爲批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、飲食及酒店業(13.2%)。按就業人數組別分析,有使用入門網站的大型機構單位的百分比(22.0%)較中型(16.0%)及小型(10.8%)機構單位爲多。(表 5.8)

2.38 在曾經使用所屬行業入門網站的機構單位當中,大部分利用有關網站獲取「行業動態及資訊」(76.1%),其次是用作「貨品及公司搜尋」(39.4%)、「廣告、市場推廣及商業配對服務」(26.4%)及「討論平台」(14.8%)。(表5.9)

電子商業

2.39 這部分是以四個層面去分析不同 形式的商業活動,分別為預訂或購買;獲 取;售賣;及遞送貨品、服務或資料,並 分析每個層面在交易時使用電子途徑的情 況。電子途徑包括互聯網、交互式應答系 統及專用私人網絡等媒介。

2.40 在二零零八年,59.5%的機構單位 曾在受訪前十二個月內透過電子途徑進行 一類或多於一類的商業活動,與二零零七 年的情況相若。 2.37 The results showed that 11.6% of establishments had used portal sites for their own industries. Analysed by industry sector, the percentage of establishments having used portal sites for their industries was the highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services (16.4%), followed by wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels (13.2%). When analysed by employment size, it was found that a larger percentage of large establishments (22.0%) had used portal sites for their own industries when comparing to medium (16.0%) and small (10.8%) establishments. (Table 5.8)

2.38 Among those establishments which had used the portal sites for their own industries, the majority made use of the portal sites for obtaining "industry news and information" (76.1%), followed by "product and company search" (39.4%), "advertising, marketing and business matching service" (26.4%) and "discussion forum" (14.8%). (Table 5.9)

Electronic business

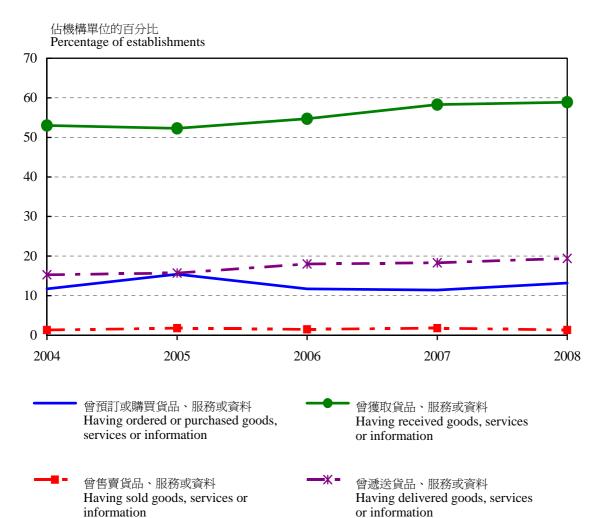
2.39 In this section, various business activities were analysed under four categories, viz. order or purchase; receipt; sales; and delivery of goods, services or information. For each category, the extent of transactions made through electronic means was analysed. Electronic means include media such as the Internet, interactive response system and designated private network.

2.40 In 2008, 59.5% of establishments had undertaken business activities of one type or another through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration, broadly similar to the situation in 2007.

- (a) 透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服 務或資料
- 2.41 在這項統計調查中,只有那些透過電子途徑確認整個預訂或購買過程的機構單位才被視爲有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料。
- 2.42 只有13.2%的機構單位在訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料,反映透過電子途徑的訂購運作仍然非常有限。當中,以金融、保險、地產及商用服務業(29.7%)和一般大型機構單位(31.1%)的有關百分比較高。(表6.1及圖2.7)
- 2.43 曾透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位之中,有72.2% 認為該途徑使業務運作「更加方便」,亦有不少認為能夠「節省時間」(53.7%)。(表6.2)
- 2.44 有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位主要用以「預訂或補購存貨」(49.7%)。有些機構單位亦會以電子途徑預訂或購買「電子產品包括電腦硬件、軟件及相關消耗用品」(26.9%)、「政府的貨品、服務或資料」(17.9%)、「旅遊服務」(16.2%)以及「金融產品及服務(例如股票、保險或投資基金)」(8.1%)。(表6.3)

- (a) Ordering or purchases of goods, services or information through electronic means
- 2.41 In this survey, an establishment is regarded to have ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means if the confirmation of order or purchase is completely done through electronic means.
- 2.42 Purchasing through electronic means was still very limited, as only 13.2% of the establishments had ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. Among those establishments, the relevant percentages were the highest for the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (29.7%) and for large establishments (31.1%). (Table 6.1 and Chart 2.7)
- 2.43 Among establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means, 72.2% opined that such means was "more convenient" to business operation. A number of the establishments also pointed out that such means consumed "less processing time" (53.7%). (Table 6.2)
- 2.44 Establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means mainly "ordered or purchased for replenishment of inventory" (49.7%). Some establishments had also ordered or purchased "electronic products including computer hardware, software and their consumables" (26.9%), "Government goods, services or information" (17.9%), "travel service" (16.2%) and also "financial instruments and services (e.g. securities, insurance or investment funds)" (8.1%). (Table 6.3)

Chart 2.7 : Penetration of electronic business in the business sector

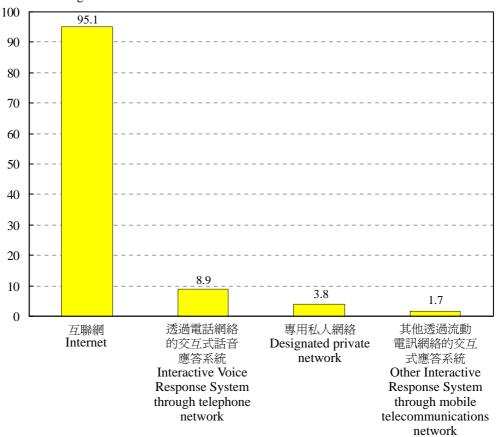


2.45 按所使用的電子途徑種類分析,曾 透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位中,95.1%透過互聯網進 行,8.9%使用交互式話音應答系統,3.8% 使用專用私人網絡,而1.7%則使用其他透 過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如 短訊服務)。(表6.4及圖 2.8) 2.45 Analysed by various electronic means used, 95.1% of those establishments having ordered or purchased through electronic means had done so through the Internet, 8.9% through Interactive Voice Response System (IVRS), 3.8% through designated private network and 1.7% using other interactive response system through mobile telecommunications network (e.g. Short Message Service). (Table 6.4 and Chart 2.8)

- 圖 2.8 : 按所使用的主要電子途徑種類(1)劃分的預訂或購買貨品、服
 - 務或資料
- Chart 2.8 : Ordering or purchasing goods, services or information by

major type of electronic means used⁽¹⁾

佔機構單位的百分比 Percentage of establishments



- (1) 可選擇多於一種電子途徑種類。 May select more than one type of electronic means.
- 2.46 41.2%和32.5%的機構單位表示在二零零七年透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的總值佔總購買開支的百分比分別爲少於1%和1-5%,而約有18.4%的機構單位表示該百分比多於10%。在有透過互聯網預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,58.2%表示曾經在網上支付部分的款項。(表6.5及6.6)
- 2.46 Regarding the value of order or purchase through electronic means as a percentage to the total value of purchase in 2007, 41.2% and 32.5% of the establishments indicated that the value of e-purchase contributed to less than 1% and 1-5% of their total value of purchase respectively. Some 18.4% indicated that e-purchase contributed to more than 10% of their total value of purchase. Among establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through Internet, 58.2% of them indicated that they had made part of the payment through Internet. (Tables 6.5 and 6.6)

- 2.47 機構單位未曾透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或資料的最普遍原因是 認為「沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過 電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料」 (67.3%)。其次的原因是「業內並不普遍」 (27.0%)。(表6.7)
- (b) 透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或 資料
- 2.48 在這項統計調查中,網上瀏覽資料 亦視爲透過電子途徑獲取資料。至於透過 電子途徑獲取的貨品,只限於能以電子途 徑傳遞的貨品及服務,如套裝軟件及歌 曲。這項統計調查分別就獲取政府貨品、 服務或資料及其他貨品、服務或資料的情 況作分析。
- 2.49 約58.9%的機構單位在訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料。其中82.7%曾透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料,96.6%曾獲取其他貨品、服務或資料。(表7.1及圖2.7)

政府貨品、服務或資料

2.50 政府近年積極提供電子平台,讓機 構單位獲取政府的貨品、服務或資料。

- 2.47 The most common reason for establishments not having ordered or purchased through electronic means was "lack of practical use for a sound business case to order or purchase goods, services or information through electronic means" (67.3%). Another common reason was "not popular in the industry" (27.0%). (Table 6.7)
- (b) Receipt of goods, services or information through electronic means
- 2.48 In this survey, browsing of information on the Internet is also regarded as receiving information through electronic means. Goods and services received through electronic means are only restricted to products which could be transmitted through electronic media, such as software packages and songs. Separate analyses were made in the survey on Government goods, services or information and other goods, services or information.
- 2.49 Some 58.9% of the establishments had received goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. Among those establishments, 82.7% had received Government goods, services or information through electronic means and 96.6% had received other types of goods, services or information. (Table 7.1 and Chart 2.7)

Government goods, services or information

2.50 The Government has taken initiatives to provide related electronic platform for establishments to receive Government goods, services or information.

2.51 統計調查結果顯示,約48.7%的機構單位在訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料。在這些機構單位中,97.7%是透過個人電腦連接互聯網獲取有關貨品、服務或資料。就所使用的電子平台的種類而言,66.6%的機構單位是透過香港政府一站通(www.gov.hk)獲取。按所獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的類別分析,大部分(93.3%)表示曾「獲取、瀏覽或尋找其他資料」,而33.4%則表示曾透過電子途徑「遞交與貿易有關的文件」。(表7.1、7.2及7.3)

2.52 至於未曾透過電子途徑獲取政府 貨品、服務或資料的原因,是由於「沒有 實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑獲 取政府貨品、服務或資料」(67.2%)。 另外,有24.2%表示機構單位「缺乏熟悉 透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料 的員工」。(表7.4)

其他非政府提供的貨品、服務或資料

2.53 約 56.9% 的機構單位在訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑獲取其他非政府提供的貨品、服務或資料。按行業類別分析,金融、保險、地產及商用服務業機構單位的百分比最高(78.8%),而運輸、倉庫及通訊業的百分比則最低(31.4%)。按就業人數組別分析,大型機構單位的百分比明顯較高(92.9%)。(表 7.1)

2.51 The survey results showed that about 48.7% of the establishments had received Government goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. Among those establishments, 97.7% had done so through Internet via PCs. As regards the type of electronic platform used, 66.6% of them used the GovHK(www.gov.hk). Analysed by type of Government goods, services or information received, most (93.3%) of them "received, browsed or searched for other information" and 33.4% revealed that they had "submitted trade-related documents" through electronic means. (Tables 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3)

2.52 As regards the reasons for not receiving Government goods, services or information through electronic means, the most commonly cited reason was "lack of practical use for a sound business case to receive Government goods, services and information through electronic means" (67.2%). Another common reason was "lack of personnel familiar with receiving Government goods, services or information through electronic means" (24.2%). (Table 7.4)

Goods, services or information other than from Government

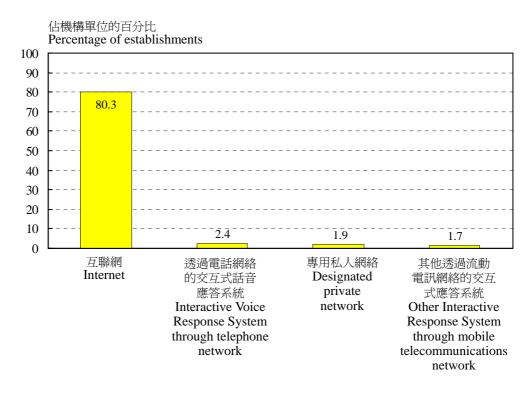
2.53 About 56.9% of the establishments had received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. Analysed by industry sector, the percentage was the highest for establishments in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (78.8%) and the lowest for the transport, storage and communications sector (31.4%). Analysed by establishment size, the percentage for large establishments was much higher (92.9%). (Table 7.1)

- 2.54 在曾透過電子途徑獲取其他非政府提供的貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,大部分(97.7%)表示曾獲取、瀏覽或尋找資料。另外,有33.9%曾獲取「電子金融服務」,20.6%曾「獲取數碼形式的產品及服務」,以及有4.6%表示曾「獲取網上客戶服務」。就所使用的電子途徑而言,互聯網最爲普及,約97.1%該類機構單位曾使用此電子途徑。(表7.5及7.6)
- 2.55 未曾透過電子途徑獲取其他非政府提供的貨品、服務或資料的普遍原因同樣是因為「沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料」(77.0%)。其次的原因是「缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料的員工」(20.4%)。(表 7.7)
- (c) 透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或 資料
- 2.56 在這項統計調查中,只有那些有提供並接納客戶透過電子途徑預訂或購買其貨品及服務的機構單位才會被視爲有透過電子途徑售賣其貨品、服務或資料。
- 2.57 只有很少機構單位(1.3%)在被訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料,其中,以大型機構單位的百分比相對較高(6.8%)。(表8.1及圖 2.7)
- 2.58 互聯網是最廣爲用作售賣貨品、服務或資料的電子途徑。在曾透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,約80.3%透過互聯網售賣其貨品、服務或資料。(表8.2及圖2.9)

- 2.54 Of those establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means, most (97.7%) of them had received, browsed or searched for information. Moreover, 33.9% had received "electronic financial services", 20.6% had "received products and services in digital form" and 4.6% expressed that they had received "on-line customer services". Of the various types of electronic means used, Internet was the most common, having been used by 97.1% of those establishments. (Tables 7.5 and 7.6)
- 2.55 Again, the common reason for not having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means was "lack of practical use for a sound business case to receive goods, services and information through electronic means" (77.0%). Another common reason was "lack of personnel familiar with receiving goods, services or information through electronic means" (20.4%). (Table 7.7)
- (c) Sales of goods, services or information through electronic means
- 2.56 In this survey, an establishment is considered to have sold its goods, services or information through electronic means if it offers and accepts orders or purchases that are placed completely through electronic means.
- 2.57 Only a very small percentage (1.3%) of establishments had sold goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration, whereas the percentage for large establishments was relatively higher (6.8%). (Table 8.1 and Chart 2.7)
- 2.58 Internet was the most common electronic means for selling goods, services or information. About 80.3% of those establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means had used it. (Table 8.2 and Chart 2.9)

2.59 結果顯示,分別有75.0%及52.0%的 有關機構單位表示,他們透過電子途徑售 賣貨品、服務或資料的主要原因是它能夠 「擴充市場及拓展商機」及「提高業務靈 活性及增強競爭力」。(表8.3) 2.59 Concerning the reasons for selling goods, services or information through electronic means, "to expand market and explore business opportunities" and "to increase business agility and enhance competitiveness" were cited by 75.0% and 52.0% of those establishments respectively. (Table 8.3)

圖 2.9 : 按所使用的主要電子途徑種類⁽¹⁾劃分的售賣貨品、服務或資料 Chart 2.9 : Selling of goods, services or information by major type of electronic means used⁽¹⁾



- (1) 可選擇多於一種電子途徑種類。 May select more than one type of electronic means.
- 2.60 在二零零七年透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料所獲取的業務收益為 983 億港元,佔所有涵蓋行業類別總業務收益的 1.16%。在透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料所獲取的收益中,透過專用私人網絡及互聯網售賣所佔的百分比分別為 53.4%及 44.0%。按顧客組別分析,透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料予消費者所帶來的業務收益佔有關機構單位的總收益的 64.9%。(表 8.4)

2.60 The value of business receipts from selling of goods, services or information through electronic means amounted to HK\$98.3 billion in 2007, representing 1.16% of the total business receipts of all selected industry sectors. Analysed by type of electronic means used, about 53.4% of the e-commerce business receipts were through designated private network and 44.0% were through Internet. As regards the customer groups involved, business receipts from consumers contributed 64.9% of the total e-commerce receipts of the establishments. (Table 8.4)

- 2.61 在有透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位中,76.4%表示曾經在網上 收取部分的款項。而在有透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中, 有 56.2%接受信用咭付款。其次是使用 電子銀行服務(37.4%)及不屬電子途 徑的付款方式(28.2%)。(表 8.5 及 8.6)
- 2.62 在未曾透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,98.9%並未有計劃這樣做,普遍的原因是「沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料」(61.7%)。其次的原因是「業內並不普遍」(25.5%)。(表8.7及8.8)
- 2.63 至於那些有計劃在將來透過電子 途徑售賣其貨品、服務或資料的機構單位 中,92.9%預計在二零零九年或之前實行。 (表8.7)
- (d) 透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料
- 2.64 在這項統計調查中,遞送數碼形式 的產品及服務,以及把有關機構單位或其 產品及服務的資料放在互聯網上,均被視 爲有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料。
- 2.65 約19.4%的機構單位在訪問前的十二個月內曾透過電子途徑遞送其貨品、服務或資料。其中以金融、保險、地產及商用服務業機構單位有此做法的百分比最高(26.4%)。(表 9.1及圖2.7)

- 2.61 Among establishments having sold goods, services or information through Internet, 76.4% of them indicated that they had received part of the payment through Internet. Of all establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means, 56.2% accepted payments to be settled by credit cards, followed by electronic banking services (37.4%) and non-electronic payment methods (28.2%). (Tables 8.5 and 8.6)
- 2.62 Among those establishments not having sold goods, services or information through electronic means, 98.9% had no intention of doing so. The major reason was "lack of practical use for a sound business case to sell goods, services or information through electronic means" (61.7%). Another reason was "not popular in the industry" (25.5%). (Tables 8.7 and 8.8)
- 2.63 As for those establishments intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means in future, 92.9% expected to do so by 2009. (Table 8.7)
- (d) Delivery of goods, services or information through electronic means
- 2.64 In this survey, delivery of products and services in digital form and placing information about an establishment or its products and services on the Internet are both considered to be delivery of goods, services or information through electronic means.
- 2.65 About 19.4% of the establishments had delivered their goods, services or information through electronic means in the twelve months before enumeration. The percentage was the highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (26.4%). (Table 9.1 and Chart 2.7)

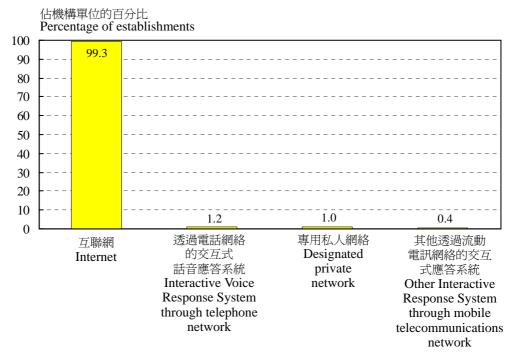
2.66 曾透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位之中,大部分(99.3%)都 是透過網站提供機構單位/產品及服務的 資料。透過互聯網遞送貨品、服務或資料 最爲普遍,約99.3%的該類機構單位曾使用 此途徑。(表 9.2、9.3及圖2.10) 2.66 For those establishments having delivered their goods, services or information through electronic means, the majority (99.3%) were involved in providing own information of the establishments/products and services on the websites. Internet was the most common electronic medium for delivering goods, services or information. Around 99.3% of those establishments had used such channel. (Tables 9.2, 9.3 and Chart 2.10)

圖 2.10 : 按所使用的主要電子途徑種類(1)劃分的遞送貨品、服

務或資料

Chart 2.10 : Delivery of goods, services or information by major

type of electronic means used⁽¹⁾



(1) 可選擇多於一種電子途徑種類。
May select more than one type of electronic means.

2.67 有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位認為此項做法最能「擴充 市場及拓展商機」(77.5%)、「改善對 顧客的服務」(56.3%)及「提高業務靈 活性及增強競爭力」(46.8%)。(表 9.4) 2.67 Regarding the reasons for delivering goods, services or information through electronic means, most establishments thought that such practice was able "to expand market and explore business opportunities" (77.5%), "to improve customer services" (56.3%) and "to increase business agility and enhance competitiveness" (46.8%). (Table 9.4)

2.68 有 93.6%機構單位未有計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料。他們主要認為「沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料」(72.1%),其次的原因是「業內並不普遍」(23.8%)。(表 9.5 及 9.6)

2.69 至於那些有計劃在將來透過電子 途徑遞送其貨品、服務或資料的機構單位 中,87.7%預計在二零零九年或之前實行。 (表9.5)

資訊科技項目的財政預算

2.70 這部分主要探討商業機構的資訊 科技項目的財政預算情況,以了解各行業 在資訊科技中所投放的資源。調查主要把 二零零八年的資訊科技項目的財政預算與 二零零七年作出比較,並把二零零九年的 預算與二零零八年的預算比較加以分析。

2.71 調查結果顯示,只有 5.6%機構單位為資訊科技開支項目訂下二零零八年財政預算,相反,大部分(88.1%)的機構單位均沒有此預算。按行業類別劃分,較多的金融、保險、地產及商用服務業機構單位(11.4%)曾為資訊科技作出預算。此外,大型機構單位(47.0%)中有為資訊科技訂下二零零八年財政預算的百分比較中型(11.4%)及小型(3.8%)機構單位為高。(表 10.1)

2.72 另一方面,有爲資訊科技項目訂下 二零零九年的財政預算的機構單位有 2.6%,而 89.0%的機構單位則沒有此預 算。跟二零零八年的資訊科技預算的情況 相若,較多的金融、保險、地產及商用服 務業機構單位(5.7%)爲二零零九年的資 訊科技訂下財政預算。而有訂下二零零九 年的有關財政預算的大型機構單位的百分 比(24.8%)亦較中型(5.9%)及小型 (1.6%)機構單位多。(表 10.2) 2.68 Among those establishments not having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means, 93.6% had no plan to do so. The major reason was "lack of practical use for a sound business case to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means" (72.1%). Another reason was "not popular in the industry" (23.8%).

(Tables 9.5 and 9.6)

2.69 As regards those establishments intending to deliver their goods, services or information through electronic means in future, 87.7% expected to do so by 2009. (Table 9.5)

Budget for IT

2.70 Business budgets for IT were analysed under this section, in order to understand how industry sectors allocated their resources on IT. The survey mainly compared the IT budgets in 2007 and 2008, and also analysed the comparison of IT budgets between 2008 and 2009.

2.71 The survey showed that only 5.6% of the establishments had a budget for IT for 2008, whereas the majority (88.1%) had no such plan. According to analyses by industry sector, more establishments in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (11.4%) had a budget for IT for 2008. In addition, a higher percentage of large establishments (47.0%) than medium (11.4%) and small establishments (3.8%) had defined a budget for IT for 2008. (Table 10.1)

2.72 Furthermore, 2.6% of the establishments set a budget for IT for 2009, while 89.0% of them did not have such plan. Similar to the pattern for 2008 budget, more establishments in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (5.7%) had prepared an IT budget for 2009. A larger percentage of large establishments (24.8%) had a budget for IT when compared to medium (5.9%) and small establishments (1.6%). (Table 10.2)

- 2.73 在二零零八年有爲資訊科技開支項目訂下財政預算的機構單位之中,有68.2%的財政預算較二零零七年有所增加,20.9%則保持不變,而有6.5%減少財政預算。(表10.3)
- 2.74 至於有訂下二零零九年資訊科技開支項目財政預算的機構單位中,有55.9%表示二零零九年較二零零八年的預算有所增加,17.7%則表示沒有改變,而有3.0%則表示預算會有所減少。(表10.4)
- 2.73 Among establishments having budget for IT expenditure for 2008, 68.2% of them recorded a budget increase as compared to 2007, 20.9% claimed no change, while 6.5% reduced the budget. (Table 10.3)
- 2.74 As for establishments having budget for IT expenditure in 2009, 55.9% of the establishments expected an increase in 2009 when compared to 2008, 17.7% claimed no change, while 3.0% expected a decrease. (Table 10.4)

資訊保安

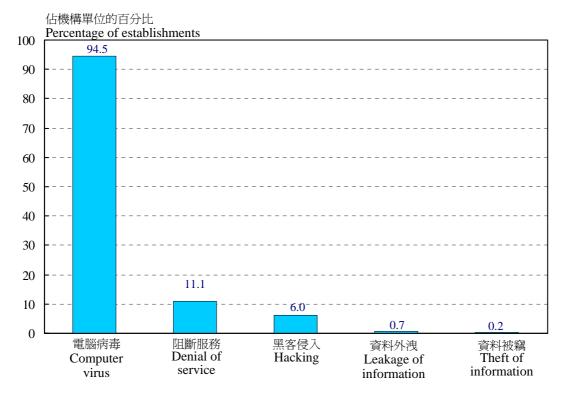
- 2.75 這個部分會探討一些有關資訊科技保安事宜,包括破壞電腦保安的情況、 採用電腦保安措施的態度及所採用的保安措施。
- 2.76 20.6% 的機構單位的電腦系統在 被訪問前的十二個月內曾發生資訊保安事 故。大部分的機構單位(95.7%)在該段期 間內曾受到一次至十次的資訊保安事故。 (表11.1及11.3)
- 2.77 按資訊保安事故的種類分析,大部分的機構單位(94.5%)曾受到「電腦病毒」入侵,其次是「阻斷服務」(11.1%)及「黑客侵入」(6.0%)。(表11.2及圖2.11)

Information security

- 2.75 In this section, some areas of IT security were explored, including breaches of computer security, attitude to adoption of computer security measures, and types of security measure implemented.
- 2.76 20.6% of the establishments had suffered from information security incidents in the twelve months before enumeration. Most of them (95.7%) had encountered 1-10 information security incidents during the period. (Tables 11.1 and 11.3)
- 2.77 Analysed by type of information security incidents, most of the establishments (94.5%) had suffered from "computer virus" attacks. This was followed by "denial of service" (11.1%) and "hacking" (6.0%). (Table 11.2 and Chart 2.11)

Chart 2.11 : Distribution of major type of information security

incidents⁽¹⁾



(1) 可選擇多於一種保安事故種類。

May select more than one type of information security incidents.

2.78 曾發生資訊保安事故的機構單位當中,有94.9%曾「修補漏洞」,66.7%曾「使用更多保安技術」,而63.9%則曾「向管理層匯報」。曾「向香港電腦保安事故協調中心匯報」及「向警方報案」的有關機構單位分別只有2.9%及0.7%。沒有向警方報案及向協調中心匯報的機構單位中分別有84.5%和75.0%認為該等事故並「不重要,無需要報案/匯報」。(表11.4、11.5及11.6)

2.78 Of the establishments having suffered from information security incidents, 94.9% had applied "patch holes", 66.7% had resorted to "use more security technologies" and 63.9% had "reported to senior management". Only 2.9% and 0.7% of these establishments had "reported their cases to the Hong Kong Computer Emergency Response Team (HKCERT) Coordination Centre" and "reported to the police" respectively. 84.5% and 75.0% respectively of those establishments not having reported their cases to the police and the HKCERT Coordination Centre considered the incidents as "trivial, hence no need to report".

(Tables 11.4, 11.5 and 11.6)

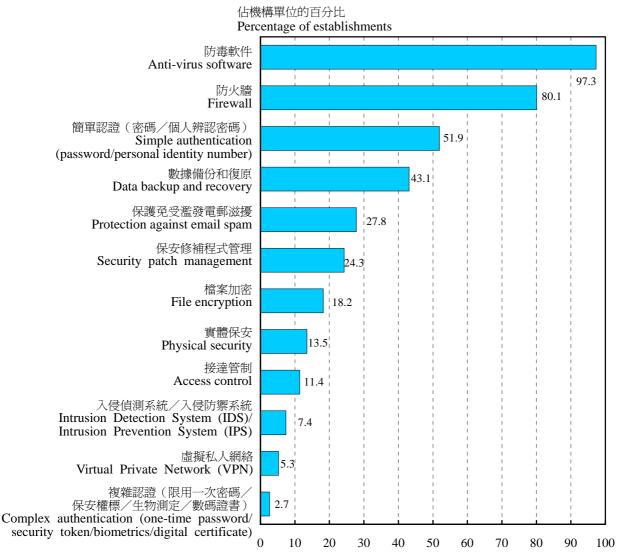
2.79 在有使用個人電腦的機構單位中,96.2%曾採用保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料。因應電腦病毒的廣泛性,最多機構單位採納的防禦技術是「防毒軟件」(在有採用保安技術的機構單位中,97.3%曾採用此技術)。有 80.1%的機構單位採用「防火牆」保安,至於「簡單認證(密碼/個人辨認密碼)」(51.9%)及「數據備份和復原」(43.1%)也被普遍採用。(表 11.7、11.8 及圖 2.12)

2.79 Among those establishments having used PCs, 96.2% of them had adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information. As a proactive response to the predominance of virus attacks, "anti-virus software" ranked top on the list of security technologies adopted (used by 97.3% of establishments having adopted security technologies). 80.1% of those establishments had chosen "firewall" protection, while "simple authentication (password/personal identity number)" (51.9%) and "data backup and recovery" (43.1%) were also commonly practised.

(Tables 11.7, 11.8 and Chart 2.12)

圖 2.12 : 所採用的保安技術 (1)的主要種類分布

Chart 2.12 : Distribution of major type of security technology adopted⁽¹⁾



⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種保安技術。

- 2.80 在有採用保安技術來保護機構的電腦系統及資料的機構單位中,20.5%認為在處理資訊保安問題上遇到最主要的障礙是「財政限制」。至於「員工缺乏資訊保安的意識」(16.4%)、「缺乏有關範疇的知識」(15.8%)、「有關產品的技術複雜」(13.2%)及「缺乏有關資訊科技保安的策略及指引」(9.0%)亦是普遍被提及的障礙。(表11.9)
- 2.81 在有使用個人電腦的機構單位中,75.1%實施了資訊保安措施。在各項資訊保安措施中,「定期安裝伺服機/個人電腦保安修補程式」是最普遍實施的措施(82.8%),其次是「僱用全職/兼職員工負責資訊保安」(20.8%)。(表11.10及11.11)
- 2.82 有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位中,80.8%表示有爲客戶提供身分認證及/或保密接達服務。然而,大部分機構單位只採用比較簡單的方法,例如最常用的「密碼/個人辨認密碼」(該類機構單位中,58.7%曾應用此方法)和「用戶名稱」(55.8%)。至於「個人數碼證書」、「保密插口層」、「伺服器數碼證書」及「保密電子交易」,則分別有27.2%、20.6%、15.0%及8.7%的機構單位應用。(表11.12及11.13)

- 2.80 For those establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information, 20.5% of them stated that the major obstacle to addressing information security concerns was "budget constraint". "Lack of employee awareness" (16.4%), "lack of expertise in the field" (15.8%), "technical complexity of products" (13.2%) and "lack of policy and guideline on IT security" (9.0%) were also commonly mentioned obstacles. (Table 11.9)
- 2.81 Among establishments having used PCs, 75.1% of them had implemented information security measures. various information security implemented, "applying security patches for servers/PCs regularly" was the most common measure (82.8%), "employing full-time/part-time responsible for information security" (20.8%).(Tables 11.10 and 11.11)
- 2.82 Among those establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means, 80.8% of them had provided authentication and/or security access for their clients. Nevertheless, most of them had only implemented relatively simple methods such as "password/personal identity number" (cited by 58.7% of those establishments) and "user name" (55.8%). Furthermore, "personal digital certificate", "Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)", "server digital certificate" and "Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)" had been used by 27.2%, 20.6%, 15.0% and 8.7% of those establishments respectively. (Tables 11.12 and 11.13)

面對資訊科技方面的災難時的應 變措施

- 2.83 由於越來越多的業務運作都要依 靠資訊科技,各商業單位必須保持資訊科 技應用的穩定性。一旦遇到有關方面的災 難,例如因海底電纜斷裂而影響一間機構 單位的日常業務運作,便有需要採取適當 的應變行動。
- 2.84 在已經連接互聯網的機構單位當中,有 10.1%的機構單位已制定持續業務運作計劃。按行業類別分析,金融、保險、地產及商用服務業有最高百分比的機構單位(16.0%)訂立此項計劃,其次爲運輸、倉庫及通訊業(13.8%)。另外,有制定持續業務運作計劃的大型機構單位的百分比(25.9%)比中型(10.4%)及小型(9.3%)機構單位的爲高。(表 11.14)
- 2.85 在已經連接互聯網的機構單位當中,分別有72.7%和34.1%的機構單位在遇到資訊科技災難時會「改用人手操作」或「使用備份系統」,不過仍然有11.8%的機構單位表示不會採取任何行動。(表11.15)
- 2.86 在已經連接互聯網的機構單位當中,當遇到有關資訊科技方面的災難時,有 68.9%會「尋求資訊科技顧問的意見」,有小部分機構單位則會「尋求有關行業商會的協助」(6.6%)以解決問題,不過仍有 22.0%的機構單位表示「不會尋求任何協助」。(表 11.16)

Contingency measures for IT disasters

- 2.83 As more business operations rely on usage of IT, it is crucial for business firms to maintain a stable performance in IT usage. Once there is an IT disaster, for instance, breaking of submarine cables which affects the daily business operation of an establishment, appropriate contingency actions are required.
- 2.84 Among those establishments having Internet connection, 10.1% of them had business continuity plan. Financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector had the largest proportion of establishments (16.0%) having such plan, followed by transport, storage and communications sector (13.8%). Moreover, large establishments were prone to having business continuity plan (25.9%) than medium (10.4%) and small establishments (9.3%). (Table 11.14)
- 2.85 Among those establishments having Internet connection, 72.7% of the establishments would "use manual operation" and 34.1% would "use backup system" when an IT disaster was encountered. Nonetheless, 11.8% of the establishments would choose not to take any action. (Table 11.15)
- 2.86 As regards the kind of help which would be asked for when there was an IT disaster, business establishments having Internet connection were most likely to "seek advice from IT consultant" (68.9%). Only a small proportion of them would "seek help from associations of the related trade" (6.6%). Nonetheless, 22.0% of the establishments revealed that they "would not ask for help". (Table 11.16)

無線及流動服務和技術的應用

- 2.87 目前在無線及流動解決方案的範疇上,市場的焦點集中於設備、網路及應用。本部分會探討以下無線及流動解決方案的使用情況:
- (a) 無線及流動裝置的應用;
- (b) 傳送技術的應用;
- (c) 從服務供應商獲取的服務;以及
- (d) 應用系統的使用。
- 2.88 約25.0%的機構單位有使用無線及流動裝置。在各主要行業類別中,使用無線及流動裝置的機構單位百分比最高的是金融、保險、地產及商用服務業(38.8%),而最低的是運輸、倉庫及通訊業(16.0%)。機構單位的規模越大,無線及流動裝置的使用率越高。約67.0%的大型機構單位有使用無線及流動裝置,而中、小型機構單位的百分比則分別是34.1%及22.7%。(表12.1)
- 2.89 「無線區域網絡接達點(包括無線 熱點)」是最常用的裝置(77.9%有使用 無線及流動裝置的機構單位有使用此項裝 置),其次是連接無線數據通訊網絡的「便 攜式電腦/筆記簿型電腦」(64.6%)、 「流動電話」(39.0%)及「桌面電腦」 (27.5%)。(表 12.2)
- 2.90 「無線區域網絡」的使用已成為普遍被採用的無線及流動傳送技術(78.1%有使用無線及流動傳送技術的機構單位曾使用此傳送技術)。為配合流動電話網路而發展的新技術,如「通用分組無線電服務」(29.9%)及「藍芽技術」(24.2%),亦愈趨普及。(表 12.3)

Usage of wireless and mobile services and technology

- 2.87 The current market focuses of wireless and mobile solutions are devices, network and applications. In this section, the usages of the following wireless and mobile solutions were explored:
- (a) wireless and mobile devices in use;
- (b) transmission technology employed;
- (c) services acquired from service provider; and
- (d) applications involved.
- Nearly 25.0% of the establishments had used 2.88 wireless and mobile devices. Among the major industry sectors, the percentage of establishments having used wireless and mobile devices was the highest in the financing, insurance, real estate and business services sector (38.8%) and the lowest in the transport, storage and communications sector (16.0%). Usage of wireless and mobile devices increased with size of establishments. Almost 67.0% of the large establishments had used wireless and mobile devices, as against 34.1% for medium establishments and 22.7% for small establishments. (Table 12.1)
- 2.89 The most widely used device was "Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) access point (including hotspot)" (used by 77.9% of the establishments having used wireless and mobile devices), followed by "laptop or notebook computers" (64.6%), "mobile phones" (39.0%) and "desktop computers" (27.5%) connected to a wireless data communication network. (Table 12.2)
- 2.90 The predominant usage of "WLAN" had become the most popularly adopted wireless and mobile transmission technology (cited by 78.1% of those establishments which had used wireless and mobile transmission technology). New technologies geared towards mobile phone networking such as "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)" (29.9%) and "Bluetooth" (24.2%) were also becoming more popular. (Table 12.3)

- 2.91 至於從服務供應商獲取的無線及 流動服務,最常使用的是「無線上網」 (77.9%有使用無線及流動服務的機構單 位有使用此服務),其次是「無線電郵」 (66.4%)及「短訊服務」(41.0%)。 (表 12.4)
- 2.92 許多機構單位都已把無線及流動裝置和服務融合於它們的商業應用系統內,而最普遍的應用範疇是「辦公室自動化」(60.6%有使用無線及流動應用系統的機構單位有此項應用),「短訊廣播及警報」(42.0%)和「工作管理」(35.0%)。(表 12.5)
- 2.93 最多機構單位認為在使用無線及流動服務及技術的障礙是基於「沒有實際用途以支持在業務上使用無線及流動服務及技術」(61.6%),其次是因為「業內並不普遍」(25.6%)及「缺乏熟悉無線及流動服務及技術的員工」(22.6%)。(表 12.6)

- 2.91 Relating to wireless and mobile services acquired from service providers, the most commonly used services were "wireless web surfing" (77.9% of the establishments having used wireless and mobile services had used this service), followed by "wireless e-mail" (66.4%) and "Short Message Service (SMS)" (41.0%). (Table 12.4)
- 2.92 Many establishments had adapted wireless and mobile devices and services into their business applications. The most common areas of application were "office automation" (as cited 60.6% of those establishments which had used wireless and mobile applications), "message broadcast and alert" (42.0%) and "job management" (35.0%). (Table 12.5)
- 2.93 The most commonly cited obstacle for using mobile and wireless services and technology was "lack of practical use for a sound business case to use wireless and mobile services and technology" (61.6%). The other commonly cited obstacles were "not popular in the industry" (25.6%) and "lack of personnel familiar with wireless and mobile services and technology" (22.6%). (Table 12.6)

表 1.1A : 按行業類別劃分的在二零零四年至二零零八年間資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和

普及程度主要統計數字

Table 1.1A: Key statistics on usage and penetration of information technology in the business sector

by industry sector, 2004 to 2008

在所有機構單位中 , 有使用下列 資訊科技的機構單位所佔的百分比

Among all establishments, % of establishments having :

行業類別		機構單位數目 No. of establishments	個人電腦 Personal computers	連接互聯網 Internet connection	網頁/網站 Webpages/ Websites
Industry sector		establishments	computers	connection	vvensites
製造業、電力及燃氣業	2004	17 481	63.1	54.1	16.2
Manufacturing, electricity and gas	2005	14 624	58.4	46.9	10.4
	2006	14 830	47.3	44.0	10.3
	2007	13 941	61.2	59.4	14.1
	2008	16 559	52.8	51.6	18.4
建造業	2004	22 869	49.5	39.3	7.3
Construction	2005	21 085	55.4	45.0	7.0
	2006	19 093	55.2	48.3	2.3
	2007	19 499	48.0	46.0	5.8
	2008	20 355	55.5	47.0	6.7
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、	2004	165 582	59.7	52.5	13.5
飲食及酒店業	2005	165 420	63.6	58.1	17.5
Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	2006	154 592	60.6	55.6	19.3
trades, restaurants and noters	2007	154 071	66.4	62.3	21.4
	2008	160 717	65.8	62.3	21.6
運輸、倉庫及通訊業	2004	36 310	33.7	23.5	6.6
Transport, storage and communications	2005	34 729	28.9	25.8	5.4
	2006	30 026	33.7	30.2	7.1
	2007	30 804	43.2	38.1	6.8
	2008	32 636	33.2	31.9	7.7
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業	2004	48 630	82.3	76.9	25.8
Financing, insurance, real estate and	2005	46 649	87.2	81.8	20.7
business services	2006	43 764	88.1	87.1	22.0
	2007	48 960	86.0	84.4	22.5
	2008	42 903	84.0	79.9	26.0
社區、社會及個人服務業	2004	35 257	48.8	37.6	18.4
Community, social and personal services	2005	31 424	44.2	38.5	16.4
	2006	34 980	57.3	49.6	24.6
	2007	33 999	48.4	40.8	16.4
	2008	34 730	61.8	52.4	18.9
總計	2004	326 128	58.4	50.4	14.8
Total	2005	313 931	60.5	54.7	15.5
	2006	297 286	60.5	55.9	17.5
	2007	301 274	63.8	59.8	18.2
	2008	307 900	63.1	58.8	19.3

表 1.1A : 按行業類別劃分的在二零零四年至二零零八年間資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和

普及程度主要統計數字(續)

Table 1.1A: Key statistics on usage and penetration of information technology in the business sector

by industry sector, 2004 to 2008 (cont'd)

在所有機構單位中 ,有使用下列 資訊科技的機構單位所佔的百分比

Among all establishments, % of establishments having :

	Among all establishments, % of establishments having:					ts naving :
		預訂或購買 Ordered or purchased	獲取 Received	售 賣 Sold	遞送 Delivered	透過電子途徑 進行一類或多於 一類的商業活動
			服務或資料(i ces or informati means	ion through e	more type	
行業類別 Industry sector			meuns	•		through electronic means
製造業、電力及燃氣業	2004	9.7	52.6	1.0	16.4	52.0
Manufacturing, electricity and gas	2004	8.7	53.6 43.5	1.8	16.4 10.4	53.9
	2003	11.1 10.5	40.4	2.1 1.7	10.4	43.8 41.9
	2007	6.3	53.0	0.5	10.3	53.9
	2007	8.1	50.4	2.2	18.4	50.8
	2008	0.1	30.4	2.2	10.4	30.6
建造業	2004	6.7	44.3	#	7.3	45.5
Construction	2005	8.8	45.7	0.1	8.2	46.2
	2006	6.4	47.9	0.1	2.5	47.9
	2007	9.3	45.6	0.0	6.5	45.6
	2008	6.4	46.6	#	6.7	46.6
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、	2004	11.6	55.3	1.1	14.2	56.2
飲食及酒店業	2005	18.4	55.7	2.5	17.5	57.6
Wholesale, retail and import and export	2006	13.0	53.4	2.0	19.4	55.3
trades, restaurants and hotels	2007	10.3	61.9	2.0	21.4	63.5
	2008	11.6	62.0	1.2	21.8	62.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業	2004	3.6	31.6	0.4	6.6	31.8
Transport, storage and communications	2005	3.5	28.0	0.4	5.4	28.0
	2006	4.4	33.6	0.6	7.1	33.8
	2007	7.7	35.3	1.1	7.1	36.1
	2007	6.8	33.2	0.6	7.7	33.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業						
Financing, insurance, real estate and	2004	22.4	72.9	2.9	26.0	75.0
business services	2005	22.5	75.1	2.0	21.7	76.0
	2006	14.3	85.5	2.2	25.0	85.7
	2007	19.9	79.0	4.1	22.6	79.4
	2008	29.7	80.8	3.1	26.4	81.1
社區、社會及個人服務業	2004	11.0	42.5	1.1	19.2	43.8
Community, social and personal services	2005	8.1	36.6	0.2	16.4	38.5
	2006	12.5	49.9	0.4	24.6	53.2
	2007	11.0	42.5	0.3	16.4	42.6
	2008	12.2	52.9	0.2	18.9	54.2
總計	2004	11.7	53.0	1.3	15.3	54.0
Total	2005	15.4	52.3	1.8	15.7	53.7
	2006	11.7	54.7	1.5	18.0	56.2
	2007	11.4	58.3	1.8	18.3	59.3
	2008	13.2	58.9	1.3	19.4	59.5
	_000	10.2	23.7		27.1	25.2

表 1.1B : 按就業人數組別劃分的在二零零四年至二零零八年間資訊科技在工商業的使用情

況和普及程度主要統計數字

Table 1.1B: Key statistics on usage and penetration of information technology in the business sector

by employment size, 2004 to 2008

在所有機構單位中 ,有使用下列 資訊科技的機構單位所佔的百分比

Among all establishments, % of establishments having :

就業人數組別 Employment size		構單位數目 No. of ablishments	個人電腦 Personal computers	連接互聯網 Internet connection	網頁/網站 Webpages/ Websites
大型	2004	6 405	97.4	89.7	67.7
Large	2005	6 053	97.5	91.5	72.3
	2006	6 052	99.2	94.7	74.7
	2007	6 271	99.1	93.3	75.0
	2008	6 296	99.1	95.3	75.3
中型	2004	35 060	83.7	76.2	39.2
Medium	2005	32 583	88.9	83.6	34.6
	2006	34 659	85.9	80.7	37.0
	2007	33 039	88.3	82.8	39.6
	2008	35 659	91.7	85.1	45.0
小型	2004	284 663	54.5	46.4	10.6
Small	2005	275 295	56.4	50.5	12.0
	2006	256 574	56.2	51.7	13.5
	2007	261 964	59.8	56.1	14.1
	2008	265 945	58.4	54.4	14.5
總計	2004	326 128	58.4	50.4	14.8
Total	2005	313 931	60.5	54.7	15.5
	2006	297 286	60.5	55.9	17.5
	2007	301 274	63.8	59.8	18.2
	2008	307 900	63.1	58.8	19.3

:按就業人數組別劃分的在二零零四年至二零零八年間資訊科技在工商業的使用情 表 1.1B

況和普及程度主要統計數字(續)

Table 1.1B: Key statistics on usage and penetration of information technology in the business sector

by employment size, 2004 to 2008 (cont'd)

在所有機構單位中,有使用下列 資訊科技的機構單位所佔的百分比

	Among all establishments, % of establishments having :					
	預訂或購買 Ordered or purchased	獲取 Received	售 賣 Sold	遞送 Delivered	透過電子途徑 進行一類或多於 一類的商業活動	
就業人數組別 Employment size	貨品、 goods, servi	Undertaken one or more types of business activities through electronic means				
大型 200	4 32.0	88.1	6.2	67.9	91.1	
Large 200		90.1	6.4	72.4	93.1	
200	6 33.4	95.1	7.7	75.0	96.8	
200	7 35.0	93.0	7.3	75.0	94.7	
200	8 31.1	94.0	6.8	75.3	96.2	
中型 200	4 23.2	76.7	2.6	40.1	79.8	
Medium 200	5 26.0	79.0	2.8	34.9	80.6	
200	6 23.1	78.2	1.4	37.5	79.5	
200	7 21.1	80.4	3.0	39.8	81.3	
200	8 22.0	83.7	2.0	45.6	84.4	
小型 200	4 9.9	49.3	1.0	11.0	50.0	
Small 200	5 13.7	48.4	1.6	12.2	49.7	
200	6 9.7	50.6	1.4	14.1	52.1	
200	7 9.6	54.7	1.5	14.2	55.7	
200	8 11.6	54.8	1.0	14.6	55.3	
總計 200	4 11.7	53.0	1.3	15.3	54.0	
Total 200	5 15.4	52.3	1.8	15.7	53.7	
200	6 11.7	54.7	1.5	18.0	56.2	
200	7 11.4	58.3	1.8	18.3	59.3	
200	8 13.2	58.9	1.3	19.4	59.5	

表 2.1 : 按有否使用個人電腦劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 2.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having used personal computers (PCs) by industry sector/employment size

		有否使用個人電腦 Whether having used personal computers (PCs)	(%)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	52.8	47.2
建造業 Construction	20 355	55.5	44.5
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	65.8	34.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	33.2	66.8
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	84.0	16.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	61.8	38.2
總計 Total	307 900	63.1	36.9
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 296	99.1	0.9
中型 Medium	35 659	91.7	8.3
小型 Small	265 945	58.4	41.6
總計 Total	307 900	63.1	36.9

表 2.2 : 按所使用的個人電腦種類劃分的工商業所使用的個人電腦按行業類別 / 就業人數

組別分布

Table 2.2 : Distribution of personal computers (PCs) in the business sector by category of PCs used by industry sector/employment size

			(%)			
	個人電腦數目 No. of PCs	桌面電腦 Desktop computer	便攜式電 腦/筆記 簿型電腦 Laptop or notebook computer	個人數 碼助理 Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)	其他 Others	總計 Total
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	87 252	85.1	12.0	2.9	0.0	100.0
建造業 Construction	67 594	82.3	14.4	3.3	0.0	100.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	645 115	80.7	16.3	3.0	0.0	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	173 637	85.2	10.7	4.0	0.1	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	564 450	73.6	18.1	8.3	#	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	430 483	81.3	16.3	2.4	#	100.0
總計 Total	1 968 530	79.4	16.1	4.5	#	100.0
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	1 077 181	79.3	15.4	5.2	#	100.0
中型 Medium	418 419	83.0	14.1	2.8	#	100.0
小型 Small	472 931	76.5	19.3	4.2	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	1 968 530	79.4	16.1	4.5	#	100.0

表 2.3 : 按應用軟件種類劃分的有使用個人電腦並裝置 / 接達應用軟件的機構單位數目

Table 2.3 : Number of establishments with personal computers (PCs) and having installed/access to application software by category of application software

應用軟件種類 (1) Category of application software (1)	有使用個人電腦並裝置 / 接達 以下應用軟件的機構單位數目 No. of establishments with PCs and having installed/access to the following application software	佔有使用個人電腦的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using PCs
文字處理 Word processing	190 193	98.0
電腦保安及防毒 Computer security and anti-virus	186 802	96.2
互聯網瀏覽器 Internet browser	182 939	94.2
試算表 Spreadsheet	181 037	93.2
通訊 Communication	170 644	87.9
簡報 Presentation	136 264	70.2
多媒體工具 (影像及聲音) Multi-media tools (video and sound)	134 857	69.5
數據庫管理 Database management	121 498	62.6
其他實用程式 Other utility	88 748	45.7
銀行及金融 / 會計 Banking and finance/Accounting	58 020	29.9
用於直接電子報關服務的用戶軟件 End-user software for Direct Electronic Declaration Service	46 988	24.2
採購 / 處理銷售訂單 Purchasing/Sales and order processing	34 256	17.6
電腦輔助設計/電腦輔助製造 Computer-Aided Design/Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAD/CAM)	20 411	10.5
人力資源管理/培訓 Human resources management/Training	9 084	4.7
其他 Others	1 116	0.6
以上種類的任何組合 Any combinations of the above categories	194 084	100.0

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one category.

表 2.4 : 按特製電腦系統種類劃分的有使用個人電腦並裝置 / 接達特製電腦系統的機構單

位數目

Table 2.4 : Number of establishments with personal computers (PCs) and having installed/access to

tailor-made computer system by category of tailor-made computer system

特製電腦系統種類 (1) Category of tailor-made computer system (1)	有使用個人電腦並裝置 / 接達以 下特製電腦系統的機構單位數目 No. of establishments with PCs and having installed/access to the following tailor-made computer system	佔有使用個人電腦的 機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using PCs
銀行及金融/會計 Banking and finance/Accounting	25 196	13.0
採購 / 處理銷售訂單 Purchasing/Sales and order processing	21 032	10.8
電腦輔助設計/電腦輔助製造 Computer-Aided Design/Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAD/CAM)	9 441	4.9
人力資源管理 / 培訓 Human resources management/Training	4 666	2.4
其他 Others	2 701	1.4
以上種類的任何組合 Any combinations of the above categories	40 689	21.0

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one category.

表 2.5 : 按預計裝置個人電腦的時間劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 2.5 : Distribution of establishments intending to install personal computers (PCs) by expected time of installation by industry sector/employment size

		有計劃裝置		在(b)欄機構單位中,預 計裝置個人電腦的時間 Among establishments in column (b), expected time of installing PCs			
	沒有使用個 人電腦的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments not using PCs	個人電腦的 機構單位佔 (a)欄機構單 位的百分比 Among establishments in column (a), % intending to install PCs		在 2009 年	在 2009 年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2009 or no expected time	總計 Total	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	
行業類別 Industry sector							
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	7 808	3.8	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	
建造業 Construction	9 049	3.7	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	54 962	0.7	0.0	44.2	55.8	100.0	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	21 799	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	6 845	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	13 276	6.9	3.2	68.2	28.5	100.0	
總計 Total	113 739	1.7	1.5	73.5	24.9	100.0	
就業人數組別 Employment size							
大型 Large	56	1.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	
中型 Medium	2 970	1.1	0.0	3.4	96.6	100.0	
小型 Small	110 714	1.7	1.6	74.7	23.7	100.0	
總計 Total	113 739	1.7	1.5	73.5	24.9	100.0	

表 2.6 : 按未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 2.6 : Distribution of establishments not intending to install personal computers (PCs) by reason by industry sector/employment size

		Rea	ason for not inte	固人電腦的原因 (1) ending to install PCs	(1)	(%)
		裝置個人電腦對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to install PCs				
	未有計劃裝置 個人電腦的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to install PCs b a	業務上應用 個人電腦 Lack of practical use	不了解該如何 善用/添置個 人電腦令現有 業務獲益 Lack of know- how for beneficial		其他 Others	合計 Overall
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	7 513	85.8	0.9	0.0	0.0	86.7
建造業 Construction	8 719	77.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	77.1
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	54 560	87.0	2.7	1.0	0.4	88.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	21 799	83.2	5.6	0.0	0.0	84.4
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	6 839	65.7	11.7	0.0	0.0	75.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	12 356	79.2	2.7	4.6	0.0	82.2
總計 Total	111 787	83.2	3.5	1.0	0.2	85.1
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	55	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
中型 Medium	2 938	91.9	2.9	0.7	0.0	91.9
小型 Small	108 793	83.0	3.5	1.0	0.2	84.9
總計 Total	111 787	83.2	3.5	1.0	0.2	85.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 2.6 : 按未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布 (續)

Table 2.6 : Distribution of establishments not intending to install personal computers (PCs) by reason by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因①(續)	
Reason for not intending to install PCs (1) (cont'd)	(%)

	缺乏對應用 個人電腦有 認識的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with using PCs	個人電腦硬件及軟件 的購置成本高昂 Costly in procuring PC hardware and software	聘用資訊科技 人員的成本高昂 Costly in employing IT personnel
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	23.9	2.3	0.1
建造業 Construction	29.6	10.6	2.9
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	33.6	11.4	1.8
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	34.0	3.7	3.4
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	34.0	21.4	10.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	23.3	4.7	1.9
總計 Total	31.6	9.1	2.6
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	1.8	2.2	0.0
中型 Medium	48.9	6.5	6.2
小型 Small	31.1	9.2	2.6
總計 Total	31.6	9.1	2.6

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 2.6 : 按未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布 (續)

Table 2.6 : Distribution of establishments not intending to install personal computers (PCs) by reason by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

	未有計劃裝置個人電腦的原因 ⑴ (續) Reason for not intending to install PCs ⑴ (cont'd)				
	沒有可靠的保養 / 保養成本高昂 Reliable maintenance is not available /is costly	擔心使用個人電腦 時的資訊保安事宜 Concern about information security issues in using PCs	(%) 其他 Others		
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	0.6	0.0	0.0		
建造業 Construction	0.0	1.4	0.0		
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	1.7	0.4	0.9		
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2.8	0.0	#		
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	10.6	10.6	2.7		
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	0.2	1.8	0.5		
總計 Total	2.1	1.2	0.6		
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	0.0	0.0	0.0		
中型 Medium	2.0	0.0	0.0		
小型 Small	2.1	1.2	0.7		
總計 Total	2.1	1.2	0.6		

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

May select more than one reason.

表 3.1 : 按有否連接互聯網劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 3.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having Internet connection by industry sector/employment size

		有否連接互聯網 Whether having Internet connection	(%)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	51.6	48.4
建造業 Construction	20 355	47.0	53.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	62.3	37.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	31.9	68.1
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	79.9	20.1
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	52.4	47.6
總計 Total	307 900	58.8	41.2
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 296	95.3	4.7
中型 Medium	35 659	85.1	14.9
小型 Small	265 945	54.4	45.6
總計 Total	307 900	58.8	41.2

表 3.2 : 按使用互聯網的用途劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 3.2 : Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by usage of Internet by industry sector/employment size

		通常使用互聯網的用途(Usual usage of Internet (
	有連接 互聯網的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments having Internet connection	電子郵件 Electronic- mail (e-mail)	網上搜集 一般資料 On-line sourcing of general information	網上獲取 貨品、服 務或資料 On-line receipt of goods, services or information	使用政 府網上資 訊或服務 Access to on-line Government information or services	下載軟件 Software downloads
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 545	98.6	96.3	95.7	78.3	27.9
建造業 Construction	9 571	93.1	98.6	95.2	74.0	36.9
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	100 101	98.4	97.2	96.4	76.0	31.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 400	98.2	95.2	95.7	72.5	32.8
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	34 297	99.1	97.3	98.4	85.6	45.1
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	18 208	97.8	97.9	98.2	73.7	43.1
總計 Total	181 121	98.2	97.2	96.8	77.4	35.6
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	6 000	97.9	97.3	97.5	87.5	52.0
中型 Medium	30 345	99.4	96.4	96.8	83.9	35.8
小型 Small	144 777	98.0	97.4	96.8	75.6	34.8
總計 Total	181 121	98.2	97.2	96.8	77.4	35.6

可選擇多於一項用途。
 May select more than one type of usage.

表 3.2 : 按使用互聯網的用途劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布(續)

Table 3.2 : Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by usage of Internet by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

			網的用途 ⑴(續 f Internet ⑴ (cont		(%)
	網上遞送 貨品、服 務或資料 On-line delivery of goods, services or information	電子 銀行服務 (例如轉帳) Electronic banking services (e.g. transferring money)	網上購買/ 預訂貨品、 服務或資料 On-line purchase/ ordering of goods, services or information	網上向供應 商/商業伙 伴提出查詢 Make on-line enquiry to suppliers/ business partners	網上付款 On-line payments
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	31.4	25.6	12.0	11.2	9.5
建造業 Construction	14.2	22.7	13.5	19.4	13.4
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	34.2	30.2	18.0	24.5	11.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	24.1	34.5	21.2	18.7	16.8
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	32.5	43.4	35.9	14.4	31.2
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34.8	26.3	22.1	9.2	18.8
總計 Total	32.2	31.9	21.4	19.8	16.0
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	77.9	44.6	31.4	30.3	24.3
中型 Medium	52.9	36.2	23.8	25.0	17.4
小型 Small	25.9	30.5	20.5	18.3	15.4
總計 Total	32.2	31.9	21.4	19.8	16.0

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一項用途。

May select more than one type of usage.

表 3.2 : 按使用互聯網的用途劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布(續)

: Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by usage of Internet by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

				用途 ⑴ (續) rnet ⑴ (cont'd)		(%)
	網上向顧客/購 買商/商業伙伴 提供資料/意見 On-line provision of information/ feedback to customers/buyers/ business partners	金融交易 服務(例如 買賣股票) Financial	視像會議 Video conference	網上應用系統以 作公司內部運作 (例如客户關係管 理、企業資源計劃) On-line application for internal use (e.g. customer relationship management, enterprise resources planning)		其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	10.7	2.6	4.6	1.1	4.2	0.2
建造業 Construction	6.0	1.6	0.9	0.4	#	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	16.0	7.7	4.8	3.7	1.9	0.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	12.7	7.0	3.0	4.2	1.9	1.1
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	13.5	3.8	7.8	4.3	1.8	0.3
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	13.8	1.5	2.6	3.9	0.4	1.1
總計 Total	14.3	5.7	4.8	3.5	1.7	0.3
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	37.8	7.2	16.1	19.3	7.1	1.9
中型 Medium	21.5	4.8	8.5	6.9	2.4	0.8
小型 Small	11.9	5.9	3.6	2.2	1.4	0.1
總計 Total	14.3	5.7	4.8	3.5	1.7	0.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一項用途。 May select more than one type of usage.

Table 3.2

表 3.3 : 按連接互聯網的方式劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 3.3 : Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by method of connection by industry sector/employment size

		連接互聯網的方式 (1) Method of Internet connection (1)					
	有連接 互聯網的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments having Internet connection	寬頻 Broad- band	經 Wi-Fi (無線相容 性認證) 連接 Connection via Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity)	撥號式 調解器(透 過電話線)	專用線路 Dedicated circuits	經公眾蜂 窩式電話 網絡連接 Connection via the public cellular telephone network	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector							
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 545	96.1	11.9	1.3	1.7	0.1	#
建造業 Construction	9 571	99.6	11.0	2.1	0.5	0.1	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	100 101	95.9	11.9	3.1	1.9	0.3	0.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 400	96.1	5.2	2.7	2.5	0.3	0.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	34 297	97.7	8.7	0.6	4.6	2.3	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	18 208	94.7	12.7	3.9	1.6	0.2	0.0
總計 Total	181 121	96.4	10.9	2.5	2.3	0.6	#
就業人數組別 Employment size							
大型 Large	6 000	91.1	19.7	2.6	22.6	2.5	#
中型 Medium	30 345	96.6	12.8	1.5	6.7	0.1	0.0
小型 Small	144 777	96.5	10.2	2.8	0.6	0.7	0.0
總計 Total	181 121	96.4	10.9	2.5	2.3	0.6	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種連接方式。

May select more than one connection method.

表 3.4 : 使用互聯網對有連接互聯網的機構單位業務運作的影響

Table 3.4 : Impacts of using Internet on business operation of establishments having Internet connection

-		影響程 Degree of in		(%)
影響 Impact	高 High	中 Medium	低 Low	不適用 Not applicable
增加收入 Increased revenue	19.5	29.9	27.0	23.6
提升生產力 Raised productivity	24.3	31.1	24.5	20.1
改善對顧客的服務 Improved customer services	29.2	33.5	21.8	15.5
提升形象 Enhanced image	24.6	34.3	20.8	20.3
獲取更多市場資訊 Improved access to market information	42.1	34.3	16.0	7.6
增強與商業合作伙伴的溝通 Improved communication with business partner	40.0	33.6	15.3	11.1
增加業務的靈活性及競爭力 Enhanced business agility and competitiveness	31.9	35.8	19.5	12.9
其他 Others	#	0.0	0.0	100.0

表 3.5 : 按預計連接互聯網的時間劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 3.5 : Distribution of establishments intending to have Internet connection by expected time of connecting Internet by industry sector/employment size

	沒有連接 互聯網的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments not having Internet connection		預 Among e			(%)
		機 位佔(a)欄機構 目 單位的百分比 of Among its establishments in column (a), % et intending to have		在 2009年 In 2009	在 2009 年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2009 or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 014	#	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
建造業 Construction	10 784	4.5	30.1	68.4	1.5	100.0
批發、零售、進口與出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	60 617	0.8	44.5	10.9	44.5	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	22 236	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	8 606	0.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	16 522	8.9	26.1	66.4	7.5	100.0
總計 Total	126 779	1.9	30.6	55.6	13.8	100.0
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	296	3.7	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
中型 Medium	5 315	4.2	85.9	0.5	13.6	100.0
小型 Small	121 168	1.8	25.2	60.9	13.9	100.0
總計 Total	126 779	1.9	30.6	55.6	13.8	100.0

表 3.6 : 按未有計劃連接互聯網的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 3.6 : Distribution of establishments not intending to have Internet connection by reason by industry sector/employment size

		Reason fo	r not intending	接互聯網的原因 (1) to have Internet con 網對業務沒有裨益	nection (1)	(%)
		No		兩到未份仅有怦衄 t to have Internet con	nnection	
	未有計劃 連接互聯網的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to have Internet connection	沒有實際用 途以支持在 業務上應用 互聯網服務 Lack of practical use for a sound business case	不了解該如何 善用互聯網服 務令現有業務 獲益 Lack of know- how for beneficial	擔心轉用互聯網服 務或會影響現有業	其他 Others	合計 Overall
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 013	80.1	0.6	0.1	0.0	80.1
建造業 Construction	10 301	80.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.5
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	60 115	85.8	3.0	0.4	0.4	87.5
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	22 236	85.9	6.5	0.0	0.0	87.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	8 600	71.8	9.9	0.0	0.0	80.5
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	15 051	79.1	3.1	3.1	0.0	82.9
總計 Total	124 317	83.2	3.7	0.6	0.2	85.3
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	285	99.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	99.0
中型 Medium	5 091	91.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	91.5
小型 Small	118 941	82.9	3.8	0.6	0.2	85.0
總計 Total	124 317	83.2	3.7	0.6	0.2	85.3

可選擇多於一個原因。May select more than one reason.

表 3.6 : 按未有計劃連接互聯網的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布 (續)

缺乏熟悉互

聯網的員工

Table 3.6 : Distribution of establishments not intending to have Internet connection by reason by

industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

未有計劃連接互聯網的原因 ⑴ (續)

Reason for not intending to have Internet connection (1) (cont'd)

使用互聯網服

務的成本高昂

(%)

擔心使用互聯網服務時

的資訊保安事宜

	Lack of personnel familiar with the Internet	Costly in using Internet services	Concern about information security issues in using Internet services
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	25.1	3.3	0.6
建造業 Construction	28.3	8.0	1.2
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	28.8	7.9	1.5
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	24.7	2.1	#
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	27.0	19.1	16.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	21.6	6.0	5.1
總計 Total	26.8	7.1	2.7
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	0.0	2.9	0.5
中型 Medium	18.3	5.7	0.3
小型 Small	27.2	7.2	2.8
總計 Total	26.8	7.1	2.7

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。 May select more than one reason.

表 3.6 : 按未有計劃連接互聯網的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布 (續)

Table 3.6 : Distribution of establishments not intending to have Internet connection by reason by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

		割連接互聯網的原因 ⑴(續) ding to have Internet connection ⑴ (cont'd)	(%)
	沒有可靠的保養 /保養成本高昂 Reliable maintenance is not available/is costly	害怕員工濫用互聯網 Fear of abuse by employees	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	0.1	0.3	0.0
建造業 Construction	1.2	0.0	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	1.0	0.2	0.3
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	0.1	#	#
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	8.9	0.0	#
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	1.9	2.2	0.4
總計 Total	1.5	0.4	0.2
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	0.0	7.1	0.5
中型 Medium	0.7	0.6	2.8
小型 Small	1.5	0.4	0.1
總計 Total	1.5	0.4	0.2

可選擇多於一個原因。
 May select more than one reason.

表 3.7 : 按機構單位的行業類別/就業人數組別劃分在機構單位工作上使用個人電腦及互聯網的

就業人士的百分比

Table 3.7 : Percentage of employed persons in establishments using personal computers (PCs) and Internet at work by industry sector/employment size of establishments

	在機構單位工作上使用個人電腦的就業人士的百分比Percentage of employed persons in establishments having used PCs at work	在機構單位工作上使用 互聯網的就業人士的百分比 Percentage of employed persons in establishments having used Internet at work
行業類別 Industry sector		
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	48.0	40.5
建造業 Construction	43.6	38.9
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	56.7	51.3
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	51.4	45.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	75.6	62.8
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	54.6	49.5
總計 Total	58.4	51.4
就業人數組別 Employment size		
大型 Large	59.5	50.0
中型 Medium	60.2	55.1
小型 Small	54.8	51.0
總計 Total	58.4	51.4

表 3.8 : 按推動機構單位更多使用資訊科技的因素劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數

組別分布

Table 3.8 : Distribution of establishments having adopted IT more by type of motivating factor by industry sector/employment size

				訊科技的因素 (1) r adopting IT mo		
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	資訊科技對 業務有裨益 Have business benefits to use IT	procuring and	有懂得應用資 訊科技的員工 Have personnel familiar with IT within the firm	更可靠及更安全 的資訊科技產品 More reliable and secure IT products	
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	84.0	21.6	13.3	4.7	
建造業 Construction	20 355	89.6	14.5	13.2	7.8	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	85.3	17.5	14.8	12.6	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	73.4	10.1	17.2	9.0	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	80.5	23.8	11.1	22.2	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	80.2	22.6	16.6	13.7	
總計 Total	307 900	83.0	18.2	14.5	12.9	
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	6 296	90.3	41.0	28.3	32.8	
中型 Medium	35 659	86.3	27.4	19.4	19.2	
小型 Small	265 945	82.4	16.4	13.6	11.6	
總計 Total	307 900	83.0	18.2	14.5	12.9	

⁽I) 可選擇多於一種推動因素。

May select more than one type of motivating factor.

表 3.8 : 按推動機構單位更多使用資訊科技的因素劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數

組別分布(續)

Table 3.8 : Distribution of establishments having adopted IT more by type of motivating factor by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

	推動更多使用資訊科技的因素 ⑴(續) Motivating factor for adopting IT more ⑴ (cont'd)				
	有可靠及收費合理的技術 支援/求助台 Have reliable and cost- affordable technical support/help desk	競爭對手相繼 採納資訊科技 Competitors adopt IT successfully	聘用資訊科技 人員的成本降低 Lower cost in employing IT personnel	其他 Others	
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	5.0	7.0	5.1	2.3	
建造業 Construction	6.6	4.3	8.6	0.2	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	8.9	10.3	6.7	4.5	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10.8	10.0	4.1	12.8	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	19.9	8.4	9.1	0.4	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	12.2	9.3	9.1	6.5	
總計 Total	10.7	9.3	7.1	4.7	
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	23.7	21.6	21.8	1.0	
中型 Medium	17.3	14.6	13.5	0.9	
小型 Small	9.5	8.3	5.8	5.2	
總計 Total	10.7	9.3	7.1	4.7	

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種推動因素。

May select more than one type of motivating factor.

表 3.9 : 按有否設立選定網絡種類劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 3.9 : Distribution of establishments by whether having set up selected types of network by industry sector/employment size

設有以下網絡種類的機構單位百分比 (1)
Percentage of establishments having set up

			recentage of establishments having set up the following types of network (1)		
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	局部區域網路 Local Area Network (LAN)	內聯網 Intranet	外聯網 Extranet	
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	21.8	6.1	2.1	
建造業 Construction	20 355	12.1	4.7	1.4	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	29.9	11.5	4.4	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	15.3	5.7	1.9	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	44.4	19.7	9.9	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	20.4	9.0	4.1	
總計 Total	307 900	27.7	11.0	4.6	
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	6 296	84.2	64.3	28.6	
中型 Medium	35 659	57.2	29.2	10.4	
小型 Small	265 945	22.4	7.3	3.2	
總計 Total	307 900	27.7	11.0	4.6	

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種網絡。

May select more than one type of network.

表 4.1 : 按有否擁有數碼證書劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 4.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having digital certificate by industry sector/

employment size

在訪問前十二個月內
有否擁有數碼證書
Whether having digital
certificate in the twelve

	_	months before enumeration	(%)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	8.4	91.6
建造業 Construction	20 355	6.3	93.7
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	26.7	73.3
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	9.1	90.9
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	12.1	87.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	1.8	98.2
總計 Total	307 900	17.6	82.4
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 296	35.0	65.0
中型 Medium	35 659	37.5	62.5
小型 Small	265 945	14.6	85.4
總計 Total	307 900	17.6	82.4

表 4.2 : 按行業類別/就業人數組別劃分的擁有數碼證書的機構單位數目及所擁有的數碼證書

數目

Table 4.2 : Number of establishments having digital certificate and number of digital certificates possessed by industry sector/employment size

	擁有數碼證書 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having digital certificates	擁有數碼 證書的數目 No. of digital certificates possessed
行業類別 Industry sector		
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 396	1 995
建造業 Construction	1 274	1 506
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	42 862	62 756
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 974	6 834
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	5 187	22 321
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	634	3 368
總計 Total	54 327	98 780
就業人數組別 Employment size		
大型 Large	2 203	20 356
中型 Medium	13 387	22 486
小型 Small	38 738	55 939
總計 Total	54 327	98 780

表 4.3 : 按有否使用數碼證書劃分的擁有數碼證書的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別

分布

Table 4.3 : Distribution of establishments with digital certificate by whether having used digital certificate by industry sector/employment size

	擁有數碼證 書 的機構單位數目	有否使用數碼證書 Whether having used digital certificate	(%)
	No. of establishments — having digital certificate	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 396	99.1	1.0
建造業 Construction	1 274	93.4	6.6
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	42 862	97.8	2.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 974	99.5	0.5
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	5 187	99.4	0.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	634	99.4	0.6
總計 Total	54 327	98.0	2.0
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	2 203	98.2	1.8
中型 Medium	13 387	99.4	0.6
小型 Small	38 738	97.5	2.5
總計 Total	54 327	98.0	2.0

表 4.4 : 按數碼證書用途類別劃分的有使用數碼證書的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組

別分布

Table 4.4 : Distribution of establishments having used digital certificate by type of usage by industry

sector/employment size

		Тур	使用數碼證書 e of usage of di		2 (1)	(%)
	有使用數 碼證書的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments having used digital certificate	對外與政 府及有關機 構進行交易 / 交換資料 Business transaction/ exchange of information with Government and related organisations	對外與 其他貿易伙 伴進行交易 /交換資料 Business transaction/ exchange of information with other business partners	對外與顧客進行交易 /交換資料 Business transaction/ exchange of information with customers	內部運作 In-house operation	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 383	81.0	21.8	4.9	6.0	0.0
建造業 Construction	1 190	29.6	66.9	6.3	5.1	1.1
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	41 935	96.5	21.0	6.5	3.1	#
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 960	93.7	6.9	2.2	2.6	0.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	5 157	29.9	56.6	9.6	5.4	13.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	630	13.4	45.2	10.5	40.6	0.2
總計 Total	53 255	87.0	25.0	6.6	3.9	1.3
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	2 162	79.0	27.3	18.9	15.1	1.3
中型 Medium	13 307	92.7	25.2	9.3	3.9	0.0
小型 Small	37 787	85.4	24.8	4.9	3.3	1.8
總計 Total	53 255	87.0	25.0	6.6	3.9	1.3

⑴ 可選擇多於一種用途。

May select more than one type of usage.

表 4.5 : 按擁有數碼證書但卻未有使用的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 4.5 : Distribution of establishments having digital certificate by reason for not yet using it by industry sector/employment size

			未有使用數碼證書的原因 (1) Reason for not using digital certificate (1)			
	擁有但卻未 有使用數碼證書 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having digital certificate but	沒有使用數碼證書 加強保安的需要 No need to enhance security by using digital certificate	甚少透過電子途徑 進行商業交易 Little use of electronic means in business transactions	沒有提供數碼 沒有提供數碼 簽署的需要 No need to provide digital signature		
	not yet using it					
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	13	0.0	21.5	54.8		
建造業 Construction	84	0.0	77.2	58.9		
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	927	75.9	23.5	0.6		
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	14	0.0	18.5	16.0		
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	31	3.6	31.6	64.7		
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	4	24.4	51.2	75.6		
總計 Total	1 072	65.8	28.0	8.1		
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	41	5.2	68.0	29.3		
中型 Medium	81	1.3	77.8	44.7		
小型 Small	951	73.9	22.0	4.1		
總計 Total	1 072	65.8	28.0	8.1		

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 4.5 : 按擁有數碼證書但卻未有使用的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布(續)

Table 4.5 : Distribution of establishments having digital certificate by reason for not yet using it by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

		ミ有使用數碼證書的原 not having used digital	因(1) (續) l certificate (1) (cont'd)	(%)
	只有少數政府 服務或商業應用會 要求使用數碼證書 Limited Government/ business applications/ services requiring use of digital certificate	安裝程序繁複 及不易使用 Application and installation procedures cumbersome and not user-friendly	不知道數碼證書的 存在或對此沒有認識 Do not know the existence of digital certificate or do not have knowledge about it	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	23.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
建造業 Construction	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	0.0	0.0	0.0	65.5
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	24.4	0.0	0.0	24.4
總計 Total	0.8	0.0	0.0	1.0
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	12.9	0.0	0.0	5.1
中型 Medium	3.9	0.0	0.0	11.0
小型 Small	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
總計 Total	0.8	0.0	0.0	1.0

① 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 4.6 : 按預計申請數碼證書的時間劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 4.6 : Distribution of establishments intending to acquire digital certificate by expected time of acquiring by industry sector/employment size

	沒有數 碼證書的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments not having digital certificate	碼證書的機 (a)欄機構單 荷單位數目 位的百分比 不 Among establishments not having not having digital % intending to	在(b)欄機構單位中 , 預計申請數碼證書的時間 Among establishments in column (b), expected time of acquiring digital certificate			(%)
			在 2008 年 In 2008	在 2009 年 In 2009	在 2009 年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2009 or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	15 163	0.1	42.3	0.0	57.7	100.0
建造業 Construction	19 081	0.1	14.4	85.6	0.0	100.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	117 855	0.1	0.0	99.0	1.0	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	29 662	#	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	37 716	0.6	14.3	41.9	43.8	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 096	0.6	9.9	90.1	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	253 573	0.2	10.4	72.0	17.6	100.0
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	4 093	2.9	20.4	26.1	53.5	100.0
中型 Medium	22 272	1.0	1.9	98.1	0.0	100.0
小型 Small	227 207	0.1	13.9	69.6	16.5	100.0
總計 Total	253 573	0.2	10.4	72.0	17.6	100.0

表 4.7 : 按未有計劃申請數碼證書的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 4.7 : Distribution of establishments not intending to acquire digital certificate by reason by industry sector/employment size

		未有計劃申請數碼證書的原因 (1) Reason for not intending to acquire digital certificate (1) (
	未有計劃申 請數碼證書的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to acquire digital certificate	沒有提供數碼 簽署的需要 No need to provide digital signature	甚少透過 電子途徑進 行商業交易 Little use of electronic means in business transactions	不知道數碼 證書的存在或 對此沒有認識 Do not know the existence of digital certificate or do not have knowledge about it	
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	15 152	39.6	38.0	30.9	
建造業 Construction	19 062	51.7	33.1	29.7	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	117 753	44.2	41.1	22.5	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	29 657	46.6	29.9	29.6	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	37 502	49.8	42.3	11.2	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	33 876	50.8	41.8	15.4	
總計 Total	253 003	46.5	39.3	21.8	
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	3 974	57.7	47.2	2.3	
中型 Medium	22 042	45.0	44.2	11.8	
小型 Small	226 987	46.4	38.6	23.1	
總計 Total	253 003	46.5	39.3	21.8	

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 4.7 : 按未有計劃申請數碼證書的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布 (續)

Table 4.7 : Distribution of establishments not intending to acquire digital certificate by reason by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

		計劃申請數碼證書的原 intending to acquire dig	因(1) (續) ital certificate(1) (cont'd)	(%)
	沒有使用數 碼證書加強 保安的需要 No need to enhance security by using digital certificate	安裝程序繁複 及不易使用 Application and installation procedures cumbersome and not user-friendly	只有少數政府 服務或商業應用會 要求使用數碼證書 Limited Government/ business applications/ services requiring use of digital certificate	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	11.7	1.7	0.5	#
建造業 Construction	10.0	0.3	0.1	#
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	19.1	1.2	0.9	0.9
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	15.5	2.9	0.7	0.1
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	18.6	4.4	1.7	2.1
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	19.2	2.2	1.0	1.0
總計 Total	17.5	2.0	0.9	0.9
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	26.1	2.2	4.3	0.6
中型 Medium	18.0	1.1	1.1	0.4
小型 Small	17.3	2.1	0.8	0.9
總計 Total	17.5	2.0	0.9	0.9

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。 May select more than one reason.

表 5.1 : 按有否設立網頁 / 網站劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 5.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having webpages/websites by industry sector/employment size

		有否設立網頁/網站 Whether having webpages/websites	(%)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	18.4	81.6
建造業 Construction	20 355	6.7	93.3
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	21.6	78.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	7.7	92.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	26.0	74.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	18.9	81.1
總計 Total	307 900	19.3	80.7
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 296	75.3	24.7
中型 Medium	35 659	45.0	55.0
小型 Small	265 945	14.5	85.5
總計 Total	307 900	19.3	80.7

表 5.2 : 按網頁 / 網站所提供的商業交易 / 服務種類劃分的有設立網頁 / 網站的機構單位

按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 5.2 : Distribution of establishments having webpages/websites by type of business transactions/ services offered by industry sector/employment size

		所提供的商業交易 / 服務種類 (1) Type of business transactions/services offered (1) (%)				
	有設立網頁 /網站的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments having webpages/ websites	提供機構單位和其產 品及服務的資料(對 象包括顧客及員工) Providing information on the establisment and products and services offered (both for use by customers and staff)	M上收集 網客的意見 On-line collection of feedback from customers	ffered (1) (%) 網上處理 商業查詢(例 如提供報價) On-line handling of business enquiry (e.g. provision of quotation)		
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	3 050	100.0	39.1	5.8		
建造業 Construction	1 361	100.0	62.0	33.9		
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	34 745	100.0	32.8	24.4		
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 501	100.0	41.8	24.1		
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	11 164	100.0	37.3	16.4		
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	6 580	100.0	25.4	12.8		
總計 Total	59 401	100.0	34.2	20.9		
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	4 738	100.0	35.8	13.7		
中型 Medium	16 032	100.0	32.3	20.3		
小型 Small	38 630	100.0	34.8	22.0		
總計 Total	59 401	100.0	34.2	20.9		

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種商業交易/服務。

May select more than one type of business transaction/service.

表 5.2 : 按網頁 / 網站所提供的商業交易 / 服務種類劃分的有設立網頁 / 網站的機構單位

按行業類別/就業人數組別分布(續)

Table 5.2 : Distribution of establishments having webpages/websites by type of business transactions/ services offered by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

		提供的商業交易/服 siness transactions/s		cont'd)	(%)
	網上遞送	網上訂購機構單 位的產品及服務	網上售後服務 On-line after sales services	網上付款 On-line payments	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	17.4	10.8	1.4	10.6	0.0
建造業 Construction	13.9	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	15.4	6.1	3.7	3.5	#
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	19.4	8.2	13.6	5.2	0.1
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	11.9	4.0	5.4	2.7	0.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	13.7	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.2
總計 Total	14.8	5.3	3.9	3.4	0.2
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	24.5	7.5	6.0	3.9	0.8
中型 Medium	13.0	6.2	4.2	3.4	#
小型 Small	14.4	4.7	3.5	3.3	0.2
總計 Total	14.8	5.3	3.9	3.4	0.2

① 可選擇多於一種商業交易/服務。

May select more than one type of business transaction/service.

- 表 5.3 : 按有否網絡伺服器;把網頁/網站連接到機構內的資料庫;把網頁/網站連接到 商業伙伴的電腦系統劃分的有設立網頁/網站機構單位數目按行業類別/就業人 數組別分布
- Table 5.3 : Distribution of establishments having webpages/websites by whether having web servers; having webpages/websites connected to related in-firm databases; having webpages/websites connected to business partners' computer systems by industry sector/employment size

在(a) 欄機構單位中,設有下列項目的機構單位的百分比 Among establishments in column (a), % of establishments having:

		70 or establishments having.					
	有設立網頁 /網站的機 構單位數目 No. of establishments having webpages/ websites	網絡伺服器 Web servers	把網頁/ 網站連接到機 構內的資料庫 Webpages/websites connected to related in- firm databases	把網頁/網站 連接到商業伙 伴的電腦系統 Webpages/websites connected to business partners' computer systems			
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
行業類別 Industry sector							
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	3 050	59.7	9.8	3.1			
建造業 Construction	1 361	58.4	7.8	0.4			
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	34 745	32.0	14.0	5.1			
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 501	47.8	34.2	13.3			
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	11 164	57.2	32.5	9.3			
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	6 580	27.3	18.1	3.2			
總計 Total	59 401	38.9	18.4	5.8			
就業人數組別 Employment size							
大型 Large	4 738	70.9	39.6	14.0			
中型 Medium	16 032	47.6	17.4	6.2			
小型 Small	38 630	31.4	16.3	4.7			
總計 Total	59 401	38.9	18.4	5.8			

表 5.4 : 按預計把機構內的資料庫連接到現有網頁 / 網站的時間劃分的機構單位按行業類

別/就業人數組別分布

Table 5.4 : Distribution of establishments intending to connect related in-firm databases to their existing webpages/websites by expected time of connection by industry sector/employment size

	有設立網 頁/網站但沒 有連接到機構 內的資料庫的 機構單位數目	有計劃把機 構內的資料庫 連接到網頁/ 網站的機構單 位佔(a)欄機構 單位的百分比	在(b)欄機構單位中,預 計把機構內的資料庫連接 到現有網頁/網站的時間 Among establishments in column (b), expected time of having related in-firm databases connected to existing webpages/websites			
	No. of establishments having webpages/ websites but not connected to related in-firm databases	Among establishments in column (a), % intending to connect to related in-firm databases	在 2008 年 In 2008	在 2009 年 In 2009	在 2009 年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2009 or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	2 297	0.3	15.8	19.7	64.5	100.0
建造業 Construction	1 246	0.2	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	26 440	0.4	31.0	45.4	23.5	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 569	20.3	3.5	74.3	22.2	100.0
金融、保險、地產及 商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	6 364	0.6	65.4	3.2	31.4	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	5 139	3.8	99.5	0.5	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	43 056	1.5	40.1	43.3	16.6	100.0
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	2 683	3.3	8.5	48.1	43.4	100.0
中型 Medium	12 079	2.2	87.2	12.4	0.4	100.0
小型 Small	28 293	1.1	7.1	69.6	23.3	100.0
總計 Total	43 056	1.5	40.1	43.3	16.6	100.0

表 5.5 : 按預計把商業伙伴的電腦系統連接到現有的網頁 / 網站的時間劃分的機構單位按

行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 5.5 : Distribution of establishments intending to connect business partners' computer systems to their existing webpages/websites by expected time of connection by industry sector/employment size

	有設立網頁/ 網站但沒有連 接到商業伙伴 的電腦系統的	附站但沒有連 電腦系統連接到 接到商業伙伴 網頁/網站的機 的電腦系統的 構單位佔(a)欄機	計把 接到 An colu hav websi	(b)欄機構單 商業伙伴的! 現有網頁/f nong establis nn (b), expec ing existing tes connected ners' compu	電腦系統連 網站的時間 hments in eted time of webpages/ I to business	
	computer systems	構單位的百分比 Among establishments in column (a), % intending to connect to business partners' computer systems	在 2008 年 In 2008	在 2009 年 In 2009	or no expected time	總計 Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	2 957	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0
建造業 Construction	1 355	0.3	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	32 957	0.3	3.1	38.2	58.7	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	2 169	11.4	1.0	95.7	3.3	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	10 126	0.3	87.6	5.2	7.2	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	6 372	0.4	0.0	91.6	8.4	100.0
總計 Total	55 936	0.7	8.9	73.9	17.2	100.0
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	4 077	1.9	4.6	11.8	83.6	100.0
中型 Medium	15 038	0.6	0.0	94.6	5.4	100.0
小型 Small	36 821	0.7	13.3	86.7	0.0	100.0
總計 Total	55 936	0.7	8.9	73.9	17.2	100.0

表 5.6 : 按預計設立網頁 / 網站的時間劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 5.6 : Distribution of establishments intending to have webpages/websites by expected time of having webpages/websites by industry sector/employment size

	沒有設立 網頁/網站的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having webpages/	有計	在(b)欄機構單位中,預 計設立網頁/網站的時間 Among establishments in column (b), expected time of having webpages/websites			(%)
		網頁/網站的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having webpages/	位的(a)欄機構 單位數目 單位的百分比 在 2008 年 在 2009 年 No. of Among In 2008 In 2009 dishments establishments in column (a), %			在 2009 年 後或沒有 預計時間 After 2009 or no expected time
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	13 509	1.3	51.7	43.0	5.2	100.0
建造業 Construction	18 994	6.8	12.7	84.4	2.9	100.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	125 972	5.4	28.6	58.7	12.7	100.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	30 135	2.7	2.8	85.7	11.5	100.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	31 739	11.0	29.1	49.1	21.8	100.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	28 150	12.0	44.8	49.1	6.1	100.0
總計 Total	248 499	6.4	29.8	57.9	12.3	100.0
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	1 557	8.6	21.0	76.7	2.3	100.0
中型 Medium	19 627	8.1	16.5	76.8	6.6	100.0
小型 Small	227 315	6.3	31.4	55.6	13.1	100.0
總計 Total	248 499	6.4	29.8	57.9	12.3	100.0

表 5.7 : 按未有計劃設立網頁 / 網站的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 5.7 : Distribution of establishments not intending to have webpages/websites by reason by industry sector/employment size

		Reason f	or not intending	l站/網頁的原因 ⑴ to have webpages/we l站對業務沒有裨益	ebsites (1)	(%)
		No bu		set up a webpage or	website	
	未有計劃設立 網頁 / 網站的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to have webpages/ websites	沒有實際用 途以支持為 業務設立網 頁或網站 Lack of practical use for a sound business case to set up a webpage or website		精心設立網頁或 網站或會影響現有 業務的正常運作 Concern about possibility of interruption to established business process after setting up a webpage or website	其他 Others	合計 Overall
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	13 333	83.0	2.5	0.0	#	83.0
建造業 Construction	17 710	84.8	0.4	#	0.0	84.8
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	119 160	83.7	4.5	0.5	#	84.5
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	29 316	80.5	5.1	#	0.9	81.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	28 253	76.0	9.3	0.9	0.3	82.1
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	24 763	78.5	2.2	1.9	0.8	80.7
總計 Total	232 535	81.9	4.5	0.6	0.2	83.4
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	1 423	89.9	5.7	0.2	0.6	90.2
中型 Medium	18 028	84.7	2.3	#	0.3	84.7
小型 Small	213 084	81.6	4.7	0.6	0.2	83.2
總計 Total	232 535	81.9	4.5	0.6	0.2	83.4

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。 May select more than one reason.

表 5.7 : 按未有計劃設立網頁 / 網站的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

(續)

Table 5.7 : Distribution of establishments not intending to have webpages/websites by reason by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

	未有計劃設立網頁 / 網站的原因 (1) (續) Reason for not intending to have webpages/websites (1) (cont'd) (%)			
	缺乏熟悉建立/ 保養網頁或網站 的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with developing/ maintaining a webpage or website	設立網頁或網 站的成本高昂 Costly in setting up a webpage or website	s (1) (cont'd) (%) 擔心擁有 網頁或網站時的 資訊保安事宜 Concern about information security issues in owning a webpage or website	
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	18.9	5.9	0.2	
建造業 Construction	22.4	7.8	3.3	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	23.0	9.3	2.3	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	23.5	6.2	0.1	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	12.4	12.3	9.4	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	18.5	7.4	3.4	
總計 Total	21.0	8.8	3.0	
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	8.4	3.4	1.4	
中型 Medium	15.8	7.3	2.1	
小型 Small	21.5	9.0	3.1	
總計 Total	21.0	8.8	3.0	

可選擇多於一個原因。
 May select more than one reason.

表 5.7 : 按未有計劃設立網頁 / 網站的原因劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分

布(續)

Table 5.7 : Distribution of establishments not intending to have webpages/websites by reason by

industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

		立網頁 / 網站的原因 ⑴ (續) ng to have webpages/websites ⑴ (cont'd)	(%)
_	沒有可靠的網頁 建立及保養服務 / 有關服務成本高昂	已使用其他網上渠道 (例如:網上工商目錄、 網上電子商貿平台等) Alternative Internet channels	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	0.9	0.3	#
建造業 Construction	4.5	0.1	0.1
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	2.7	0.8	0.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	0.9	0.2	0.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	3.5	0.1	3.8
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	1.1	1.1	2.7
總計 Total	2.4	0.6	1.0
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	3.3	1.1	4.6
中型 Medium	2.0	2.2	0.5
小型 Small	2.5	0.5	1.0
總計 Total	2.4	0.6	1.0

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。 May select more than one reason.

表 5.8 : 按有否使用所屬行業入門網站劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 5.8: Distribution of establishments by whether having used portal site for own industry by industry sector/employment size

	- 機構單位數目 No. of	有否使用所 Whether having used _]	屬行業入門網 portal site for	
		有 Yes	沒有 No	對所屬行業入門網 站不認知 Not aware of the
	establishments	ies	No	existence of industry portal sites
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	6.6	61.3	32.1
建造業 Construction	20 355	5.6	62.1	32.3
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	13.2	57.4	29.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	6.0	63.7	30.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	16.4	64.5	19.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	9.6	70.8	19.6
總計 Total	307 900	11.6	61.1	27.3
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	6 296	22.0	62.6	15.4
中型 Medium	35 659	16.0	58.3	25.7
小型 Small	265 945	10.8	61.4	27.8
總計 Total	307 900	11.6	61.1	27.3

表 5.9 : 按所使用的服務類別劃分的有使用所屬行業入門網站的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 5.9 : Distribution of establishments having used portal site for own industry by type of services used by industry sector/employment size

			使用的服務類別 ⑴ e of services used ⑴	(%)
	有使用所屬行業的 入門網站的機構單 位數目 No. of establishments having used portal site for own industry	行業動態 及資訊 Industry news and information	貨品及 公司搜尋 Product and company search	廣告、市場推廣 及商業配對服務 Advertising marketing and business matching service
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 095	87.6	53.1	34.7
建造業 Construction	1 133	63.4	53.4	12.5
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	21 286	72.2	42.5	29.9
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 954	78.3	47.9	6.8
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	7 047	82.5	31.2	29.5
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	3 340	86.0	22.8	11.2
總計 Total	35 854	76.1	39.4	26.4
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	1 386	75.3	39.6	13.9
中型 Medium	5 701	82.8	34.9	22.4
小型 Small	28 768	74.8	40.3	27.8
總計 Total	35 854	76.1	39.4	26.4

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種服務。

May select more than one type of service.

表 5.9 : 按所使用的服務類別劃分的有使用所屬行業入門網站的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布 (續)

Table 5.9 : Distribution of establishments having used portal site for own industry by type of services used by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

	所使用的服務類別 ⑴ (續) Type of services used ⑴ (cont'd)			(%)
	討論平台 Discussion forum	電子交易平台 Electronic transaction platform	持續發展 及進修平台 Continuous development and learning platform	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	33.8	16.3	5.8	0.0
建造業 Construction	1.0	1.2	0.6	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	15.7	13.2	2.5	0.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	8.6	16.4	2.6	3.4
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	12.2	9.9	23.5	#
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	17.0	0.3	18.9	1.0
總計 Total	14.8	11.2	8.2	0.3
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	28.7	12.4	32.5	2.4
中型 Medium	10.4	15.4	14.9	0.0
小型 Small	15.0	10.3	5.7	0.2
總計 Total	14.8	11.2	8.2	0.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種服務。

May select more than one type of service.

表 6.1 : 按有否透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料劃分的機構單位按行業類別 /

就業人數組別分布

Table 6.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means by industry sector/employment size

有否透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或資料

Whether having ordered or purchased goods, services or information

		through electronic means	(%)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	8.1	91.9
建造業 Construction	20 355	6.4	93.6
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	11.6	88.4
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	6.8	93.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	29.7	70.3
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	12.2	87.8
總計 Total	307 900	13.2	86.8
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 296	31.1	68.9
中型 Medium	35 659	22.0	78.0
小型 Small	265 945	11.6	88.4
總計 Total	307 900	13.2	86.8

表 6.2 : 按有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

Table 6.2 : Number of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means by reason

有透過電子途徑預訂或購買 貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而有透過電子 途徑預訂或購買貨品、服 務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔有透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means
更加方便 More convenient	29 264	72.2
節省時間 Less processing time	21 754	53.7
更多選擇 More choices	6 948	17.1
價格 / 成本更低 Lower price/cost	5 979	14.8
其他 Others	3 182	7.9

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 6.3 : 按所預訂或購買的貨品、服務或資料種類劃分的有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨

品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

 $Table \ 6.3 \quad : \ Number \ of \ establishments \ having \ ordered \ or \ purchased \ goods, \ services \ or \ information$

through electronic means by type of goods, services or information ordered or purchased

所預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的種類 (1) Type of goods, services or information ordered or purchased (1)	有透過電子途徑預訂 或購買該類貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having ordered or purchased that type of goods, services or information through electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means
預訂或補購存貨 Order or purchase for replenishment of inventory	20 151	49.7
預訂或購買電子產品包括電腦硬件、軟件及相關消耗用品 Order or purchase of electronic products including computer hardware, software and their consumables	10 888	26.9
預訂、購買或申請政府的貨品、服務或資料 Order, purchase of or application for Government goods, services or information	7 242	17.9
預訂或購買旅遊服務 Order or purchase of travel service	6 575	16.2
預訂或購買金融產品及服務(例如股票、保險或投資基金) Order or purchase of financial instruments and services (e.g. securities, insurance or investment funds)	3 289	8.1
預訂或購買其他貨品、服務或資料 Order or purchase of other goods, services or information	7 457	18.4

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one type.

表 6.4 : 按所使用的電子途徑種類劃分的有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的

機構單位數目

Table 6.4 : Number of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information

through electronic means by type of electronic means used

所使用的電子途徑種類 (1) Type of electronic means used (1)	有透過該類電子途徑 預訂或購買貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through that type of electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑預訂 或購買貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means
互聯網 Internet	38 540	95.1
經個人電腦連接互聯網 Internet via personal computers	38 496	95.0
經流動裝置(如流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as mobile phones, PDA)	1 303	3.2
透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統 Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network	3 613	8.9
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	1 531	3.8
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	692	1.7
其他 Others	192	0.5

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種電子途徑。

May select more than one type of electronic means.

: 按透過電子途徑購買的項目開支佔總購買開支的百分比劃分的有透過電子途徑預 表 6.5

訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

: Number of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information Table 6.5 through electronic means by percentage of value of goods, services or information purchased through electronic means to the total value of purchase of goods, services or information

在二零零七年購買的貨品、服務或 資料總值中,透過電子途徑所購買 的項目開支佔總購買開支的百分比

有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位

Percentage of value of goods, services or information purchased through electronic means to the total value of purchase of goods, services or information in 2007	Establishments having ordered or purch services or information through electrons	
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	百分比 Percentage
	16 680	41.2
1-5%	13 184	32.5
6-10%	3 188	7.9
11-15%	4 230	10.4
> 15%	3 237	8.0
總計 Total	40 520	100.0

表 6.6 : 按經由網上付款佔透過互聯網購買的項目總開支的百分比劃分的有透過互聯網預

訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 6.6 : Number of establishments having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through Internet by percentage of payment through Internet in the value of goods, services or information purchased through Internet

在二零零七年透過互聯網購買的項目 總開支中,經由網上付款所佔的百分比	有透過互聯網預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料 Establishments having ordered or purch services or information through Int	ased goods,
Percentage of payment through Internet in the value of goods, services or information purchased through Internet in 2007	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	百分比 Percentage
0%	16 117	41.8
< 1%	5 164	13.4
1-20%	9 079	23.6
21-40%	1 056	2.7
41-60%	708	1.8
61-80%	253	0.7
81-100%	6 164	16.0
總計	38 540	100.0

Total

表 6.7 : 按沒有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

Table 6.7 : Number of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means by reason

沒有透過電子途徑預訂或購 買貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而沒有透過電子 途徑預訂或購買貨品、服 務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔沒有透過電子途徑預 訂或購買貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to order or purchase goods, services or information through electronic means	183 257	68.5
沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途 徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料 Lack of practical use for a sound business case to order or purchase goods, services or information through electronic means	179 972	67.3
不了解該如何善用電子途徑預訂或購買 貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for ordering or purchasing goods, services or information	9 915	3.7
其他 Others	73	#
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	72 068	27.0
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means	41 431	15.5
所需的貨品、服務或資料沒有透過電子途徑銷售 Goods, services or information required not available for sale through electronic means	28 192	10.5
擔心透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料時的 資訊保安事宜 Concern about information security issue in ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means	14 933	5.6
付款方法有限制 / 不方便 Payment method is limited/inconvenient	8 448	3.2
硬件及軟件的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining hardware and software	6 139	2.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 6.7 : 按沒有透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

(續)

Table 6.7 : Number of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means by reason (cont'd)

沒有透過電子途徑預訂或購 買貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而沒有透過電子 途徑預訂或購買貨品、服 務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔沒有透過電子途徑預 訂或購買貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑供預訂或購買的貨品、服務或資料欠缺詳細資訊 Lack of detailed information on the goods, services or information available for ordering or purchasing through electronic means	4 187	1.6
擔心對於透過電子途徑所預訂或購買的貨品、服務或資料的售後服務及退貨政策 Concern about after-sale service and return policy in ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means	4 138	1.5
擔心透過電子途徑所預訂或購買的貨品、服務 或資料所需的處理時間及/或額外費用 Concern about lead time and/or additional cost in ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means	3 031	1.1
其他 Others	2 117	0.8

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 7.1 : 按有否透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

Table 7.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having received goods, services or information through electronic means by industry sector/employment size

	_	Whether hav	子途徑獲取貨品、服 ing received goods, s on through electronic	ervices or	(%)
			有 Yes		沒有 No
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	政府貨品、 服務或資料 Government goods, services or information	其他貨品、 服務或資料 Other types of goods, services or information	總計 Total	
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	42.3	45.3	50.4	49.6
建造業 Construction	20 355	35.3	44.4	46.6	53.4
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	51.5	60.1	62.0	38.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	23.9	31.4	33.2	66.8
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	73.3	78.8	80.8	19.2
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	39.6	52.1	52.9	47.1
總計 Total	307 900	48.7	56.9	58.9	41.1
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	6 296	86.1	92.9	94.0	6.0
中型 Medium	35 659	74.8	78.8	83.7	16.3
小型 Small	265 945	44.3	53.1	54.8	45.2
總計 Total	307 900	48.7	56.9	58.9	41.1

表 7.2 : 按所獲取貨品、服務或資料種類劃分的有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資

料的機構單位數目

Table 7.2 : Number of establishments having received Government goods, services or information

through electronic means by type of goods, services or information received

獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的種類 (1) Type of Government goods, services or information received (1)	有透過電子途徑獲 取該類政府貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having received that type of Government goods, services or information through electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑獲取 政府貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means
獲取、瀏覽或尋找其他資料 Receipt of, browsing or searching for other information	139 850	93.3
遞交與貿易有關的文件(如報關表) Submission of trade-related documents (e.g. trade declarations)	50 024	33.4
遞交其他表格或文件 Submission of other forms or documents etc.	19 365	12.9
獲取數碼形式的產品及服務 Receipt of products and services in digital form	17 428	11.6
提出查詢 Submission of enquiry	17 207	11.5
電子付款服務 e-payment services	5 127	3.4
其他 Others	408	0.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one type.

表 7.3 : 按所使用的電子途徑種類 / 電子平台種類劃分的有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、

服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 7.3 : Number of establishments having received Government goods, services or information

through electronic means by type of electronic means/type of electronic platform used

有透過該類電子途徑或電子平台獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

No. of establishments having received Government goods, services or information through that type of electronic means/ electronic platform 佔有透過電子途徑獲取 政府貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比

As a % of total no.of establishments having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means

所使用的電子途徑的種類 (1) Type of electronic means used (1)		
互聯網 Internet	146 470	97.7
經個人電腦連接互聯網 Internet via personal computers	146 414	97.7
經流動裝置(如流動電話、 個人數碼助理)連接互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as mobile phones, PDA)	1 085	0.7
透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	8 494	5.7
設置於政府辦公室的終端機 Terminals at Government offices	2 082	1.4
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	443	0.3
其他 Others	248	0.2
所使用的電子平台的種類 (1) Type of electronic platform used (1)		
香港政府一站通 (www.gov.hk) GovHK (www.gov.hk)	99 810	66.6
其他政府網站 Other Government websites	72 427	48.3
公共服務電子化計劃(www.esd.gov.hk) / 生活易(www.esdlife.com) Electronic Service Delivery Scheme (ESD) (www.esd.gov.hk) / ESDlife (www.esdlife.com)	42 926	28.6
其他 Others	9 673	6.5

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one type.

表 7.4 : 按沒有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

Table 7.4 : Number of establishments not having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means by reason

沒有透過電子途徑獲取政府 貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for not having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而沒有透過電子 途徑獲取政府貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔沒有透過電子途徑 獲取政府貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑獲取的政府貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to receive Government goods,	47 004	70.4
services or information through electronic means		
沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑 獲取政府貨品、服務或資料	44 825	67.2
Lack of practical use for a sound business case to receive Government goods, services and information through electronic means		
不了解該如何善用電子途徑獲取政府 貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for receiving Government goods, services and information through electronic means	3 373	5.1
其他 Others	192	0.3
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務 或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with receiving Government goods, services or information through electronic means	16 116	24.2
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	15 375	23.0
不清楚何種政府貨品、服務或資料可透過電子途徑獲取 Do not know what Government goods, services or information are available through electronic means	2 722	4.1
硬件及軟件的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining hardware and software	2 148	3.2
擔心透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料時的資訊保安事宜 Concern about information security issue in receiving Government goods, services or information through electronic means	1 491	2.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 7.4 : 按沒有透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

(續)

Table 7.4 : Number of establishments not having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means by reason (cont'd)

沒有透過電子途徑獲取政府 貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for not having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而沒有透過電子 途徑獲取政府貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔沒有透過電子途徑 獲取政府貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having received Government goods, services or information through electronic means
擔心透過電子途徑所獲取的政府貨品、服務或資料所需的處理時間及 / 或額外費用 Concern about lead time and/or additional cost for receipt of Government goods, services or information through electronic means	1 251	1.9
沒有可靠的保養 / 保養成本高昂 Reliable maintenance is not available/is costly	1 240	1.9
認為透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider Government goods, services or information received through electronic means not reliable	984	1.5
所需的政府貨品、服務或資料沒有以電子途徑遞送 Government goods, services or information required not delivered through electronic means	0	0.0
其他 Others	125	0.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 7.5 : 按所獲取貨品、服務或資料種類劃分的有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料

(除政府提供以外)的機構單位數目

Table 7.5 : Number of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means by type of goods, services or information received

獲取貨品、服務或資料的種類 (1) Type of goods, services or information received (1)	有透過電子途徑獲 取該類貨品、服務或 資料(除政府提供以 外)的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having received that type of goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means	佔有透過電子途 徑獲取貨品、服務或資 料(除政府提供以外) 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means
獲取、瀏覽或尋找資料 Receipt of, browsing or searching for information	171 152	97.7
電子金融服務(例如轉帳及網上繳費) Electronic financial services (e.g. transferring money and on-line payment)	59 345	33.9
獲取數碼形式的產品及服務 Receipt of products and services in digital form	36 009	20.6
獲取網上客戶服務 Receipt of on-line customer services	7 989	4.6
其他 Others	214	0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one type.

表 7.6 : 按所使用的電子途徑種類劃分的有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料 (除政府

提供以外)的機構單位數目

Table 7.6 : Number of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from

Government) through electronic means by type of electronic means used

所使用的電子途徑種類 (1) Type of electronic means used (1)	有透過該類電子途 徑獲取貨品、服務或 資料(除政府提供以 外)的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through that type of electronic means	佔有透過電子途 徑獲取貨品、服務或資 料(除政府提供以外) 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means
互聯網 Internet	170 143	97.1
經個人電腦連接互聯網 Internet via personal computers	170 008	97.0
經流動裝置(如流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接 互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as mobile phones, PDA)	1 794	1.0
透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統 Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network	11 439	6.5
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	751	0.4
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	463	0.3
其他 Others	191	0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種電子途徑。

May select more than one type of electronic means.

表 7.7 : 按沒有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料(除政府提供以外)的原因劃分的機構

單位數目

Table 7.7 : Number of establishments not having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means by reason

沒有透過電子途徑獲取 貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for not having received goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而沒有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料(除政府提供以外)的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means because of that reason	佔沒有透過電子途 徑獲取貨品、服務或資 料(除政府提供以外) 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means
透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益	103 521	78.0
No business benefit to receive goods, services or information through electronic means		
沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料 Lack of practical use for a sound business case to receive goods, services and information through electronic means	102 108	77.0
不了解該如何善用電子途徑獲取 貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for receiving goods, services and information through electronic means	5 722	4.3
其他 Others	702	0.5
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取貨品、 服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with receiving goods, services or information through electronic means	27 089	20.4
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	24 385	18.4
所需的貨品、服務或資料不能透過電子途徑送遞 Goods, services or information required cannot be delivered through electronic means	11 332	8.5
認為透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider goods, services or information received through electronic means not reliable	4 008	3.0
硬件及軟件的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining hardware and software	2 927	2.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 7.7 : 按沒有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料(除政府提供以外)的原因劃分的機構單位數目(續)

Table 7.7 : Number of establishments not having received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means by reason (cont'd)

擔心透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料時的資訊保安 事宜	2 420	1.8
Concern about information security issue in receiving goods, services or information through electronic means		
沒有可靠的保養/保養成本高昂 Reliable maintenance is not available/is costly	1 432	1.1
擔心透過電子途徑所獲取的貨品、服務或資料所需的處理時間及 / 或額外費用 Concern about lead time and/or additional cost for receipt of goods, services or information through electronic means	1 187	0.9
其他 Others	132	0.1

⑴ 可選擇多於一個原因。

8.1 : 按有否透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人

數組別分布

Table 8.1 : Distribution of establishments by whether having sold goods, services or information through electronic means by industry sector/employment size

		有否透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或資料 Whether having sold goods, services or information through electronic means	(%)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	<u>(</u>
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	2.2	97.8
建造業 Construction	20 355	#	100.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	1.2	98.8
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	0.6	99.4
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	3.1	96.9
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	0.2	99.8
總計 Total	307 900	1.3	98.7
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 296	6.8	93.2
中型 Medium	35 659	2.0	98.0
小型 Small	265 945	1.0	99.0
總計 Total	307 900	1.3	98.7

表 8.2 : 按所使用的電子途徑種類劃分的有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單

位數目

Table 8.2 : Number of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic

means by type of electronic means used

所使用的電子途徑種類 (1) Type of electronic means used (1)	有透過該類電子途 徑售賣貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through that type of electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means
互聯網 Internet	3 113	80.3
互聯網 (經其他一般網站 / 網頁) Internet (via website/webpage other than Wireless Application Protocal (WAP) version)	3 080	79.5
互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of website/webpage)	147	3.8
透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統 Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network	92	2.4
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	73	1.9
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	67	1.7
其他 Others	745	19.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種電子途徑。

May select more than one type of electronic means.

表 8.3 : 按有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

Table 8.3 : Number of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic

means by reason

有透過電子途徑售賣貨 品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for having sold goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務 或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔有透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means
擴充市場及拓展商機 To expand market and explore business opportunities	2 904	75.0
提高業務靈活性及增強競爭力 To increase business agility and enhance competitiveness	2 014	52.0
改善效率及流程 To improve efficiency and streamline workflow	1 501	38.7
改善對顧客的服務 To improve customer services	1 456	37.6
改善生產力及減低成本 To improve productivity and reduce cost	654	16.9
其他 Others	31	0.8

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 8.4 : 按所使用的電子途徑種類 / 顧客組別劃分在二零零七年透過電子途徑售賣貨品、

服務或資料所帶來的業務收益

Table 8.4 : Business receipts received through selling goods, services or information through

在二零零七年透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或資料所帶 來的業務收益(百萬港元)

百分比

electronic means by type of electronic means used/customer group in 2007

	Business receipts received through selling goods, services or information through electronic means in 2007 (HK\$Mn.)	Percentage
所使用的電子途徑種類 Type of electronic means used		
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	52,487	53.4
互聯網 Internet	43,283	44.0
互聯網(經其他一般網站/網頁) Internet (via website/webpage other than Wirless Application Protocol (WAP) version)	43,210	44.0
互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of website/webpage)	73	0.1
透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統 Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network	2,233	2.3
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	224	0.2
其他 Others	160	0.2
總計 Total	98,294	100.0
顧客組別 Customer group		
消費者 Consumers	63,790	64.9
商業及其他機構單位 Business and other establishments	33,949	34.5
政府及有關機構 Government and related organisations	555	0.6

透過電子途徑所帶來的業務收益佔總業務收益的百分比

Business receipts through electronic means as a % of total business

總計

Total

receipts

98,294

100.0

1.16

表 8.5 : 按透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務或資料所帶來的業務收益中經由網上收款所佔的百

分比劃分的有透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 8.5 : Number of establishments having sold goods, services or information through Internet by percentage of payment received through Internet in the receipts of goods, services or information sold through Internet

透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務或資料所帶來 的業務收益中經由網上收款所佔的百分比 Percentage of payment received through Internet in the receipts of goods, services or information sold through Internet	有透過互聯網售 賣貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through Internet	百分比 Percentage
0%	736	23.6
< 1%	239	7.7
1-5%	355	11.4
6-10%	186	6.0
11-15%	56	1.8
> 15%	1 541	49.5
總計 Total	3 113	100.0

表 8.6 按透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料時接受付款方式劃分的機構單位數目

Table 8.6 Number of establishments by type of payments accepted in selling goods, services or information through electronic means

透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務 或資料時接受付款方式 (1) Type of payments accepted in selling goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	透過互聯網售賣貨品、 服務或資料而接受該付 款方式的機構單位數目 No. of establishments which accepted that payment method in selling goods, services or information through electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑 售賣貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having sold goods, services or information through electronic means
信用咭 Credit cards	2 177	56.2
電子銀行服務 Electronic banking services	1 449	37.4
不屬電子途徑的付款方式(例如郵遞支票或親身付款) Non-electronic payment methods (such as mailing of cheque or in-person payment)	1 094	28.2
第三者付款服務 (例如繳費靈) Third-party payment services (such as Payment by Phone Service (PPS))	806	20.8
在機構單位設立的預繳賬戶內扣除 Debit from prepaid accounts within establishments	226	5.8
其他 Others	37	1.0

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個付款方式。

May select more than one type of payment.

表 8.7 : 按有否計劃透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料及預計開始的年份劃分的沒有透過

電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 8.7 : Number of establishments not having sold goods, services or information through electronic means by whether intending to do so by expected time of doing so

有否計劃透過 電子途徑售賣貨 品、服務或資料 Whether intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means	預計透過電子 途徑售賣的時間 Expected time of selling through electronic means	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	佔有計劃透過 電子途徑售實貨品 、服務或資料的機 構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means	佔沒有透過 電子途徑售賣貨品 、服務或資料的機 構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having sold goods, services or information through electronic means
有 Yes	在 2008年 In 2008	473	14.0	0.2
	在 2009 年 In 2009	2 660	78.8	0.9
	在 2009 年後或 沒有預計時間 After 2009 or no expected time	241	7.1	0.1
沒有 No	-	300 651	-	98.9

表 8.8 : 按未有計劃透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

Table 8.8 : Number of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through

electronic means by reason

未有計劃透過電子途徑售 賣貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而未有計劃透 過電子途徑售賣貨品、服 務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔未有計劃透過電子 途徑售賣貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to sell goods, services or information through electronic means	190 091	63.2
沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子 途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料 Lack of practical use for a sound business case to sell goods, services or information through electronic means	185 574	61.7
不了解該如何善用電子途徑售賣 貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for selling goods, services or information	10 583	3.5
擔心轉用電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或 資料或會影響現有業務的正常運作 Concern about possibility of interruption to established business process for selling goods, services or information through electronic means	1 683	0.6
其他 Others	4	#
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	76 624	25.5
有關的貨品、服務或資料不能以電子途徑售賣 Goods, services or information could not be sold through electronic means	51 721	17.2
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with selling goods, services or information through electronic means	43 243	14.4
擔心透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料時的資訊保 安事宜 Concern about information security issue in selling goods, services or information through electronic means	8 186	2.7
透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的購置成本高昂 Costly in selling goods, services or information through electronic means	7 463	2.5

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 8.8 : 按未有計劃透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

(續)

Table 8.8 : Number of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means by reason (cont'd)

未有計劃透過電子途徑售 賣貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而未有計劃透 過電子途徑售賣貨品、服 務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔未有計劃透過電子 途徑售賣貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not intending to sell goods, services or information through electronic means
只有少量使用電子商貿的顧客 There are few customers adopting electronic commerce	6 985	2.3
透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料並不可靠(例如所接獲的訂單並不可靠) Consider selling goods, services or information through electronic means not reliable (such as orders received are not reliable)	6 479	2.2
透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料難以提供足夠的 資訊及顧客服務 Difficult to provide sufficient information and customer services in selling goods, service or information through electronic means	6 255	2.1
擔心透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料所需的處理時間及/或額外費用 Concern about lead time and/or additional cost in selling goods, services or information through electronic means	3 147	1.0
沒有可靠的保養/保養成本高昂 Reliable maintenance is not available/is costly	2 729	0.9
付款方法有限制,不方便或成本高昂 Payment method is limited, inconvenient or costly	2 635	0.9
其他 Others	970	0.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 9.1 : 按有否透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料劃分的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人

數組別分布

 $\textbf{Table 9.1} \quad \textbf{: Distribution of establishments by whether having delivered goods, services or information}$

through electronic means by industry sector/employment size

有否透過電子途徑 遞送貨品、服務或資料

Whether having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means

		through electronic means	(%)
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No
	No. of establishments	Tes	
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	18.4	81.6
建造業 Construction	20 355	6.7	93.3
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	21.8	78.2
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	7.7	92.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	26.4	73.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	18.9	81.1
總計 Total	307 900	19.4	80.6
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 296	75.3	24.7
中型 Medium	35 659	45.6	54.4
小型 Small	265 945	14.6	85.4
總計 Total	307 900	19.4	80.6

表 9.2 : 按所遞送貨品、服務或資料的種類劃分的有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料

的機構單位數目

Table 9.2 : Number of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through

electronic means by type of goods, services or information delivered

所遞送貨品、服務或資料的種類 (1) Type of goods, services or information delivered (1)	有透過電子途徑遞 送該類貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having delivered that type of goods, services or information through electronic means	佔有透過電子途徑 遞送貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means
在網站提供機構單位 / 產品及服務資料 Provision of information on the establishments/products and services on the website	59 401	99.3
遞送其他資料 Delivery of other information	11 595	19.4
遞送數碼形式的產品及服務 Delivery of products and services in digital form	7 463	12.5
電子金融服務 Electronic financial services	592	1.0
其他 Others	9	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one type.

:按電子途徑種類劃分的有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目 表 9.3

: Number of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through **Table 9.3** electronic means by type of electronic means

	有透過該類電子途 徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料的機構單位數目	佔有透過電子途徑 遞送貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比
電子途徑種類 (1) Type of electronic means (1)	No. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through that type of electronic means	As a % of total no. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means
	59 401	99.3

電子途徑種類 (1) Type of electronic means (1)	No. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through that type of electronic means	As a % of total no. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means
互聯網 Internet	59 401	99.3
互聯網(經其他一般網站/網頁) Internet (via website/webpage other than Wirless Application Protocol (WAP) version)	59 401	99.3
互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of website/webpage)	364	0.6
透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統 Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network	698	1.2
專用私人網絡 Designated private network	578	1.0
其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	230	0.4
其他 Others	284	0.5

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種電子途徑。

May select more than one type of electronic means.

表 9.4 : 按有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

 $Table \ 9.4 \quad : \ Number \ of \ establishments \ having \ delivered \ goods, \ services \ or \ information \ through$

electronic means by reason

有透過電子途徑遞送貨 品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔有透過電子途徑 遞送貨品、服務或資料 的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means
擴充市場及拓展商機 To expand market and explore business opportunities	46 338	77.5
改善對顧客的服務 To improve customer services	33 642	56.3
提高業務靈活性及增強競爭力 To increase business agility and enhance competitiveness	27 972	46.8
改善效率及流程 To improve efficiency and streamline workflow	17 121	28.6
改善生產力及減低成本 To improve productivity and reduce cost	10 603	17.7
其他 Others	85	0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 9.5 : 按有否計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料及預計開始的年份劃分的沒有透過

電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的機構單位數目

Table 9.5 : Number of establishments not having delivered goods, services or information through

electronic means by whether intending to do so by expected time of doing so

有否計劃透過 電子途徑遞送貨 品、服務或資料 Whether intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means	預計透過電子 途徑遞送的時間 Expected time of delivering through electronic means	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	佔有計劃透過 電子途徑遞送貨品 、服務或資料的機 構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means	佔沒有透過 電子途徑遞送貨品 、服務或資料的機 構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not having delivered goods, services or information through electronic means
有 Yes	在 2008 年 In 2008	4 755	29.8	1.9
	在 2009 年 In 2009	9 238	57.9	3.7
	在 2009 年後或 沒有預計時間 After 2009 or no expected time	1 971	12.3	0.8
沒有 No	-	232 134	-	93.6

表 9.6 : 按未有計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

Table 9.6 : Number of establishments not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means by reason

未有計劃透過電子途徑遞 送貨品、服務或資料的原因(1) Reason for not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means(1)	因該原因而未有計劃透 過電子途徑遞送貨品、服 務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔未有計劃透過電子 途徑遞送貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means
透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有 裨益 No business benefit to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means	170 355	73.4
沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料 Lack of practical use for a sound business case to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means	167 337	72.1
不了解該如何善用電子途徑遞送 貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for delivering goods, services or information	7 759	3.3
擔心轉用電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料或會影響現有業務的正常運作 Concern about possibility of interruption to established business process for delivering goods, services or information through electronic means	1 732	0.7
其他 Others	718	0.3
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	55 139	23.8
缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的 員工 Lack of personnel familiar with delivering goods, services or information through electronic means	38 954	16.8
有關的貨品、服務或資料不能以電子途徑遞送 Goods, services or information could not be delivered through electronic means	15 695	6.8
透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的成本高昂 Costly in delivering goods, services or information through electronic means	4 477	1.9
擔心透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料時的資訊保 安事宜 Concern about information security issue in delivering goods, services or information through electronic means	3 713	1.6

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 9.6 : 按未有計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的原因劃分的機構單位數目

(續)

 $Table \ 9.6 \quad : \ Number \ of \ establishments \ not \ intending \ to \ deliver \ goods, \ services \ or \ information \ through$

electronic means by reason (cont'd)

未有計劃透過電子途徑遞 送貨品、服務或資料的原因 (1) Reason for not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means (1)	因該原因而未有計劃透 過電子途徑遞送貨品、服 務或資料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means because of that reason	佔未有計劃透過電子 途徑遞送貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments not intending to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means
難以透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料 Difficult to deliver reliable goods, services or information through electronic means	3 615	1.6
擔心透過電子途徑所遞送的貨品、服務或資料所需的 處理時間及 / 或額外費用 Concern about lead time and/or additional cost for delivery of goods, services or information purchased through electronic means	1 787	0.8
只有少量客戶希望透過電子途徑收取貨品、服務或資料 There are few customers wishing to receive goods, services or information through electronic means	1 659	0.7
沒有可靠的保養/保養成本高昂 Reliable maintenance is not available/is costly	1 512	0.7
其他 Others	541	0.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個原因。

表 10.1 : 按有否為資訊科技開支項目訂下二零零八年財政預算劃分的機構單位按行業類別

/ 就業人數組別分布

Table 10.1: Distribution of establishments by whether having budget for information technology (IT)

for 2008 by industry sector/employment size

有否為資訊科技項目訂下 二零零八年的財政預算

Whether having budget for IT for 2008 (%)

				-
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No	不肯定 Uncertain
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	2.3	93.8	3.9
建造業 Construction	20 355	5.2	88.4	6.4
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	4.5	88.4	7.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	3.2	94.9	1.9
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	11.4	81.4	7.2
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	7.4	85.9	6.6
總計 Total	307 900	5.6	88.1	6.3
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	6 296	47.0	44.3	8.7
中型 Medium	35 659	11.4	75.8	12.7
小型 Small	265 945	3.8	90.8	5.4
總計 Total	307 900	5.6	88.1	6.3

表 10.2 : 按有否為資訊科技開支項目訂下二零零九年財政預算劃分的機構單位按行業類別

/ 就業人數組別分布

Table 10.2: Distribution of establishments by whether having budget for information technology (IT)

for 2009 by industry sector/employment size

有否為資訊科技項目訂下 二零零九年的財政預算

Whether having budget for IT for 2009 (%)

	_	whether having	r 2009 (%)	
	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有 Yes	沒有 No	不肯定 Uncertain
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	1.5	93.4	5.1
建造業 Construction	20 355	1.2	88.3	10.5
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	2.0	90.1	7.9
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	1.1	95.7	3.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	5.7	80.3	14.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	4.0	86.8	9.2
總計 Total	307 900	2.6	89.0	8.4
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	6 296	24.8	55.3	19.9
中型 Medium	35 659	5.9	77.7	16.4
小型 Small	265 945	1.6	91.3	7.1
總計 Total	307 900	2.6	89.0	8.4

•

: 按行業類別/就業人數組別劃分的機構單位在二零零八年為資訊科技開支項目訂 表 10.3

下的財政預算與二零零七年的預算比較

Table 10.3 : Comparison of budget of establishment for information technology (IT) for 2008 over that

for 2007 by industry sector/employment size

	有為資訊 科技開支項目訂下 二零零八年財政預 算的機構單位數目	二零零八年與二零零七年比較的財政預 Change of budget for 2008 over that for 2007			技開支項目訂下 二零零八年與二零零七年比較的財政 零零八年財政預 Change of budget for 2008			2008	動
	establishments having budget of IT for 2008	增加 Increased	不變 Same	減少 Decreased	不肯定 Uncertain	ap			
行業類別 Industry sector									
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	382	63.1	28.5	3.9	4.5				
建造業 Construction	1 068	62.2	3.3	3.1	31.1				
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	7 173	72.5	19.7	6.1	1.7				
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 047	56.5	27.1	10.9	5.5				
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	4 912	67.9	21.5	8.7	1.9				
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	2 571	64.8	26.8	3.2	5.2				
總計 Total	17 153	68.2	20.9	6.5	4.4				
就業人數組別 Employment size									

	No of					(/		
	No. of establishments having budget of IT for 2008	增加 Increased	不變 Same	減少 Decreased	不肯定 Uncertain	不適用 Not applicable		
行業類別 Industry sector								
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	382	63.1	28.5	3.9	4.5	0.0		
建造業 Construction	1 068	62.2	3.3	3.1	31.1	0.2		
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	7 173	72.5	19.7	6.1	1.7	0.0		
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	1 047	56.5	27.1	10.9	5.5	0.0		
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	4 912	67.9	21.5	8.7	1.9	0.0		
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	2 571	64.8	26.8	3.2	5.2	0.0		
總計 Total	17 153	68.2	20.9	6.5	4.4	#		
就業人數組別 Employment size								
大型 Large	2 959	64.7	20.9	8.0	6.3	0.0		
中型 Medium	4 075	41.6	40.8	6.9	10.7	#		
小型 Small	10 119	79.9	12.9	5.9	1.3	0.0		
總計	17 153	68.2	20.9	6.5	4.4	#		

Total

(%)

表 10.4 : 按行業類別/就業人數組別劃分的機構單位在二零零九年為資訊科技開支項目訂

下的財政預算與二零零八年的預算比較

Table 10.4 : Comparison of budget of establishments for information technology (IT) for 2009 over that

for 2008 by industry sector/employment size

有為資訊 科技開支項目訂下 二零零九年財政預 算的機構單位數目 No. of establishments

having budget of IT

二零零九年與二零零八年比較的財政預算變動

Change of budget for 2009 over that for 2008

(%)

	for year 2009		(%)			
		增加 Increased	不變 Same	減少 Decreased	不肯定 Uncertain	不適用 Not applicable
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	245	68.1	8.3	12.5	11.0	0.0
建造業 Construction	244	92.4	3.6	0.9	3.1	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	3 178	45.0	17.1	2.0	35.7	0.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	359	69.4	15.5	1.7	13.4	0.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	2 449	58.6	16.7	4.1	20.5	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	1 390	63.7	25.3	2.0	8.9	0.0
總計 Total	7 865	55.9	17.7	3.0	23.4	0.1
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	1 564	60.0	14.8	6.1	19.1	0.0
中型 Medium	2 120	42.5	20.5	4.1	32.9	0.0
小型 Small	4 181	61.1	17.4	1.2	20.3	0.1
總計 Total	7 865	55.9	17.7	3.0	23.4	0.1

Table 11.1 : Distribution of establishments having used personal computers (PCs) by whether having suffered from information security incidents by industry sector/employment size

	有使用個人電腦 的機構單位數目	機構單位曾否發生資訊保安事故 Whether having suffered from information security incidents	(%)
	No. of establishments having used PCs	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 751	16.9	83.1
建造業 Construction	11 306	18.0	82.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	105 755	20.5	79.5
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 837	32.4	67.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	36 058	20.2	79.8
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	21 454	18.5	81.5
總計 Total	194 161	20.6	79.4
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 240	26.7	73.3
中型 Medium	32 689	23.8	76.2
小型 Small	155 231	19.7	80.3
總計 Total	194 161	20.6	79.4

表 11.2 : 按曾發生資訊保安事故種類劃分的機構單位數目按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 11.2 : Distribution of establishments having suffered from information security incidents by type of information security incidents by industry sector/employment size

	曾發生資訊保安事 故的機構單位數目			ts (1)	(%)		
h	No. of establishments naving suffered from information security incidents	電腦病毒 Computer Virus	阻斷服務	黑客侵入 Hacking	資料外洩	資料被竊 Theft of	其他
行業類別 Industry sector							
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and g	1 480	99.1	2.0	1.4	0.1	0.0	0.0
建造業 Construction	2 038	99.7	17.3	0.2	0.0	#	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and ho	i	96.8	3.5	3.1	#	0.1	#
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	3 512	96.9	7.1	5.2	0.1	0.7	0.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務 Financing, insurance, real estate business services		83.7	36.1	16.0	3.2	#	0.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	3 959 I	95.5	10.5	9.2	1.0	1.2	#
總計 Total	39 978	94.5	11.1	6.0	0.7	0.2	#
就業人數組別 Employment size							
大型 Large	1 664	91.2	17.6	11.4	3.2	0.7	0.1
中型 Medium	7 767	89.3	10.3	8.2	0.0	0.8	0.0
小型 Small	30 547	96.0	10.9	5.2	0.8	#	#
總計 Total	39 978	94.5	11.1	6.0	0.7	0.2	#

① 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one type.

表 11.3 : 按曾發生資訊保安事故種類及曾發生資訊保安事故次數劃分的機構單位分布

Table 11.3 : Distribution of establishments having suffered from information security incidents by type of information security incidents by number of information security incidents

	曾發生該種資訊保安事故的機構單位數目	資訊保安事故的次數 Number of information security incidents			(%)		
	having suffered from that type of information security incidents	1 - 10	11 – 20	21 – 30	31 - 50	> 50	沒有計算 Unknown
資訊保安事故的種類 (1) Type of information security inc	cidents (1)						
電腦病毒 Computer Virus	37 782	96.2	2.7	0.7	0.3	#	#
阻斷服務 Denial of service	4 427	98.3	1.6	0.0	#	#	#
黑客侵入 Hacking	2 413	99.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	#	0.0
資料外洩 Leakage of information	286	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
資料被竊 Theft of information	89	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
其他 Others	11	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
以上種類的任何組合 Any combinations of the above ty	39 978 pes	95.7	3.1	0.8	0.2	0.1	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

May select more than one type.

表 11.4 : 按行業類別/就業人數組別及在發生資訊保安事故後所採取的行動類別劃分的機

構單位數目

Table 11.4 : Number of establishments having suffered from information security incidents by type of action taken after these incidents by industry sector/employment size

	曾發生資訊保安事故的機構單位數目	Ty	是安事故後所採取的行動 pe of action taken after nation security incident	•
	No. of establishments having suffered from information security incidents	修補漏洞 Patch holes	使用更多保安技術 Use more security technologies	向管理層匯報 Report to senior management
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 480	98.6	84.3	73.9
建造業 Construction	2 038	93.4	80.0	44.4
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	21 723	95.8	68.2	67.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	3 512	87.6	68.0	66.9
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	7 266	98.8	59.3	63.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	3 959	88.4	57.1	50.9
總計 Total	39 978	94.9	66.7	63.9
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	1 664	99.0	72.5	86.3
中型 Medium	7 767	93.1	69.6	80.5
小型 Small	30 547	95.1	65.6	58.5
總計 Total	39 978	94.9	66.7	63.9

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種行動。

May select more than one type of action.

表 11.4 : 按行業類別 / 就業人數組別及在發生資訊保安事故後所採取的行動類別劃分的機

構單位數目(續)

Table 11.4 : Number of establishments having suffered from information security incidents by type of

action taken after these incidents by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

Type of action taken after information security incidents (1) (cont'd) (%)

	Type of action taken after information security incidents (1) (cont'd)				
	向香港電腦保安 事故協調中心匯報 Report to Hong Kong Computer Emergency Response Team (HKCERT) Coordination Centre	向警方報案 Report to police	其他 Others		
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	0.1	0.4	0.0		
建造業 Construction	#	#	0.0		
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	5.1	0.9	0.2		
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	0.1	0.0	0.0		
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	0.1	0.4	3.4		
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	0.9	0.8	0.3		
總計 Total	2.9	0.7	0.7		
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	2.7	2.3	0.7		
中型 Medium	0.1	2.5	#		
小型 Small	3.6	0.1	0.9		
總計 Total	2.9	0.7	0.7		

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種行動。

May select more than one type of action.

表 11.5 : 按行業類別/就業人數組別及在發生資訊保安事故後沒有向警方報案的原因劃分

的機構單位分布

Table 11.5 : Distribution of establishments not reporting to police after having suffered from information security incidents by reason by industry sector/employment size

	發生資訊保 安事故後沒有 向警方報案的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments not reporting to police after having suffered from information security incidents	沒有向警方報案的原因 (1) Reason for not reporting to police (1) (%					
		不重要 , 無需要報案 Trivial, no need to report	不認為警 方可以幫助 Don't think police can help	公司沒 有指引 Company has no guideline to report	不知悉 可以報案 Unaware that it could be reported	對公司造 成負面形象 Negative publicity	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector							
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 474	93.0	7.4	1.7	0.9	0.0	0.0
建造業 Construction	2 037	90.9	16.3	6.6	3.2	0.0	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and impo and export trades, restaura and hotels	ort	82.6	10.2	15.8	10.4	2.3	0.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	3 512	92.4	4.2	3.2	4.9	0.0	0.1
金融、保險、地產及 商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business service	7 235 s	81.1	36.5	2.4	1.6	0.1	0.5
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	3 928	88.2	15.6	10.0	21.0	0.2	0.3
總計 Total	39 717	84.5	15.2	10.7	8.7	1.3	0.2
就業人數組別 Employment size							
大型 Large	1 625	88.0	12.3	8.7	5.0	0.6	1.4
中型 Medium	7 576	88.0	11.1	13.5	11.2	6.5	0.0
小型 Small	30 516	83.5	16.4	10.1	8.2	0.1	0.1
總計 Total	39 717	84.5	15.2	10.7	8.7	1.3	0.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種原因。 May select more than one reason.

表 11.6 : 按行業類別/就業人數組別及在發生資訊保安事故後沒有向香港電腦保安事故協調中心匯報的原因劃分的機構單位分布

Table 11.6 : Distribution of establishments not reporting to Hong Kong Computer Emergency Response Team (HKCERT) Coordination Centre after having suffered from information security incidents by reason by industry sector/employment size

	發生資訊保		向香港電腦保安事故協調中心匯報的原因 ⑴ not reporting to HKCERT Coordination Centre ⑴			(%)
	安事故後沒有向香港電腦保安事故協調中心匯報的機構單位數目 No. of establishments not reporting to HKCERT Coordination Centre after having suffered from information security incidents	不重要 , 無需要匯報 Trivial, no need to report	不知悉香港 電腦保安事 故協調中心 Unaware of HKCERT Coordination Centre	公司沒 有指引 Company has no guideline to report	不認為香港 電腦保安事故協 調中心可以幫助 Don't think HKCERT Coordination Centre can help	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	1 478	94.1	2.6	2.0	5.8	0.0
建造業 Construction	2 037	71.0	21.5	6.6	1.5	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出 口貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	20 625	71.7	19.5	17.7	10.5	#
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	3 509	89.2	13.1	2.7	1.7	#
金融、保險、地產及 商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	7 258	70.8	13.4	2.2	15.4	0.5
社區、社會及個人服務 業 Community, social and	3 922	82.2	25.9	10.7	19.5	0.1
personal services						
總計 Total	38 828	75.0	17.9	11.6	10.9	0.1
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	1 620	83.6	12.8	10.1	8.1	0.6
中型 Medium	7 759	78.3	24.3	15.4	10.7	0.0
小型 Small	29 449	73.7	16.5	10.6	11.0	0.1
總計 Total	38 828	75.0	17.9	11.6	10.9	0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種原因。 May select more than one reason.

:按有否採用保安技術來保護機構單位的電腦系統及資料劃分的有使用個人電腦的 表 11.7

機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 11.7 : Distribution of establishments having used personal computers (PCs) by whether having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information by industry sector/employment size

	有使用個 人電腦的機 構單位數目 No. of	有否採用保安技術來保護 機構單位的電腦系統及資料 Whether having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information	(%)
	establishments having used PCs	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 751	97.8	2.2
建造業 Construction	11 306	93.4	6.6
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	105 755	96.1	3.9
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 837	96.7	3.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	36 058	98.7	1.3
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	21 454	93.1	6.9
總計 Total	194 161	96.2	3.8
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 240	99.5	0.5
中型 Medium	32 689	96.9	3.1
小型 Small	155 231	96.0	4.0
總計 Total	194 161	96.2	3.8

表 11.8 : 按所採用的保安技術來保護機構單位的電腦系統及資料劃分的機構單位按行業類

別/就業人數組別分布

Table 11.8 : Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information by type of security technology adopted by industry sector/employment size

			所採用的保安技術 (1) Type of security technology adopted (1)	
	有採用保安技術 — 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having adopted security technology	防毒軟件 Anti-virus software	防火牆 Firewall	簡單認證 (密碼 /個人辨認密碼) Simple authentication (Password/Personal Identity Number)
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 561	98.0	84.2	54.5
建造業 Construction	10 557	100.0	72.6	31.8
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	101 675	96.9	81.5	51.3
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 481	99.2	77.7	47.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	35 587	97.8	81.8	57.3
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	19 981	96.3	73.4	57.0
總計 Total	186 842	97.3	80.1	51.9
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	6 209	98.6	93.1	78.4
中型 Medium	31 676	97.9	82.0	57.9
小型 Small	148 958	97.2	79.2	49.5
總計 Total	186 842	97.3	80.1	51.9

① 可選擇多於一種保安技術。

表 11.8 : 按所採用的保安技術來保護機構單位的電腦系統及資料劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布(續)

Table 11.8 : Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information by type of security technology adopted by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

	所採用的保安技術 (1) (續) Type of security technology adopted (1) (cont'd) (%)				
	數據備份和復原 Data backup and recovery	保護免受濫 發電郵滋擾 Protection against email spam	保安修補程式管理 Security patch management		
行 業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	43.6	34.1	26.7		
建造業 Construction	22.3	6.3	11.0		
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	42.0	29.1	23.3		
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	33.6	19.3	20.3		
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	53.4	35.7	32.6		
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	45.8	20.3	23.1		
總計 Total	43.1	27.8	24.3		
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	74.1	49.6	43.2		
中型 Medium	47.1	34.0	27.9		
小型 Small	40.9	25.6	22.8		
總計 Total	43.1	27.8	24.3		

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種保安技術。

表 11.8 : 按所採用的保安技術來保護機構單位的電腦系統及資料劃分的機構單位按行業類

別/就業人數組別分布(續)

Table 11.8 : Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information by type of security technology adopted by industry

sector/employment size (cont'd)

		c技術 ⑴ (續) plogy adopted ⑴ (cont'd)	(%)
	檔案加密 File encryption	實體保安 Physical security	接達管制 Access control
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	19.4	19.6	7.9
建造業 Construction	8.5	9.0	2.1
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	16.4	12.0	11.3
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	18.8	16.4	13.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	27.8	16.1	16.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	14.2	14.8	8.4
總計 Total	18.2	13.5	11.4
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	39.6	42.5	46.9
中型 Medium	26.3	20.5	20.7
小型 Small	15.5	10.8	8.0
總計 Total	18.2	13.5	11.4

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種保安技術。

表 11.8 : 按所採用的保安技術來保護機構單位的電腦系統及資料劃分的機構單位按行業類

別/就業人數組別分布(續)

Table 11.8 : Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information by type of security technology adopted by industry

sector/employment size (cont'd)

	Type of	所採用的保安技術 ⑴ (續) Type of security technology adopted ⑴ (cont'd)			
	入侵偵測系統 / 入侵防禦系統 Intrusion Detection System (IDS)/ Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)	虚擬私人網絡 Virtual Private Network (VPN)	複雜認證(限用 一次密碼/保安權標/ 生物測定/數碼證書) Complex authentication (One-time password/ security token/ Biometrics/ Digital certificate)	(%) 其他 Others	
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	6.3	4.0	0.9	0.1	
建造業 Construction	5.3	0.8	1.3	0.0	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	4.9	4.2	1.4	0.0	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	3.6	5.5	5.5	#	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	18.3	10.4	6.5	0.1	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	4.5	4.6	2.5	0.0	
總計 Total	7.4	5.3	2.7	#	
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	25.0	35.2	15.5	0.2	
中型 Medium	7.0	8.4	3.1	0.0	
小型 Small	6.8	3.4	2.1	#	
總計 Total	7.4	5.3	2.7	#	

① 可選擇多於一種保安技術。

表 11.9 : 按在處理資訊保安問題上所遇到的障礙劃分的有採用保安技術來保護機構單位的

電腦系統及資料的機構單位分布

Table 11.9 : Distribution of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information by type of obstacles to addressing information security

concerns

障礙的種類 (1) Type of obstacles (1)	在處理資訊保安問題上所遇到該種障 礙的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having that type of obstacles to addressing information security concerns	佔有採用保安技術來 保護機構的電腦系統及資 料的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments having adopted security technology to protect their computer system and information
財政限制 Budget constraint	38 270	20.5
員工缺乏資訊保安的意識 Lack of employee awareness	30 611	16.4
缺乏有關範疇的知識 Lack of expertise in the field	29 580	15.8
有關產品的技術複雜 Technical complexity of products	24 723	13.2
缺乏有關資訊科技保安的策略及指引 Lack of policy and guideline on IT security	16 771	9.0
缺乏管理層的支持 Lack of management support	7 450	4.0
其他 Others	66	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種障礙。

May select more than one type of obstacle.

表 11.10 : 按有否實施資訊保安措施劃分的有使用個人電腦的機構單位按行業類別/就業人

數組別分布

Table 11.10: Distribution of establishments having used personal computers (PCs) by whether having

implemented information security measures by industry sector/employment size

	有使用個人電腦 的機構單位數目	機構單位的電腦有否 實施資訊保安措施 Whether having implemented information security measures	(%)
	No. of establishments having used PCs	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 751	70.8	29.2
建造業 Construction	11 306	62.8	37.2
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	105 755	75.0	25.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 837	75.0	25.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	36 058	82.6	17.4
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	21 454	71.2	28.8
總計 Total	194 161	75.1	24.9
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 240	93.6	6.4
中型 Medium	32 689	81.0	19.0
小型 Small	155 231	73.1	26.9
總計 Total	194 161	75.1	24.9

表 11.11 : 按所實施的資訊保安措施類別劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 11.11: Distribution of establishments having implemented information security measures by type of information security measures implemented by industry sector/employment size

所實施的資訊保安措施的種類 ①	
Type of information security	
measures implemented (1)	(%)

		meas	(%)	
	有實施資訊保安措施的 機構單位數目 No. of establishments having implemented information security measures	定期安裝伺服 機/個人電腦 保安修補程式 Apply security patches for servers/personal computers regularly	僱用全職 / 兼職 員工負責資訊保安 Employ full-time/ part-time staff responsible for information security	員工認知、 教育及培訓 Staff awareness, education and training
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	6 193	82.9	20.4	10.9
建造業 Construction	7 103	85.3	10.6	11.2
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	79 341	80.6	20.9	18.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	8 125	75.4	26.2	19.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	29 768	88.7	19.2	27.1
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	15 282	85.0	25.5	18.8
總計 Total	145 812	82.8	20.8	19.4
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	5 841	82.8	55.7	44.8
中型 Medium	26 470	80.6	36.2	21.5
小型 Small	113 501	83.3	15.4	17.6
總計 Total	145 812	82.8	20.8	19.4

① 可選擇多於一種資訊保安措施。

May select more than one type of information security measure.

表 11.11 : 按所實施的資訊保安措施類別劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布 (續)

Table 11.11: Distribution of establishments having implemented information security measures by type of information security measures implemented by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

	所實施的資訊保安措施的種類 (1) (續) Type of information security measures implemented (1) (cont'd)			
	Type of informa 制定事故 回應程序 Develop incident response procedures	建立資訊 建立資訊 保安政策 Establish information security policy	在過去 12 個 月內曾進行資訊保 安風險評估及審核 Conduct information security risk assessment and audit within the last 12 months	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	17.6	12.3	7.4	0.1
建造業 Construction	11.3	4.5	1.5	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	8.2	5.3	6.4	0.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	13.7	4.1	5.7	0.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	21.6	14.6	8.9	0.1
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	8.1	5.2	5.4	0.2
總計 Total	11.8	7.4	6.6	0.1
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	26.8	31.3	25.3	0.1
中型 Medium	12.3	9.3	7.7	0.3
小型 Small	10.9	5.7	5.4	0.1
總計 Total	11.8	7.4	6.6	0.1

① 可選擇多於一種資訊保安措施。

May select more than one type of information security measure.

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表 11.12 : 按有否為客戶提供身分認證及 / 或保密接達服務劃分的有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業人數組別分布

品、服務以資料的機構単位按行業無別/ 駅業人數組別分佈
Table 11.12: Distribution of establishments having sold goods, services or information through

electronic means by whether having provided authentication and/or secure access for

clients by industry sector/employment size

	有透過電子途徑售 實貨品、服務或資 料的機構單位數目 No. of establishments	有否為客戶提供身分 認證及 / 或保密接達服務 Whether having provided authentication and/or secure access for the clients	(%)
	having sold goods, services — or information through electronic means	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業 (1) Manufacturing, electricity and gas, and construction (1)	359	17.2	82.8
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	1 890	79.5	20.5
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	198	75.7	24.3
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	1 347	99.2	0.8
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	80	98.7	1.3
總計 Total	3 875	80.8	19.2
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	428	94.5	5.5
中型 Medium	717	49.9	50.1
小型 Small	2 731	86.7	13.3
總計 Total	3 875	80.8	19.2

⁽¹⁾ 由於要為個別機構單位的資料保密,故此製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業合併起來分析。

The manufacturing sector, electricity and gas sector, and the construction sector were combined for analysis in order to preserve confidentiality of information relating to individual establishments.

表 11.13 : 按為客戶提供身分認證及 / 或保密接達服務的方法劃分的機構單位按行業類別

/ 就業人數組別分布

Table 11.13 : Distribution of establishments having provided authentication and/or secure access for clients by method of providing authentication and/or secure access for clients by industry

sector/employment size

	有為客戶提供身分 認證及 / 或保密接達 服務的機構單位數目	為客戶提供身分認證 及/或保密接達服務的方法 ⑴ Method of providing authentication and/or secure access for the clients ⑴		cation
	No. of establishments having provided authentication and/or secure access for the clients	and/or secure acc 密碼 / 個人辨認密碼 Password/Personal Identity Number	ess for the clic 用戶名稱 User name	ents (1) (%) 個人數碼證書 Personal digital certificate
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業 (2) Manufacturing, electricity and gas, and construction (2)	62	90.8	90.8	1.9
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	1 502	73.8	72.8	2.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	150	91.0	43.7	4.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	1 337	36.0	37.5	60.7
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	79	67.3	39.9	2.5
總計 Total	3 130	58.7	55.8	27.2
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	404	87.4	82.8	14.8
中型 Medium	357	88.9	67.4	8.9
小型 Small	2 369	49.2	49.5	32.0
總計 Total	3 130	58.7	55.8	27.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種方法。

May select more than one method.

⁽²⁾ 由於要為個別機構單位的資料保密,故此製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業合併起來分析。

The manufacturing sector, electricity and gas sector, and the construction sector were combined for analysis in order to preserve confidentiality of information relating to individual establishments.

表 11.13 : 按為客戶提供身分認證及 / 或保密接達服務的方法劃分的機構單位按行業類別

/就業人數組別分布(續)

Table 11.13 : Distribution of establishments having provided authentication and/or secure access for clients by method of providing authentication and/or secure access for clients by industry sector/employment size (cont'd)

	為客戶提供身分認證及/或保密接達服務的方法⑴(續) Method of providing authentication and/or secure access for the clients ⑴ (cont'd)			(%)
_	保密插口層 Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)	伺服器數碼證書 Server digital certificate	保密電子交易 Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)	其他 Others
行業類別 Industry sector				
製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業 (2) Manufacturing, electricity and gas, and construction (2)	39.7	8.1	18.7	0.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	9.3	16.7	10.5	0.1
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	22.8	13.0	8.6	2.6
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	30.4	13.5	6.0	1.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	49.6	18.0	11.1	0.0
總計 Total	20.6	15.0	8.7	0.6
就業人數組別 Employment size				
大型 Large	65.3	30.4	19.0	4.3
中型 Medium	54.2	24.9	11.5	0.0
小型 Small	7.9	10.9	6.5	0.0
總計 Total	20.6	15.0	8.7	0.6

① 可選擇多於一種方法。

May select more than one method.

²⁾ 由於要為個別機構單位的資料保密,故此製造業、電力及燃氣業和建造業合併起來分析。

The manufacturing sector, electricity and gas sector, and the construction sector were combined for analysis in order to preserve confidentiality of information relating to individual establishments.

表 11.14 : 按有否制定持續業務運作計劃劃分的有連接互聯網的機構單位按行業類別 / 就業

人數組別分布

Table 11.14: Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by whether having business

continuity plan by industry sector/employment size

		有否制定持續業務運作計劃 Whether having business continuity plan	(%)
	有連接互聯網 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having Internet connection	有 Yes	沒有 No
行業類別 Industry sector			
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 545	11.7	88.3
建造業 Construction	9 571	3.0	97.0
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	100 101	9.3	90.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 400	13.8	86.2
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	34 297	16.0	84.0
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	18 208	4.1	95.9
總計 Total	181 121	10.1	89.9
就業人數組別 Employment size			
大型 Large	6 000	25.9	74.1
中型 Medium	30 345	10.4	89.6
小型 Small	144 777	9.3	90.7
總計 Total	181 121	10.1	89.9

表 11.15 : 按在遇到有關資訊科技方面的災難時會採取的行動種類劃分的有連接互聯網的機

構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 11.15: Distribution of establishment having Internet connection by type of action to be taken by

establishments to respond to IT disasters by industry sector/employment size

		會採取的應變措施 (1) Action to be taken (1)			(%)	
	有連接互聯網 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having Internet connection	改用人手操作 Use manual operation instead	使用備份系統 Use backup system	其他 Others	不會採取任 何應變措施 Will not take any action	
行業類別 Industry sector						
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 545	78.5	24.9	0.2	12.2	
建造業 Construction	9 571	71.4	25.9	1.7	11.7	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	100 101	72.4	32.8	0.4	12.3	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 400	75.5	31.8	2.5	5.0	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	34 297	72.1	41.9	0.7	13.0	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	18 208	72.0	36.0	0.8	10.2	
總計 Total	181 121	72.7	34.1	0.7	11.8	
就業人數組別 Employment size						
大型 Large	6 000	69.9	57.0	3.4	3.9	
中型 Medium	30 345	73.4	41.1	1.2	7.2	
小型 Small	144 777	72.7	31.7	0.5	13.1	
總計 Total	181 121	72.7	34.1	0.7	11.8	

① 可選擇多於一種應變措施。

May select more than one type of action.

表 11.16 : 按在遇到有關資訊科技方面的災難時會尋求的協助種類劃分的有連接互聯網的機

構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 11.16: Distribution of establishments having Internet connection by kind of help to be asked for

by establishments in IT disasters by industry sector/employment size

		會尋求的協助種類 (1) Kind of help to be asked for (1)			1)	(%)	
	有連接互聯網 的機構單位數目 No. of establishments having Internet connection	尋求資 訊科技顧 問的意見 Seek advice from IT consultant	尋求有 關行業商 會的協助 Seek help from associations of the related trade	向保險 公司索償(如 已購買保險) Claim insurance (if insured)	其他 Others	不會尋求	
行業類別 Industry sector							
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	8 545	65.6	6.1	1.3	3.2	28.7	
建造業 Construction	9 571	75.7	5.2	7.0	5.6	11.7	
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	100 101	67.0	5.4	0.3	4.5	24.2	
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	10 400	73.5	4.7	0.6	7.3	16.9	
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	34 297	68.0	7.0	1.0	5.1	23.9	
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	18 208	76.4	14.3	0.6	4.8	11.1	
總計 Total	181 121	68.9	6.6	0.9	4.8	22.0	
就業人數組別 Employment size							
大型 Large	6 000	85.7	11.9	4.8	4.9	6.8	
中型 Medium	30 345	77.4	6.9	2.7	5.8	12.9	
小型 Small	144 777	66.4	6.3	0.3	4.6	24.5	
總計 Total	181 121	68.9	6.6	0.9	4.8	22.0	

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一種協助。

May select more than one kind of help.

表 12.1 : 按有否應用無線及流動裝置劃分的機構單位按行業類別/就業人數組別分布

Table 12.1: Distribution of establishments by whether having used wireless and mobile devices by industry sector/employment size

	— 機構單位數目 No. of		有否應用無線 hether having and mobile	used wireless	
		有 Yes		沒有 No	İ
	establishments	數目 No.	百分比 %	數目 No.	百分比 %
行業類別 Industry sector					
製造業、電力及燃氣業 Manufacturing, electricity and gas	16 559	2 773	16.7	13 786	83.3
建造業 Construction	20 355	4 019	19.7	16 336	80.3
批發、零售、進口與出口貿易、 飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail and import and export trades, restaurants and hotels	160 717	40 169	25.0	120 548	75.0
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage and communications	32 636	5 228	16.0	27 408	84.0
金融、保險、地產及商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate and business services	42 903	16 660	38.8	26 243	61.2
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social and personal services	34 730	8 026	23.1	26 704	76.9
總計 Total	307 900	76 874	25.0	231 026	75.0
就業人數組別 Employment size					
大型 Large	6 296	4 221	67.0	2 075	33.0
中型 Medium	35 659	12 176	34.1	23 483	65.9
小型 Small	265 945	60 477	22.7	205 468	77.3
總計 Total	307 900	76 874	25.0	231 026	75.0

表 12.2 : 按所應用的無線及流動裝置種類劃分的有應用無線及流動裝置的機構單位數目

Table 12.2 : Number of establishments having used wireless and mobile devices by type of wireless and mobile devices used

所應用的無線及流動裝置的種類 (1) Type of wireless and mobile devices used (1)	有應用該種無線及流 動裝置的機構單位數目 No. of establishments using that type of wireless and mobile devices	佔有應用無線及流動裝 置的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using wireless and mobile devices
無線區域網絡接達點(包括無線熱點) Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) access point (including hotspot)	59 907	77.9
連接無線數據通訊網絡的便攜式電腦/筆記簿型 電腦 Laptop or notebook computer connected to a wireless data communication network	49 663	64.6
連接無線數據通訊網絡的流動電話 Mobile phone connected to a wireless data communication network	30 016	39.0
連接無線數據通訊網絡的桌面電腦 Desktop computer connected to a wireless data communication network	21 126	27.5
連接無線數據通訊網絡的個人數碼助理 Personal Digital Assistant connected to a wireless data communication network	13 328	17.3
非接觸式智能卡閱讀器 Contactless smart card reader	11 706	15.2
射頻識別技術裝置 Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) device	8 775	11.4
其他 Others	27	#

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 12.3 : 按所應用的無線及流動傳送技術種類劃分的有應用無線及流動傳送技術的機構單

位數目

Table 12.3: Number of establishments having used wireless and mobile transmission technology by type of wireless and mobile transmission technology used

所應用的無線及流動傳送技術的種類 (1) Type of wireless and mobile transmission technology used (1)	有應用該種無線及流動 傳送技術的機構單位數目 No. of establishments using that type of wireless and mobile transmission technology	佔有應用無線及流動傳送 技術的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using wireless and mobile transmission technology
無線區域網絡 Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)	60 061	78.1
通用分組無線電服務 General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)	22 975	29.9
藍芽技術 Bluetooth	18 594	24.2
第三代無線通訊系統 Third Generation Wireless System (3G)	16 227	21.1
射頻識別技術 Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)	11 797	15.3
無線應用協定 Wireless Application Protocol (WAP)	9 227	12.0
全球演進式數據速率增強技術 Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution (EDGE)	9 099	11.8
流動保安解決方案(例如流動數碼證書) Mobile security solution (e.g. mobile digital certificate)	2 481	3.2
其他 Others	176	0.2

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 12.4 : 按所使用的無線及流動服務種類劃分的有使用無線及流動服務的機構單位數目

Table 12.4 : Number of establishments having used wireless and mobile services by type of wireless and mobile services used

所使用的無線及流動服務的種類 (1) Type of wireless and mobile services used (1)	有使用該種無線及流 動服務的機構單位數目 No. of establishments using that type of wireless and mobile services	佔有使用無線及流動服 務的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using wireless and mobile services
無線上網 Wireless web surfing	59 869	77.9
無線電郵 Wireless e-mail	51 025	66.4
短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS)	31 527	41.0
多媒體短訊服務 Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS)	8 045	10.5
視像通訊 Video call	7 225	9.4
資訊娛樂服務 Infotainment service	7 207	9.4
增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS)	4 537	5.9
全球定位系統 Global Positioning System (GPS)	2 145	2.8
基於位置的服務 Location Based Service (LBS)	149	0.2
其他 Others	11 798	15.3

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 12.5 : 按所應用的無線及流動應用系統種類劃分的有應用無線及流動應用系統的機構單

位數目

Table 12.5: Number of establishments having used wireless and mobile applications by type of wireless and mobile applications used

所應用的無線及流動應用系統的種類 (1) Type of wireless and mobile applications used (1)	有應用該種無線及流動 應用系統的機構單位數目 No. of establishments using that type of wireless and mobile applications	佔有應用無線及流動應用 系統的機構單位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments using wireless and mobile applications
辦公室自動化(文書處理、試算表等) Office automation (word processing, spreadsheet, etc.)	46 548	60.6
短訊廣播及警報(短訊服務、多媒體短訊服務等) Message broadcast and alert (SMS, MMS, etc.)	32 263	42.0
工作管理 Job management	26 935	35.0
非接觸式智能卡接達/保安管制 Access/Security control using contactless smart card	11 706	15.2
無線應用協定的網站 Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) site	9 234	12.0
視訊串流 Video streaming	7 293	9.5
外勤考查及文件傳送 Outdoor site survey and documentation	4 723	6.1
流動金融服務(銀行、買賣股票等) Mobile financial services (banking, stock trading, etc)	3 367	4.4
地理資訊系統 Geographic Information System (GIS)	1 582	2.1
存貨控制 Inventory control	1 519	2.0
與業務伙伴(包括政府)進行交易 Transaction with business partners (including the Government)	1 465	1.9
車隊管理 Fleet management	648	0.8
流動銷售點 Mobile Point-Of-Sales	182	0.2
其他 Others	87	0.1

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個種類。

表 12.6 : 按使用無線及流動服務及技術的障礙劃分的機構單位分布

Table 12.6: Distribution of establishments by obstacle for using wireless and mobile services and technology

按在使用無線及流動 服務及技術的障礙 (1) Obstacle for using wireless and mobile services and technology (1)	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	佔所有機構單 位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments
使用無線及流動服務及技術對業務沒有裨益 No business benefit to use wireless and mobile services and technology	197 816	64.2
沒有實際用途以支持在業務上使用無線及 流動服務及技術 Lack of practical use for a sound business case to use wireless and mobile services and technology	189 789	61.6
不了解該如何使用無線及流動服務及技術 令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of wireless and mobile services and technology	16 582	5.4
其他 Others	739	0.2
業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry	78 699	25.6
缺乏熟悉無線及流動服務及技術的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with wireless and mobile services and technology	69 563	22.6
投資成本高昂 High investment cost	44 402	14.4
運作費用高昂 High operating cost	32 413	10.5
擔心資料保密及可靠性事宜 Concern about information security and reliability issues	28 618	9.3
回報率沒有保證 Uncertain Return-On-Investment	21 524	7.0
不清楚市場有何無線及流動服務及技術 Unfamiliar with the wireless and mobile services and technology available in the market	19 062	6.2
網絡覆蓋不足 Insufficient network coverage	18 467	6.0
使用不方便 Inconvenient to use	8 377	2.7

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個阻礙。

May select more than one obstacle.

表 12.6 : 按使用無線及流動服務及技術的障礙劃分的機構單位分布(續)

Table 12.6: Distribution of establishments by obstacle for using wireless and mobile services and

technology (cont'd)

按在使用無線及流動 服務及技術的障礙 (1) Obstacle for using wireless and mobile services and technology (1)	機構單位數目 No. of establishments	佔所有機構單 位數目百分比 As a % of total no. of establishments
大部分顧客仍未有準備使用無線及流動服務及技術 Most customers not ready to use wireless and mobile services and technology	7 607	2.5
無線及流動裝置的功能不足 Inadequate functionality of the wireless and mobile devices	5 601	1.8
市場沒有合適的無線及流動服務及技術 No suitable wireless and mobile services and technology in the market	4 636	1.5
其他 Others	1 258	0.4

⁽¹⁾ 可選擇多於一個阻礙。

May select more than one obstacle.

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香港特別行政區 政府統計處 CENSUS AND STATISTICS DEPARTMENT HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

08 IT

致 TO: 二零零八年資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及程度按年統計調查 ANNUAL SURVEY ON INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY USAGE AND PENETRATION IN THE BUSINESS SECTOR FOR 2008

1	或上列地拉的使	用者	<u>۲</u>	ı

or the occupier of these premises 注意事項

- 1. 這項統計調查是根據《普查及統計條例》(第316章) 穿 MIA 部進行,並由香港特別行政區政府憲報於2001年3月2日所刊登第1271號政府公告上宣布進行。條例規定,本處對個別機構單位的資料必須嚴加保密,日後只發表整體性而不會顯示個別機構單位的資料。
- 2. 請填妥本問卷並用所附上的限閱文件に封在 2008 年 5 月 19 日 或以前寄回:

香港 北角英皇道 250 號 北角城中心 6 樓 政府統計處 科技統計組

- 3. 除特別註明外,填報的數據應以填報問卷時的情況為依據。E欄內有關購買和業務收入的全年數據是指所述 年份或由該年1月1日至翌年3月31日期間任何連續12個月的資料,視乎貴機構的會計慣例而定。
- 4. 有關本問卷內以**粗斜體** 印出的詞彙的釋義,請參閱「**註釋**」。倘未能提供準確數據,請提供最佳的估計。 如有查詢或需要協助填報問卷,請與本處陳梁少興女士聯絡(電話:3582 3461,圖文傳真:2887 5117或 電郵:itsurvey@censtatd.gov.hk)。
- 5. 請在適當空格 '□' 內加'√'。

Points to Note

- 1. The survey is conducted under Part IIIA of the Census and Statistics Ordinance (Chapter 316), as notified in the Government Notice No. 1271 in the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Gazette of 2 March 2001. In accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, all collected information relating to individual establishments will be kept in strict confidence. Only aggregate information, which does not reveal the details of individual establishments, will be released.
- 2. Please complete and return this questionnaire on or before 19 May 2008 using the enclosed restricted cover to:

Census and Statistics Department, Science and Technology Statistics Section, 6/F, Fortress Tower, 250 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong.

- 3. All data provided should refer to the position when completing the questionnaire, unless it is specified otherwise. Information on value of purchases and business receipts for a year in Section E refers to that of the specified calendar year or a 12-month period between 1 January of that year and 31 March of the following year, according to the accounting practice of your firm.
- 4. Please refer to the *Explanatory Notes* for the definition of those terms printed in *bold and italic* in this questionnaire. If exact figures are not available, please provide your best estimates. For any enquiries or assistance in completing this questionnaire, please contact Mrs CHAN LEUNG Siu-hing at tel.: 3582 3461, fax: 2887 5117 or e-mail: itsurvey@censtatd.gov.hk.
- 5. Please ' \checkmark ' in the appropriate box ' \square '.

Α.	一般資料 GENERAL INFORMATION
A1.	貴機構的業務性質。(請簡述貴機構所生產或提供的主要產品及服務。) Nature of business of your firm. (Please describe the major products and services produced or offered by your firm.)
A2.	在 2008 年 3 月底貴機構的 就業人數 。 Number of persons engaged in your firm as at end March 2008.
В.	個人電腦的應用 PERSONAL COMPUTER USAGE
B1.	貴機構有沒有使用 個人電腦 ? Does your firm use personal computers (PCs) ? 1 有 (請跳至 B3) Yes (Please go to B3) 2 沒有 No
B2.	情機構有沒有計劃裝置個人電腦?

B3.		以下類別,註明貴機構所使用的個人電腦數量: aber of PCs in use by the following categories:		∄(部) ber of sets
	(a)	桌面電腦 Desktop computer		
	(b)	便攜式或筆記簿型電腦 Laptop or notebook computer		
	(c)	個人數碼助理 Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)		
	(d)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):		
			總計 Total	
B4.	Whe	機構的個人電腦有沒有裝置/接達以下類別的 應用軟件 : ther your firm's PCs have installed/access to the following categories of lication software :	有 Yes	沒有 No
	(a)	文字處理 Word processing	1	2
	(b)	試算表 Spreadsheet	1	2
	(c)	數據庫管理 Database management	1	2
	(d)	通訊 Communication	1	2
	(e)	簡報 Presentation	1	2
	(f)	電腦保安及防毒 Computer security and anti-virys	1	2
	(g)	多媒體工具(影像及聲音) Multi-media tools (video and sound)	1	2
	(h)	其他 實用程式 Other <i>utility</i>	1	2
	(i)	電腦輔助設計/電腦輔助製造 Computer-Aided Design/Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAD/CAM	(1)	2
	(j)	用於直接電子報關服務的用戶軟件 End-user software for Direct Electronic Declaration Service	1	2
	(k)	互聯網瀏覽器 Internet browser	1	2
	(I)	銀行及金融/會計 Banking and finance/Accounting	1	2
	(m)	採購/處理銷售訂單 Purchasing/Sales and order processing	1	2
	(n)	人力資源管理/培訓 Human resources management/Training	1	2
	(o)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	1	2

	填入數據後即成 限 阅 文 仟 RESTRICTED WHEN ENTERED WITH DATA
B 5 .	貴機構的個人電腦有沒有接達以下類別的特製電腦系統:Whether your firm's PCs have access to the following categories of tailor-made computer system:有 沒有 Yes(a) 電腦輔助設計/電腦輔助製造 CAD/CAM1(b) 銀行及金融/會計 Banking and finance/Accounting1
	(c) 採購/處理銷售訂單 Purchasing/Sales and order processing (d) 人力資源管理/培訓 Human resources management/Training
	Human resources management/Training (e) 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
B6.	貴機構在工作上有使用個人電腦的員工佔貴機構總僱員的百分比為(請進位至整數): The proportion of your firm's employees using PCs at work is (Please round to whole number):
C.	電腦網絡的應用 COMPUTER NETWORK USAGE
C1.	貴機構有沒有連接 互聯網 ? Does your firm have <i>Internet</i> connection? 1 有 (請跳至 C3) Yes (Please go to C3) 2 沒有 No
C2.	情機構有沒有計劃連接互聯網? 1
	□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

_		
C3.	Wh	機構通常使用互聯網作何種用途?(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要的一項)</u> at does your firm usually use Internet for? (May select more than one but please <u>encircle the most</u> ortant one)
	1	電子郵件 Electronic-mail (e-mail)
	2	網上搜集一般資料 On-line sourcing of general information
	3	網上購買/預訂貨品、服務或資料 On-line purchase/ordering of goods, services or information
	4	網上獲取貨品、服務或資料 On-line receipt of goods, services or information
	5	網上售賣貨品、服務或資料 On-line sales of goods, services or information
	6	網上遞送貨品、服務或資料 On-line delivery of goods, services or information
	7	網上付款 On-line payments
	8	使用政府網上資訊或服務 Access to on-line Government information or services
	9	網上向供應商/商業伙伴提出查詢 Make on-line enquiry to suppliers/business partners
	10	網上向顧客/購買商/商業伙伴提供資料/意見 On-line provision of information/feedt.ack to customers/buyers/business partners
	11	下載軟件 Software downloads
	12	電子銀行服務(例如轉帳) Electronic banking services (e.g. transferring money)
	13	金融交易服務(例如買賣股票) Financial transaction services (e.g. stock trading)
	14	網上應用系統以作公司內部運作(例如客户關係管理、企業資源計劃) On-line application for internal use (e.g. customer relationship management, enterprise resources planning)
	15	視像會議 Video conference
	16	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
C4.	貴相	機構是如何連接互聯網的?(可選多項) v is your firm connected to the Internet? (May select more than one)
	1	· Missing the first the first the first that sold the first that
	2	寬頻 Broadband
	3	經 Wi-Fi (無線相容性認證) 連接 Connection via Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity)
	4	專用線路 Dedicated circuits
	5	經公眾蜂窩式電話網絡連接(例如 高速下傳分組接入) Connection via the public cellular telephone network (e.g. High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA))
	6	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
C5.		幾構在工作中有使用互聯網的員工佔貴機構總僱員的百分比為 淮(公五乾數):
	The	進位至整數): proportion of your firm's employees using Internet at work is ease round to whole number):

C6.	Pleas	明使用互聯網對責機構業務連作的 se indicate the effects of using Internet		s operation of y		neir degree of
	impa	Ct.		<u>影響程度</u> Degree of im		1 1 1
		影響 Impact	高 Hig	中	 低 Low	不適用 Not applicable
	(i)	增加收入 Increased revenue	1	2	3	4
	(ii)	提升生產力 Raised productivity	1	2	3	4
	(iii)	改善對顧客的服務 Improved customer services	1	2	3	4
	(iv)	提升形象 Enhanced image	1	2	3	4
	(v)	獲取更多市場資訊 Improved access to market information	on 1	2	3	4
	(vi)	增強與商業合作伙伴的溝通 Improved communication with busine partner	ss	2	3	4
	(vii)	增加業務的靈活性及競爭力 Enhanced business agility and competitiveness	1	2	3	4
	(viii)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify)	1		3	4
C8.	發情Hasy Intern 1 (a)	構有沒有制訂 <i>持續業務運作計劃</i> , 深? your firm established any <i>Business</i> contet service is not available and/or comf 有 → 請簡述: Yes Please describe: 沒有 No 遇到有關資訊科技方面的災難(如認意) se there is an IT disaster (e.g. break oblight) 貴機構會採取何種應變措施?(可認 What action will your firm take to responsimportant one) 1	Antinuity Plan to pany vebsite is 海底電纜斷裂i f submarine cab 医多項,但請置ond? (May selec	o deal with the inaccessible? 而影響貴機構 les which affec 因出最主要的	contingency s 的日常運作) ts your daily b 一項)	ituation when : usiness operation):
		Will not take any action (please sp):		
	'	貴機構會尋求哪些協助? (可選多工What kind of help will your firm ask for important one)1專求有關行業商會的協助Seek help from associations of the 專求資訊科技顧問的意見Seek advice from IT consultant0保險公司索償(如已購買保股份Claim insurance (if insured)其他(請註明):Others (please specify):方不會尋求任何協助(請註明原因	? (May select m e related trade 說)	是主要的一項) ore than one bu	ut please <u>encir</u>	cle the most
		Will not ask for help (please specif				

C9.		因素可促使賞機構更多使用資訊科技?(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要</u> t are the motivating factors for your firm to adopt IT more?	<u>的一項</u>)	
		select more than one but please encircle the most important one)		
		資訊科技對業務有裨益 Have business benefits to use IT		
		資訊科技產品的購置和保養成本降低 Lower cost in procuring and maintaining IT products		
		聘用資訊科技人員的成本降低 Lower cost in employing IT personnel		
		更可靠及更安全的資訊科技產品 More reliable and secure IT products		
		有懂得應用資訊科技的員工 Have personnel familiar with IT within the firm		
		競爭對手相繼採納資訊科技 Competitors adopt IT successfully		
		有可靠及收費合理的技術支援/求助台 Have reliable and cost-affordable technical support/help desk		
		其他(請註明): Others (please specify):		
C10.		構有沒有設立以下網絡? your firm set up the following networks?	有 Yes	沒有 No
	(i)	局部區域網絡 Local Area Network (LAN)	1	2
	(ii)	內聯網 Intranet	1	2
	(iii)	外聯網 Extranet	1	2

D. 網站的應用 WEBSITE USAGE

D1.	貴機構有沒有設立 網頁 或網站,包括掛在其他機構(例如香港貿易發展局、香港互聯網服務供應商等)提供的網站? Does your firm set up a webpage or website , including those hosted by third parties (e.g.	
	Development Council, Hong Kong Productivity Council, Internet service providers, etc)?	
		(請跳至 D3) (Please go to D3)
	2 沒有 No	
D2.	貴機構有沒有計劃設立網頁或網站? Does your firm plan to set up a webpage or website? 1 有 → 預計在 (年份) (請跳至 D7)	
	Yes in (yyyy) (Please go to D7)	
	2 沒有→ 請提供原因(可選多項,但請 <u>圖出最主要的一項</u>)及跳至 D7 。 No Please give reason(s) (may select more than one but please encircle the nand go to D7 .	nost important one)
	缺乏熟悉建立/保養網頁或網站的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with developing/maintaining a webpage or websides and the second sec	website
	② 設立網頁或網站的成本高昂 Costly in setting up a webpage cr website	
	沒有可靠的網頁建立及保養服務/右關服務成本高昂 Reliable development and maintenance services are not available/are	, coetly
	4 擔心使用網頁或網站時的資訊保安享宜	•
	Concern about information security issues in owning a webpage or website 「5」擁有網頁或網站對業務沒有滯益(原因是,可選多項):	ebsile
	No business benefit to set up a webpage or website (because of, may one):	select more than
	沒有實際用途以支持為業務設立網頁或網站 Lack of practical uses for a sound business case to set up a webpa	age or website
	不了解該如何善用網頁或網站令現有業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial adoption of webpage or website	
	擔心設立網頁或網站或會影響現有業務的正常運作 Concern about possibility of interruption to established business up a webpage or website	process after setting
	」 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	
	已使用其他網上渠道(例如:網上工商目錄、網上電子商貿平 Alternative Internet channels (e.g., on-line business directory, on-line platforms, etc) are being used	- 台 等) e-commerce trading
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	
D3.	貴機構是否擁有自己的 <i>網絡伺服器</i> ?	
	Does your firm have your own web server ?	
	Yes	
	2 沒有 No	

D4.	貴機構的網頁或網站有沒有連接到機構內的資料庫? Does your firm's webpage or website have connection with the related in-firm database?
	1 有 Yes
	2 沒有→ 貴機構有沒有計劃將網頁或網站連接到機構內的資料庫? Is your firm planning to connect the firm's webpage or website with the related in-firm database?
	有 → 預計在 Yes in (年份) (yyyy)
	2 沒有 No
	不適用 Not applicable
D5.	貴機構的網頁或網站有沒有連接到商業伙伴的電腦系統作商業交易或交換資料? Does your firm's webpage or website have connection with business partners' computer systems to conduct business transactions or information exchange?
	1 有 Yes
	2 沒有→ 貴機構有沒有計劃將網頁或網站連接到商業伙伴的電腦系統作商業交易或交換 No 資料?
	Is your firm planning to connect the firm's webpage or viebsite with business partners' computer systems to conduct business transactions or information exchange?
	Yes In [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7]
D6.	貴機構的網頁或網站可提供的商業交易/服務是:(可選多項,但請圖出最主要的一項)
DO.	Type(s) of business transactions/services offered by the webpage or website of your firm is/are: (May select more than one but please encircle the most important one)
	提供機構和其產品及服務的資料(對象包括顧客及員工) Providing information on the firm and products and services offered (both for use by customers and staff)
	2 網上訂購機構的產品及服務 On-line ordering of the firm's products and services
	3 網上付款 On-line payments
	個上遞送產品及服務 On-line delivery of the firm's products and services
	M上售後服務 On-line after sales services
	個上收集顧客的意見 On-line collection of feedback from customers
	7 網上處理商業查詢(例如提供報價) On-line handling of business enquiry (e.g. provision of quotation)
	B 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

D 7 .	在過去 12 個月內,貴機構曾否使用所屬行業入門網站? Have you used any portal sites for your industry in the past 12 months?
	有 → 常用服務包括: (可選多項) Yes Services commonly used: (May select more than one)
	1 行業動態及資訊
	Industry news and information
	2 持續發展及進修平台 Continuous development and learning platform
	i 討論平台 Discussion forum
	貨品及公司搜尋 Product and company search
	電子交易平台 Electronic transaction platform
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	2 沒有 No
	3 對所屬行業入門網站不認知
	Not aware of the existence of industry portal sites
	CYL
	\supset

E. 電子商業/電子貿易 ELECTRONIC BUSINESS/ELECTRONIC COMMERCE

	個月內,貴機構有沒有透過 電子途徑 預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料? rm ordered or purchased goods, services or information through <i>electronic means</i> in the past 12
1 有 Yes	
	→ 請提供原因(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要的一項)</u> 及跳至 E6 。 Please give reason(s) (may select more than one but please <u>encircle the most important one</u>) and go to E6 .
	缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means
	2 業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry
	硬件及軟件的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining hardware and software
	4 付款方法有限制/不方便 Payment method is limited/inconvenient
	透過電子途徑供預訂或購買的貨品、股務或資料欠缺詳細資訊 Lack of detailed information on the goods scrvices or information available for ordering or purchasing through electronic means
	擔心透過電子途徑預訂或購買負品、服務或資料時的資訊保安事宜 Concern about information security issue in ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means
	7 擔心對於透過電子途徑所預訂或購買的貨品、服務或資料的售後服務及退貨政策
	Concern about after-sale service and return policy in ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means
	图 擔心透過電子途徑所預訂或購買的貨品、服務或資料所需的處理時間及/或額外費用
	Concern about lead time and/or additional cost in ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means
	透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益(原因是,可選多項): No business benefit to order or purchase goods, services or information through electronic means (because of, may select more than one):
	沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料 Lack of practical uses for a sound business case to order or purchase goods, services or information through electronic means
	不了解該如何善用電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for ordering or purchasing goods, services or information
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

所需的貨品、服務或資料沒有透過電子途徑銷售 Goods, services or information required not available for sale through electronic means

其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

E2.	貴機構透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的原因是:(可選多項,但請 <u>圖出最主要的一項</u>)Reason(s) for ordering or purchasing goods, services or information through electronic means is/are:(May select more than one but please encircle the most important one)1更加方便 More convenient2價格/成本更低 Lower price/cost3更多選擇 More choices4節省時間 Less processing time5其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
E3.	貴機構曾透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料的種類是: (可選多項,但請圖出最主要的一項) Type(s) of goods, services or information ordered or purchased through electronic means is/are: (May select more than one but please encircle the most important one) 1 預訂或補購存貨 Order or purchase for replenishment of inventory 2 預訂、購買或申請政府的貨品、服務或資料 Order, purchase of or application for Government goods, service or information 3 預訂或購買旅遊服務 Order or purchase of travel service 4 預訂或購買金融產品及服務(例如股票、保險或投資基金) Order or purchase of financial instruments and services (e.g. securities, insurance or investment funds) 5 預訂或購買電子產品包括電腦硬件、軟件及相關消耗用品 Order or purchase of electronic products including computer hardware, software and their consumables 6 預訂或購買其他貨品、服務或資料 Order or purchase of other goods, services or information (請註明): (please specify):
E4.	(a) 貴機構在 2007 年 <i>購買的貨品、服務或資料總值</i> 中,透過各類電子途徑購買的項目佔總購買開支的百分比是: Percentage of <i>value of goods, services or information purchased</i> through electronic means to the total value of purchase by your firm in 2007 is: 1 < 1% 2 1-5% 3 6-10% 4 11-15% 5 > 15% (請註明):

E4.	(b)	在透過電子途徑購買的貨品、服務或資料總值中,各類電子途徑所佔的百分比分別是: (若曾使用有關電子途徑類別購買,但其所佔的百分比少於一,請以"*"號表示) Percentage breakdowns of value of goods, services or information purchased through electronic mean by type of electronic means are: (if the type of electronic means concerned has been used for purchasing but its percentage is <1, please mark an "*")	s
		(i) 經個人電腦連接互聯網 Internet via PCs	
		(ii) 經流動裝置(如流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as mobile phones, PDA) %	
		(iii) 專用私人網絡 Designated private network %	
		(iv) 透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	
		(V) 其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統 (例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	
		(vi) 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	
E5.	貴格 Perdis:	總計 Total 100% 機構在 2007 年透過互聯網購買的項目總開支守,經由 網上沙教 所佔的百分比是:centage of payment through Interne t in the total value of Furchase through Internet of your firm in 20000%	7
	2	< 1%	
	3	1-20%	
	4	21-40%	
	5	41-60%	
	6	61-80%	
	7	81-100%	

RESTRICTED WHEN ENTERED WITH DATA 填入數據後即成 限閱文件

- 透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料 2. Receipt of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means
- 政府貨品、服務或資料 (a)

其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

Government Goods, Services or Information E6. 在過去 12 個月內,貴機構曾否透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料? Has your firm obtained Government goods, services or information through electronic means in the past 12 months? (i) 透過哪種電子途徑?(可選多項,但請圈出最主要的一項) 有 Yes Through which electronic means? (May select more than one but please encircle the most important one) 經個人電腦連接互聯網 Internet via PCs 經流動裝置(如流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as mobile phones, PDA) 透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統 Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network 專用私人網絡 Designated private network 設置於政府辦公室的終端機 Terminals at government offices 其他(請註明): Others (please specify) (ii) 透過哪種電子平台?(可選多項, 注請<u>圈出</u>最 主要的一項)及跳至 E7。 Through which electronic platform? (May select more than one but places er sircle the most important one) and go to E7. 香港政府一站還(www.gov.hk) GovHK (www.gov hk) 公共服務電子化計劃(www.esd.gov.hk)/生活易(www.esdlife.com) Electronic Service Delivery Scheme (ESD) (www.esd.gov.hk) / **ESDlife** (www.esdlife.com) 其他政府網站 Other Government websites

E6.	(續) (cont'd)	Has	過去 12 個月內,貴機構曾否透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料? your firm obtained Government goods, services or information through electronic means in the past nonths?
	2 No	$\bar{\mathfrak{l}} \rightarrow$	請提供原因(可選多項,但請 <u>圖出最主要的一項</u>)及跳至 E8 。 Please give reason(s) (may select more than one but please <u>encircle the most important one</u>) and go to E8 .
			缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with receiving Government goods, services or information through electronic means
			2 業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry
			硬件及軟件的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining hardware and software
			2 沒有可靠的保養/保養成本高昂 Reliable maintenance is not available/is costly
			擅心透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料時的資訊保安事宜 Concern about information security issue in receiving Government goods, services or information through electronic means
			[6] 認為透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider Government goods, services or information received through electronic means not reliable
			擅心透過電子途徑所獲取的政府貨品、服務或資料所需的處理時間及/或額外費用 Concern about lead time and/or additional cost for receipt of Government goods, services or information through electionic means
			 所需的政府貨品、服務或資料沒有以電子途徑遞送 Government goods, services or information required not delivered through electronic means → 請註明現時沒有提供哪種政府貨品、服務或資料 Please advise v hat kind of Government goods/services/information not yet available
			9 透過電子途徑獲取的政府貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益(原因是,可選多項): No business benefit to receive Government goods, services or information through electronic means (because of, may select more than one):
			沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料 Lack of practical uses for a sound business case to receive Government goods, services and information through electronic means
			不了解該如何善用電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for receiving Government goods, services and information through electronic means
			其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
			不清楚何種政府貨品、服務或資料可透過電子途徑獲取 Do not know what Government goods, services or information are available through electronic means
			其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	2 沒有	盲這種	fers = [請回答 E8]

Do not have such requirement [Please answer **E8**]

E7.	貴機構透過電子途徑獲取政府貨品、服務或資料的種類是:(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要的一項</u>) Type(s) of Government goods, services or information received through electronic means is/are:
	(May select more than one but please encircle the most important one)
	損取數碼形式的產品及服務 Receipt of products and services in digital form
	2 獲取、瀏覽或尋找其他資料 Receipt of, browsing or searching for other information
	③ 遞交與貿易有關的文件(如報關表) Submission of trade-related documents (e.g. trade declarations)
	4
	5 提出查詢 Submission of enquiry
	6 電子付款服務 e-payment services
	7 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
(b)	其他貨品、服務或資料 Other Goods, Services or Information
E8.	在過去 12 個月內, 貴機構有沒有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料(除政府提供以外)?
	Has your firm received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic means in
	the past 12 months? $\boxed{1}$ 有 \rightarrow 透過哪種電子途徑?(可選多項 \bigcirc 但請 <u>②出最主要的一項</u>)
	important one)
	△ ──
	② 經流動裝置(如流動電話、個人數碼助理)連接互聯網 Internet via mobile devices (such as mobile phones, PDA)
	3 專用私人網絡 Designated private network
	4 透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network
	其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile
	telecommunications network
	# 11 (\t \r) nt \ .
	5 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

E8.	(cont'd) Has	去 12 個月內,貴機構有沒有透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料(除政府提供以外)?your firm received goods, services or information (other than from Government) through electronic is in the past 12 months?
	└── No	請提供原因(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要的一項</u>)及跳至 E10 。 Please give reason(s) (may select more than one but please <u>encircle the most important one</u>) and go to E10 .
		→ 缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料的員工 — Lack of personnel familiar with receiving goods, services or information through electronic means
		2 業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry
		通供及軟件的購置及保養成本高昂 Costly in procuring and maintaining hardware and software
		2 沒有可靠的保養/保養成本高昂 Reliable maintenance is not available/is costly
		½ 擔心透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料時的資訊保安事宜 Concern about information security issue in receiving goods, services or information through electronic means
		题為透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料並不可靠 Consider goods, services or information received through electronic means not reliable
		7 擔心透過電子途徑所獲取的資品、服務或資料所需的處理時間及/或額外費用 Concern about lead time and / cr additional cot for receipt of goods, services or information through electronic means
		沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料 Lack of practical uses for a sound business case to receive goods, services and information tmough electronic means
		不了解該如何善用電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for receiving goods, services and information through electronic means
		其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
		9 所需的貨品、服務或資料不能透過電子途徑送遞 Goods, services or information required cannot be delivered through electronic means
		10 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
E9.	貴機構透過電	官子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料(除政府提供的以外)的種類是:
	Type(s) of goo	但請 <u>圈出最主要的一項)</u> ds, services or information (other than from Government) received through electronic means elect more than one but please <u>encircle the most important one</u>)
	1 電子金融	服務(例如轉帳及網上繳費) financial services (e.g. transferring money and on-line payment)
	2 獲取數碼	形式的產品及服務 f products and services in digital form
	3 獲取、瀏	, 覽或尋找資料 f, browsing or searching for information
	4 獲取網上	
	5 其他(請言	

3. 透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料 Sales of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

E1

0.	在過去 12 個月內,貴機構有沒有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料? Has your firm sold your goods, services or information through electronic means in the past 12 months?
	1 有
	Yes
	No Is your firm planning to sell your goods, services or information through electronic means?
	1 有 → 預計在 (年份) (請跳至 E13)
	Yes in (yyyy) (Please go to E13)
	2 沒有→ 請提供原因(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要的一項</u>)及跳至 E13 。 No Please give reason(s) (may select more than one but please <u>encircle the most</u>
	important one) and go to E13 .
	1 缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的員工
	Lack of personnel familiar with selling goods, services or information through electronic means
	2 業內並不普遍
	Not popular in the industry
	2 沒有可靠的保養/保養成本高昂
	Reliable maintenance is not available/is costly
	擔心透過電子途徑售賣貨品、股務或資料時的資訊保安事宜 Concern about information sucurity issue in selling goods, services or
	information through electronic neans
	6 透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料並不可靠(例如所接獲的訂單並
	不可靠) Consider selling goods, services or information through electronic means
	not reliable (such as orders received are not reliable)
	7 只有少量使用電子商貿的顧客
	There are few customers adopting electronic commerce 付款方法有限制,不方便或成本高昂
	回り
	9 透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料難以提供足夠的資訊及顧客服務
	Difficult to provide sufficient information and customer services in selling
	goods, service or information through electronic means
	10 擔心透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料所需的處理時間及/或額外費用
	Concern about lead time and/or additional cost in selling goods, services or
	information through electronic means [11] 透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益(原因是,可選
	[11] 透過電子途徑售買貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益(原因定,可選 [11] 多項):
	No business benefit to sell goods, services or information through electronic
	means (because of, may select more than one): [沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或
	☆ 資料
	Lack of practical uses for a sound business case to sell goods, services or information through electronic means
	ii 不了解該如何善用電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益
	└──│ Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for selling
	goods, services or information 「¡;;] 擔心轉用電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料或會影響現有業務的
	正常運作
	Concern about possibility of interruption to established business process for selling goods, services or information through electronic
	means
	iv 其他(請註明):
	Others (please specify):
	[12] 有關的貨品、服務或貨料不能以電子途徑售買 Goods, services or information could not be sold through electronic means
	13 其他(請註明):
	Others (please specify):

E11.	Rea	asor	:透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料的原因是:(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出</u> n(s) for selling your goods, services or information through electronic means is/a elect more than one but please <u>encircle the most important one</u>)		要的 一	<u>- 項</u>)	
	1		充市場及拓展商機 expand market and explore business opportunities				
	2	改	善生產力及減低成本 improve productivity and reduce cost				
	3	改	善效率及流程 improve efficiency and streamline workflow				
	4	改	善對顧客的服務				
	_		improve customer services 高業務靈活性及增強競爭力				
	5	То	increase business agility and enhance competitiveness				
	6		他(請註明): hers (please specify):				
E12.	(a)	服 Bu thre	機構在 2007 年 <u>透過電子途徑</u> 售賣貨品、港元\$ 務或資料所帶來的 業務收入 。 siness receipts of your firm received in 2007 bugh selling goods, services or information bugh electronic means.				
			註明 <u>透過電子途徑</u> 所售賣的貨品、服務或資料: ase specify the goods, services or information sold <u>through electronic means:</u>				
		1 10	ase speemy the goods, services of the same that and the transfer in the same the sam				
	(b)	比 Pei tota	過不同電子途徑類別所帶來的業務收入所佔的百分比分別是:(佔問題 E 。若曾使用有關電子途徑類別售賣,但其所佔的百分比少於一,請以" centage breakdowns of busings receipts by type of electronic means are: (as al value in question E12(a) . If the type of electronic means concerned has bee percentage is <1, please mark an "*")	*"號表 a perce	示) entage	e to t	he
		(i)	互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of website/webpage)				%
		(ii)	互聯網(經其他一般網站/網頁) Internet (via website/webpage other than WAP version)				%
			專用私人網絡 Designated private network				%
		(iv)	透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network				%
		(v)	其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network				%
		(vi)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):				%
				總計 Total	1 (0	%
	(c)		司顧客類別所帶來的業務收入所佔的百分比是:(佔 E12(a) 的總值的百				
		Bre (i)	akdowns of business receipts by customer group are: (as a percentage to the t 消費者 Consumers	otal va	lue in	E12((a)) %
		(ii)	政府及有關機構 Government and related organisations			Ŧ] %
		(iii)	商業及其他機構單位 Business and other establishments			$\frac{1}{1}$] %
				總計 Total	1 (0 0] %

E12.	(d)	透過互聯網售賣貨品、服務或資料所帶來的業務收入中,經由 <i>網上收款</i> 所佔的百分比是: Percentage of <i>payment received through Internet</i> in the receipts of goods, services or information sold through Internet is:		
		1 0 %		
		2 < 1%		
		3 1-5%		
		4 6-10%		
		5 11-15%		
		6 > 15% (請註明): (please specify):		
	(e)	貴機構在透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料時會接受以下哪些付款方式?(可選多項) What are the type(s) of payments accepted by your firm in selling goods, services or information through electronic means? (May select more than one)		
		□ 電子銀行服務 Electronic banking services		
		2 信用 咭 Credit cards		
				3 第三者付款服務(例如繳費畫) Third-party payment services (such as PPS)
		T 不屬電子途徑的付款方式(例如郵遞支票或親身付款) Non-electronic payment methods (such as mailing of cheque or in-person payment)		
		其他(請註明): Others (please specify):		
E13.		機構在 2007 年的業務總收入。 港元\$ all business receipts of your firm in 2007. HK\$		

4. 透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料 Delivery of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

E14.	Has your firm delivered your months?	∮有沒有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料? goods, services or information through electronic means in the past 12
	1 有 Yes	
	2 沒有→ 貴機構有沒有 Is your firm pla	計劃透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料? nning to deliver your goods, services or information through electronic means?
		頁計在
	└─ No F	情提供原因(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要的一項</u>)及跳至 F1 。 Please give reason(s) (may select more than one but please <u>encircle the most</u> <u>mportant one</u>) and go to F1 .
		→ 缺乏熟悉透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with delivering goods, services or information through electronic means
		業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry
		透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的成本高昂 Costly in delivering goods, services or information through electronic means
		2 沒有可靠的保養/保養成本高昂 Reliable r vaint⊛nance is nov a vailable/is costly
		擅心透過電子途徑遞延貨品 服務或資料時的資訊保安事宜 Concern about information security issue in delivering goods, services or information through electronic means
		■ 難以透過電子這徑遞送貨品、服務或資料 Difficult to deliver reliable goods, services or information through electronic means
		只有少量客戶希望透過電子途徑收取貨品、服務或資料 There are few customers wishing to receive goods, services or information through electronic means
		有關的貨品、服務或資料不能以電子途徑遞送 Goods, services or information could not be delivered through electronic means
		透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料對業務沒有裨益(原因是,可選多項):
		No business benefit to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means (because of, may select more than one):
		沒有實際用途以支持在業務上透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或
		Lack of practical uses for a sound business case to deliver goods, services or information through electronic means
		不了解該如何善用電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of electronic means for delivering goods, services or information
		iiii 擔心轉用電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料或會影響現有業務的 正常運作
		Concern about possibility of interruption to established business process for delivering goods, services or information through electronic means
		其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
		Concern about lead time and/or additional cost for delivery of goods, services or information purchased through electronic means
		其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

1 擴充市場及拓展商機 To expand market and explore business opportunities 2 改善生產力及減低成本 To improve productivity and reduce cost 3 改善效率及流程 To improve efficiency and streamline workflow 4 改善對顧客的服務 To improve customer services 5 提高業務靈活性及增強競爭力 To increase business agility and enhance competitiveness 6 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	的一項)
To improve productivity and reduce cost 改善效率及流程 To improve efficiency and streamline workflow 改善對顧客的服務 To improve customer services 提高業務靈活性及增強競爭力 To increase business agility and enhance competitiveness 其他(請註明):	
To improve efficiency and streamline workflow d	
To improve customer services 5 提高業務靈活性及增強競爭力	
To increase business agility and enhance competitiveness 6 其他(請註明):	
E16. 貴機構透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的種類是:(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要</u> Type(s) of goods, services or information delivered through electronic means is/are: (May select more than one but please <u>encircle</u> the <u>most important one</u>)	的一項)
通送數碼形式的產品及服務 Delivery of products and services in digital form	
2 在網站提供機構/產品資料 Provision of information on the firm/product on the website	
3 遞送其他資料 Delivery of other information	
電子金融服務 Electronic financial services	
5 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	
E17. 貴機構透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料的媒介是:(可選多項) The media for delivering your goods, services or information through electronic means is/are: (May select more than one)	
互聯網(經無線應用協定版本網站/網頁) Internet (via WAP version of website/webpage)	
3 專用私人網絡 Designated private network	
4 透過電話網絡的交互式 <u>話音</u> 應答系統 Interactive <u>Voice</u> Response System through telephone network	
5 其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務) Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network	
6 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	

F. 資訊科技項目的財政預算 BUDGET FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

F1.		為 <i>資訊科技項目</i> 訂下 2008 年的 <i>財政預算</i> ? ave a budget for IT for year 2008?
	1 有 Yes	
	2 No	(請跳至 F3) (Please go to F3)
	3 不肯定 Uncertain	(請跳至 F3) (Please go to F3)
F2.		斗技項目所訂下的 2008 年財政預算,與 2007 年比較,會增加、減少或不變呢? for IT for year 2008 been increased, decreased or the same compared with that for 2007?
	1 增加 Increased	
	2 減少 Decreased	
	3 不變 Same	
	4 不肯定 Uncertain	
	5 不適用 Not applicat	ple
F3.	貴機構有沒有 為	為資訊科技項目訂下 ?00)9 年的財政預算?
	Does your firm h	ave a budget for IT for year 2009?
	Yes	
	2 No	(請跳至 G1) (Please go to G1)
	3 不肯定 Uncertain	(請跳至 G1) (Please go to G1)
F4.		斗技項目所訂下的 2009 年財政預算,與 2008 年比較,會增加、減少或不變呢? for IT for year 2009 been increased, decreased or the same compared with that for 2008?
	1 增加 Increased	
	2 減少 Decreased	
	3 不變 Same	
	4 不肯定 Uncertain	
	5 不適用 Not applicat	ole .

資訊保安

computers being infected.

	INFORMATION SECURITY	
G1.	在過去 12 個月內,貴機構曾否發生 資訊保安事故 ? Has your firm suffered from <i>information security incidents</i> in the past 12 months? 1 有 Yes 2 沒有 (請跳至 G4) No (Please go to G4) 3 不適用,因沒有使用個人電腦 (請跳至 G7) Not applicable, because no PCs used (Please go to G7)	
G2.	貴機構曾發生何種資訊保安事故:(可選多項) Type(s) of information security incidents suffered is/are: (May select more than one) 電腦病毒* Computer Virus * 2 黑客侵入 Hacking 3 阻斷服務 Denial of service 4 資料被竊 Theft of information 5 資料外洩 Leakage of information 6 其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	受襲次數 Number of incidents
	除病毒擴散期間受同一種電腦病毒入侵,不論受影響的電腦數目多少,均算作一次受襲。 or attacks of the same virus during the spreading period, it is counted as one incident irrespective	of the number of

G3.

	稱在發生質訊保安事故後,有沒有採取以下行動. /our firm taken the following action(s) after having suffered from information security incidents:	
(i)	修補漏洞 Patch holes	
	有 1 沒有 2 Yes No	
(ii)	向管理層匯報 Report to senior management	
	有 1 沒有 2 Yes No	
(iii)	向警方報案 Report to police	
	有 1 沒有 2 → 請提供原因:(可選多項) Yes 1 No The reason(s) is/are: (May select more than one)	
	2 不知悉可以報案 Unaware that it could be reported	
	不重要,無需要報案 Trivial, no need to report	
	對公司造成負面形象 Negative publicity	
	T 認為警方可以幫助 Dorit think police can help	
	其化(請註明): —— Others (please specify):	
(iv)	向香港電腦保安事故協調与心匯報	
	Report to Hong Kong Computer Emergency Response Team Coordination Centre (HKCERT)	
	有 1 沒有 2 → 請提供原因:(可選多項) Yes No The reason(s) is/are: (May select more than one) 1 公司沒有指引	
	Company has no guideline to report 不知悉香港電腦保安事故協調中心	
	2	
	不重要,無需要匯報 Trivial, no need to report	
	A 不認為香港電腦保安事故協調中心可以幫助 Don't think HKCERT Coordination Centre can help	
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	
(v)	使用更多保安技術 Use more security technologies	
	有 1 沒有 2 Yes No	
(vi)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	
	有 1 沒有 2 Yes No	

G4.	Has your firm ac	採用保安技術來保護貴機構的電腦系統及資料?(可選多項) dopted the following security technology(ies) to protect the computer system and information ay select more than one)
		·提供貴機構採用的保安技術(可選多項)。 ease provide the security technology(ies) adopted by your firm (may select more than one).
	1	防毒軟件 ᅴ Anti-virus software
	2	̄簡單認證(密碼/個人辨認密碼) □ Simple authentication (Password/Personal Identity Number)
	3	複雜認證(限用一次密碼/ 保安權標/生物測定 /數碼證書) □ Complex authentication (One-time password/ security token/Biometrics/ Digital certificate)
	4	實體保安 ─ Physical security
	5	<i>防火牆</i> ─ Firewall
	6	檔案加密 ── File encryption
	7	接達管制 Access control
	8	→ 入侵偵測系統/入侵防禦系統 Intrusion Detection System (IDS)/Intrusion Frevention System (IPS)
	9	_ 虚擬私人網絡 □ Virtual Private Network (VPN)
	10	<i>保安修補程式</i> 管理 Security patch management
	11	」 數據備份和復原 □ Data backup and recovery
	12	保護免受 濫發電郵 沒擾 Protection against email spam
	13	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	2 No	
G5.		實施任何資訊保安措施? pplemented any information security measures?
	1 有 → 請	·提供貴機構實施的保安措施(可選多項)。 ease provide the security measure(s) implemented by your firm (may select more than one).
	1	
	2	建立資訊保安政策 Establish information security policy
	3	制定事故回應程序 Develop incident response procedures
	4	定期安裝伺服機/個人電腦保安修補程式 Apply security patches for servers/personal computers regularly
	5	
	6	
	7	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	2 2 No	

G6.	貴機構在處理資訊保安問題上遇到哪些障礙?(可選多項,但請 <u>圈出最主要的一項)</u> What is/are the obstacles to addressing information security concerns in your firm? (May select more than one but please encircle the most important one)
	財政限制 Budget constraint
	2 員工缺乏資訊保安的意識 Lack of employee awareness
	ack of management support
	缺乏有關範疇的知識 Lack of expertise in the field
	有關產品的技術複雜 Technical complexity of products
	台 缺乏有關資訊科技保安的策略及指引 Lack of policy and guideline on IT security
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	8 沒有障礙 No obstacles
G7.	如貴機構有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料,貴機構如何為客戶提供身分認證及/或保密接達服務?(可選多項) If your firm sells goods, services or information through electronic means, how do you provide authentication and/or secure access for your clients? (May select more than one) [1] 保密插口層
	Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) ② 保密電子交易 Secure Electronic Transaction (SE7)
	3 個人數碼證書 Personal digital certificate
	4 伺服器數碼證書 Server digital certificate
	5 用户名稱 User name
	6 密碼/個人辨認密碼 Password/Personal Identity Number
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	图 沒有核實客戶身分或為客戶提供保密接達服務 No provision for authentication/secure access for clients
	不適用,因公司沒有透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料。 Not applicable, because the firm does not sell goods, services or information through electronic means

G8.	. 貴機構是否擁有無論是香港或香港以外核證機關發出的 數碼證書 ? Does your firm have <i>digital certificate(s)</i> , irrespective of whether it is/they are issued by Certification Authorities in Hong Kong or outside?					/ Certification	
	有 → Yes		類別,註明貴機構) f digital certificates by		勺數量:		
	103	(i) 由本	港核證機關發出				數量
			d by Certification Auth 根據電子交易條例》	•	•		Number
		. ,	Recognised Certificat Transactions Ordinan	ion Authorities unde ce		onic	
		(b)	其他本港核證機構 Other Certification Au		ong (please s	specify)	
			港以外核證機關發出d by Certification Auth		ng Kong		
	2 沒有→ No	貴機構有 Does you	沒有計劃申請數碼 firm plan to acquire c	證書? ligital certificate(s)?)		
		1 有 Yes	→ 預計在 in	(年 (yy)	·份) yy)	(請跳至 Ⅰ (Please go	
		2 沒有 No	(請跳至 G10) (Please go to G1 0		N		
G9.	Has your firm	n used digit	機構曾否使用數碼 al certificate(s) in the	past 12 months?			
	1 有 → Yes		機構在哪方面使用。 ovide the usage of the				more than one) and
		1 對外 Busir	與顧客進行交易/3 ess transaction/excha	交換資料 ange of information	with custome	ers	
		Busir	與其他貿易伙伴進行 ess transaction/excha	ange of information	with other bu	usiness par	tners
		Busir	與政府及有關機構主 ess transaction/excha			ment and re	elated organisations
			use operation				
		5 其他 Othe	(請註明): s (please specify):				
	2 No						
G10.	Please give r (May select r	reason(s) for more than o	用/沒有計劃申請婁 r not having used/not ne but please <u>encircle</u>	having planned to	apply for digi		
	Little use	e of electro	E進行商業交易 nic means in business	transactions			
	No need	to enhanc	言加強保安的需要 e security by using dig	gital certificate			
		供數碼簽》 I to provide	子的需要 digital signature				
	Limited	Governmer	务或商業應用會要求 t/business application		g use of digit	al certificat	e
	5 安裝程 Applicat	序繁複及> ion and Ins	に易使用 allation procedures co	umbersome and no	t user-friendl	у	
	Do not k	now the ex	为存在或對此沒有認 istence of digital certif		e knowledge	about it	
	7 其他(請 Others (·註明): please spe	sify):				

Н.		L及流動服務和技術 ELESS AND MOBILE SERVICES AND TECHNOLOGY		
H1.		構有沒有應用以下無線及流動裝置? s your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile devices?	有 Yes	沒有 No
	(a)	連接無線數據通訊網絡的流動電話 Mobile phone connected to a wireless data communication network	1	2
	(b)	連接無線數據通訊網絡的個人數碼助理 Personal Digital Assistant connected to a wireless data communication network	1	2
	(c)	連接無線數據通訊網絡的便攜式電腦/筆記簿型電腦 Laptop or notebook computer connected to a wireless data communication network	1	2
	(d)	連接無線數據通訊網絡的桌面電腦 Desktop computer connected to a wireless data communication network	1	2
	(e)	無線區域網絡接達點(包括 無線熱點) Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) access point (including <i>hotspot</i>)	1	2
	(f)	<i>射頻識別技術</i> 裝置 Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) device	1	2
	(g)	非接觸式智能卡閱讀器 Contactless smart card reader	1	2
	(h)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	1	2
H2.	Doe	A構有沒有應用以下無線及流動傳送技術? s your firm use any of the following vireless and mobile transmission nology?	有 Yes	沒有 No
	(a)	通用分組無線電服務 General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)	1	2
	(b)	全球演進式數據速率增強技術 Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution (EDGE)	1	2
	(c)	第三代無線通訊系統 Third Generation Wireless System (3G)	1	2
	(d)	無線應用協定 Wireless Application Protocol (WAP)	1	2
	(e)	無線區域網絡 Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)	1	2
	(f)	藍芽技術 Bluetooth	1	2
	(g)	射頻識別技術 Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)	1	2
	(h)	<i>流動保安解決方案</i> (例如流動數碼證書) <i>Mobile security solution</i> (e.g. mobile digital certificate)	1	2
	(i)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	1	2

H3.		構有沒有應用以下無線及流動服務? s your firm use any of the following wireless and mobile services?	有 Yes	沒有 No
	(a)	短訊服務 Short Message Service (SMS)	1	2
	(b)	增強型短訊服務 Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS)	1	2
	(c)	多媒體短訊服務 Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS)	1	2
	(d)	基於位置的服務 Location Based Service (LBS)	1	2
	(e)	全球定位系統 Global Positioning System (GPS)	1	2
	(f)	無線電郵 Wireless e-mail	1	2
	(g)	無線上網 Wireless web surfing	1	2
	(h)	資訊娛樂服務 Infotainment service	1	2
	(i)	視像通訊 Video call	1	2
	(j)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	1	2
H4.	Does	構有沒有應用以下 無線及流動應用系統 ? syour firm use any of the folloving viveless and mobile applications ?	有 Yes	沒有 No
	(a)	地理資訊系統 Geographic Information System (GIS)	1	2
	(b)	短訊廣播及警報(短訊服務、多媒體短訊服務等) Message broadcast and alert (SMS, MMS, etc.)	1	2
	(c)	辦公室自動化(文書處理、試算表等) Office automation (word processing, spreadsheet, etc.)	1	2
	(d)	無線應用協定的網站 Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) site	1	2
	(e)	工作管理 Job management	1	2
	(f)	車隊管理 Fleet management	1	2
	(g)	外勤考查及文件傳送 Outdoor site survey and documentation	1	2
	(h)	存貨控制 Inventory control	1	2
	(i)	流動金融服務(銀行、買賣股票等) Mobile financial services (banking, stock trading, etc)	1	2
	(j)	流動銷售點 Mobile Point-Of-Sales	1	2
	(k)	與業務伙伴(包括政府)進行交易 Transaction with business partners (including the Government)	1	2
	(I)	視訊串流 Video streaming	1	2
	(m)	非接觸式智能卡接達/保安管制 Access/Security control using contactless smart card	1	2
	(n)	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):	1	2

H5.	不論貴機構有沒有應用無線及流動服務及技術,請評估貴機構在應用這些服務及技術的障礙? (可選多項,但請 <u>圖出最主要的一項</u>) What is/are the obstacles for using wireless and mobile services and technology irrespective of whether your firm had used such services and technology? (May select more than one but please encircle the most important one) 」 缺乏熟悉無線及流動服務及技術的員工 Lack of personnel familiar with wireless and mobile services and technology
	2 業內並不普遍 Not popular in the industry
	2 投資成本高昂 High investment cost
	4 運作費用高昂 High operating cost
	回報率沒有保證 Uncertain Return-On-Investment
	沒有實際用途以支持在業務上應用無線及流動服務及技術 Lack of practical uses for a sound business case to use wireless and mobile services and technology
	不了解該如何應用無線及流動服務及技術令業務獲益 Lack of know-how for beneficial uses of wireless and mobile services and technology
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):
	不清楚市場有何種無線及流動服務及技術 Unfamiliar with the wireless and mobile screwes and technology available in the market
	擅心資料保密及可靠性事宜 Concern about information security and reliability issues
	市場沒有合適的無線及流動服務及技術 No suitable wireless and mobile services and technology in the market
	10 無線及流動裝置的功能不足 Inadequate functionality of the wireless and mobile devices
	使用不方便 Inconvenient to use
	大部分顧客仍未有準備使用無線及流動服務及技術 Most customers not ready to use wireless and mobile services and technology
	13 網絡覆蓋不足 Insufficient network coverage
	其他(請註明): Others (please specify):

附錄. Appendix.	問卷填報人了 PARTICULA	資料 RS OF PERSON(COMPLETING THIS	QUESTIONNAIRE			
	尚對本問卷有疑問,可向下述人士查詢: Person to be consulted if questions arise about this questionnaire:						
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香港特別行政區 政府統計處 CENSUS AND STATISTICS DEPARTMENT HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

08 IT

二零零八年資訊科技在工商業的使用情況和普及程度按年統計調查

ANNUAL SURVEY ON INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY USAGE AND PENETRATION IN THE BUSINESS SECTOR FOR 2008

註釋

Explanatory Notes

A. 一般資料

--- /AC X 1

問題A2

就業人數

就業人數包括在職東主、在職合夥人、無酬家屬 幫工及所有在一間機構一天工作不少於一小時 的僱員。

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Question A2

Persons engaged

Persons engaged includes working proprietors, active partners, unpaid family workers and all employees of a firm who worked at least for one hour a day in the firm.

B. 個人電腦的應用

問題B1

個人電腦

個人電腦(PCs)是指為個人使用而設的電腦,包括桌面電腦,便攜式電腦/筆記簿型電腦和個人數碼助理。不包括伺服器及用於主機或小型電腦的工作站和終端機。把個人電腦接駁一起可組成區域網絡或廣域網絡系統。

問題B3

個人數碼助理

個人數碼助理(PDA)是指體積細小的袋裝掌上電腦,可提供計算及資料存取功能作個人或商業用途,亦可用作流動電話、傳真發送機或個人行事曆。但電子記事簿和電子詞典則不應界定為個人數碼助理。

問題B4

應用軟件

應用軟件是指一般在市面上可買到的電腦程式。

電腦保安及防毒

這些是指保護電腦系統的電腦程式,以免系統因 受意外或惡意行動(如電腦病毒襲擊)而有所損 壞。

多媒體工具

這些是指可處理不只於文字的數碼資訊的電腦 程式。一些較普遍的工具用作處理數碼影像(圖 片及電影)及聲音資訊。

實用程式

實用程式是指提供在操作系統以外的基本服務 和功能的電腦程式,如硬盤管理軟件。

B. PERSONAL COMPUTER USAGE

Question B1

Personal computers (PCs)

Personal computer refers to a computer designed for individual use. Personal computer includes desktop computer, laptop/notebook computer and Personal Digital Assistant. Servers, workstations and terminals of mainframe or minicomputer are not included. Personal computers may be connected to form a Local Area Natwork (LAN) or Wide Area Network (WAN) system.

Question B3

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) refers to a handheld computer small enough to fit inside a jacket pocket, providing computing and information storage and retrieval capabilities for personal and business use. Besides, it may function as a mobile phone, fax sender, and personal organiser. However, digital diary and electronic dictionary alone are not regarded as PDA.

Question B4

Application software

Application software refers to computer program directly purchasable in the market.

Computer security and anti-virus

These are computer programs designed to protect computer systems from damages arising from accidents or malicious actions including virus attacks.

Multi-media tools

These are computer programs designed to handle digital information not restricted to text form. Some of the more common tools deal with digitised video (pictures and movies) and sound information.

Utility

Utility is a computer program that provides basic services and functions on top of the capabilities provided by the operating system, e.g. harddisk management software.

註釋

電腦輔助設計

電腦輔助設計(CAD)是指利用電腦在產品及建築設計和繪圖過程中製作詳細幾何資料及標籤。

電腦輔助製造

電腦輔助製造(CAM)泛指對製造程序所提供的電腦支援。

問題B5

特製電腦系統

特製電腦系統是指由機構本身的資訊科技人員 或其他編寫軟件的公司根據該機構特定的用戶 需求而設計的電腦應用系統。

C. 電腦網絡的應用

問題C1

互聯網

互聯網是指可提供多項服務的全球性公眾電腦網絡,包括萬維網、電子郵件、新聞組及檔案傳 遞等服務。

問題C3

電子郵件

電子郵件(e-mail)是一種提供本地和全球性納給 用戶互換訊息(包括文字和附件)的設施。

問題C4

撥號式調解器

這是一種以調解器(內部或對外)透過電話線或 綜合服務數碼網絡而進行的通訊技術,通常須撥 號以取得連線。

寬頻

寬頻是指傳送速度由每秒數百個千位元(Kbps)至每秒數個百萬位元(Mbps)的上網服務(1個百萬位元=1024個千位元),使用者可以透過它進入互聯網並使用互聯網服務。 採用有線調解器、異步傳輸模式(ATM)、以太網、非對稱數碼用戶線路(ASDL)和其他種類的數字式用戶線路/數碼用戶線(DSL)都是常用的上網方式。

Explanatory Notes

Computer-Aided Design (CAD)

Computer-Aided Design (CAD) is the use of computers to create the geometric detail and labeling involved in product and architectural design and drafting.

Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAM)

Computer-Aided Manufacturing (CAM) is a general term for computer support for the manufacturing process.

Question B5

Tailor-made computer system

Tailor-made computer system refers to computer application developed by in-house IT personnel or outside software house according to specific user requirements in a firm.

C. COMPUTER NETWORK USAGE

Question C1

Internet >

Interne is the world-wide public computer network, which provides access to a wide range of services including the world wide web, e-mail, newsgroup and file transfer.

Question C3

Electronic-mail (e-mail)

Electronic-mail is a facility which allows network users locally and world-wide to exchange messages, including text and attachments.

Question C4

Dial-up modem

Communication technology implemented through modems (internal or external) via telephone lines or Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN), typically requires a dial up process to gain connection.

Broadband

Broadband refers Internet access service, which allows user to access the Internet and Internet related services, with transmission speed from hundreds of kbps (kilobits per second) to several Mbps (Megabits per second) (1 Mb = 1024 kb). Cable modems, ATM (asynchronous transfer mode), Ethernet, ADSL (asymmetric digital subscriber line), and other types of DSL (digital subscriber line) are technologies commonly used for provision of broadband connection.

註釋

Wi-Fi (無線相容性認證)

一個為無線裝置而制定的鑑定標準,以保證獲認 可的產品可相互操作。

無線相容認證最初用於無線器材和局域網,現在卻常用於接達互聯網(是無線寬頻互聯網接達和聯網的主要國際標準之一,普遍用於商業、家居和公眾地方)。無線相容認證以2.4吉赫的頻率的無線電訊號傳送資料,速度可達每秒11兆比特。用戶可以在靠近接駁點(又稱為「熱點」)的地方使用支援無線上網的電腦或個人數碼助理接駁互聯網。

專用線路

這是一種以全部容量供客戶專用的非交換式連 接方式。

高速下傳分組接入

高速下傳分組接入(HSDPA)是一種3G移動通訊協議,亦稱為3.5G。該協議在WCDMA下行鏈路中提供分組數據業務,在一個5MHz載波上的傳輸速率可達8-10 Mbps (如採用MIMO技術,則可達20 Mbps)。

問題C7

持續業務運作計劃

持續業務運作計劃是指制定詳盡的應變計劃,以 確保在發生緊急情況時可及時恢復其正常運 作。持續業務運作計劃包括如何減低緊急事故或 危機對業務正常運作的影響,例如對客戶提供貨 品或服務的能力,財務損失及在發生緊急情況後 盡快恢復關鍵性的運作。

問題C10

局部區域網絡

局部區域網絡(LAN)是一個在有限範圍內 (半徑 少於1公里,如一座建築物或一所學校) 連接個人電腦、工作站及其他設備的數據通訊網絡 (通常速度為每秒10/100個百萬位元至每秒1個十億位元,而1個十億位元=1000個百萬位元)。

內聯網

內聯網是一種在機構內提供與互聯網服務相同服務 (如:萬維網 (WWW)、檔案傳送規約 (FTP)及電子郵件等)的私有網絡。它並不一定須要與互聯網連接。

外聯網

外聯網是指一間公司的內聯網對特定的外部機構、顧客、供應商和行動工作者等網絡的延伸, 使他們可以獲得該公司的內部資料和使用其應 用系統。

Explanatory Notes

Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity)

A certification standard for wireless devices to ensure the certified products are interoperable.

Wi-Fi was intended to be used for wireless devices and LANs, but is now often used for Internet access (one of the main international standards for wireless broadband Internet access and networking, with widespread use in business, homes and public spaces). It is based on radio signals with a frequency of 2.4 Ghz and capable of speeds of up to 11 Mbps. It enables a person with a wireless-enabled computer or personal digital assistant to connect to the Internet when in proximity of an access point called a hotspot.

Dedicated circuits

Unswitched connections with capacity dedicated to the users.

High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA)

HSDPA is a 3G mobile telephony protocol, also known as 3.5G. It is a packet-based data service in WCDMA downlink with data transmission up to 8-10 Mbps, or 20 Mbps for MIMO systems, over a 5MH: bandwidth in WCDMA downlink.

Question C7

Business Continuity Plan

Business Continuity Plan involves devising a plan that guards against business disruption in case of unforeseen events. The objectives of business continuity plan include minimising interruptions to the business's ability to provide its products and/or services, minimising financial loss, and being able to resume critical operations within a specified time after a significant disruption.

Question C10

Local Area Network (LAN)

LAN is a data communication network (usually 10/100 Mbps or 1 Gbps, and 1 Gbps = 1000 Mbps) that connects personal computers, workstations and other devices into a limited area (such as a single building or campus within 1 km radius).

Intranet

Intranet is a private network that provides services similar to Internet services, such as World Wide Web (WWW), File Transfer Protocol (FTP) and e-mail etc., within an organisation. It is not necessarily connected to the Internet.

Extranet

Extranet is the extension of Intranet of one organisation to the networks of selected external organisations, customers, suppliers and mobile workers etc. in order for these parties to access the organisation's private data and applications.

Explanatory Notes

D. 網站的應用

問題D1

網頁

網頁是一種可在互聯網上開啟的電子文件,提供 文字、圖像或多媒體形式的資訊。

網站

網站是一組以本頁為首頁的相關網頁。每一網站通常都有一個獨一無二的網上地址,以供用戶尋找所需的首網頁。

問題D3

網絡伺服器

網絡伺服器是一組安裝在一個特定電腦內的電 腦程式,應用戶要求提供及傳送網頁給互聯網上 的用戶。該特定電腦一般亦被稱為網絡伺服器。

E. 電子商業/電子貿易

問題E1-E5

透過電子途徑預訂或購買貨品、服務或資料

機構單位如有透過電子途徑確認整個預訂或購 買過程,便會視為有透過電子途徑預訂或購員貨 品、服務或資料。

電子途徑

電子途徑是指以電子媒介(例如互聯網及專用私 人網絡等)處理及傳送數碼數據。

問題E4

購買的貨品、服務或資料總值

購買的貨品、服務或資料總值是指貴機構用於購 買自用或作轉賣用途的貨品、服務或資料的總 值。

專用私人網絡

專用私人網絡是某機構內或某組特定機構之間的通訊網絡。

透過電話網絡的交互式話音應答系統

透過電話線的交互式話音應答系統指經電話線 或流動電訊網絡自動以話音應答客戶需求的程序系統。

D. WEBSITE USAGE

Question D1

Webpage

Webpage is an electronic document accessible in the Internet, which provides information in a textual, graphical or multimedia format.

Website

Website is a related collection of webpages that includes a beginning page called a home page. A website has an address (often unique) to facilitate the users to get their intended home page.

Question D3

Web server

Web server is the computer program (resided in a designated computer) that provides and transmits webpages to users in the Internet upon request. The designated computer housing the computer program is commonly called the web server.

E. ELECTRONIC BUSINESS/ELECTRONIC COMMERCE

Questiona E1-E5

Ordering or Purchases of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

An establishment is considered to have ordered or purchased goods, services or information through electronic means if the confirmation of order or purchase is completely done through electronic means.

Electronic means

Electronic means refer to the processing and transmission of digitised data, which are transmitted through electronic media such as the Internet and designated private network.

Question E4

Value of goods, services or information purchased

Value of goods, services or information purchased refers to the total value of purchases of the firm, both for own consumption and for resale.

Designated private network

Designated private network is a communications network within an organisation or among a group of designated organisations.

Interactive Voice Response System through telephone network

Interactive Voice Response System through telephone line refers to an automated system which deals with clients with voice response through telephone lines or mobile telecommunications network.

註釋

其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務)

其他透過流動電訊網絡的交互式應答系統(例如短訊服務)指經流動電訊網絡以非話音方式自動 回應客戶需求的程序系統。例如在金融與銀行業 廣泛應用在流動交易處理的短訊服務。

問題E5

網上付款

是指透過互聯網完成付款交易,而無需使用語音電話,以支票/匯票郵寄付款,或親身交費。

問題E6-E9

透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料

網上瀏覽資料亦視為透過電子途徑獲取貨品、服務或資料。至於能透過電子途徑獲取貨品,就只限可以電子途徑傳遞的產品,如套裝軟件及歌曲。

問題E6

香港政府一站通

「香港政府一站通」(www.gov.hk)是香港特別行政區政府在二零零六推出的全新一站式網站,為市民提供最常用的政府網上資訊及服務。

公共服務電子化計劃/生活易

「公共服務電子化計劃」是香港特別行政區政府 「數碼21」資訊科技策略下的一項重要措施,透 過互聯網及其他電子途徑為市民提供超過200項 電子公共服務,包括遞交報稅表,申請個人獨資 /合夥經營業務的商業或分行登記,繳交政府收 費,登記職位空缺及挑選求職者等。由於政府收 生活易營運商簽訂的合約已於2008年1月屆滿, 由此網站提供的政府網上資訊和服務,經已遷移 至「香港政府一站通」。

就這問題而言,選項(ii)2「公共服務電子化計劃」 是指透過www.esd.gov.hk或www.esdlife.com網 站或此計劃的公眾資訊服務站(即生活站)獲取政 府貨品、服務或資料。

Explanatory Notes

Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network

Other Interactive Response System (such as Short Message Service) through mobile telecommunications network refers to an automated system which deals with clients through mobile telecommunications network without using voice response. Example is Short Message Service, which is commonly used in mobile transactions in financial and banking sector.

Question E5

Payment through Internet

Completion of payment transaction through Internet without the need to make voice phone-calls, mail payment in cheque/money order or make payment in person.

Questions E6-E9

Receipt of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

Browsing of information on the Internet is also considered as receiving information through electronic means. Goods received through electronic means are only restricted to products which could be transmitted through electronic means, such as software packages and rongs

Question E6

Gov.YK

GovI-IK (www.gov.hk) is a new one-stop portal launched in 2006 by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to provide the most popular online Government information and services to the public.

Electronic Service Delivery Scheme (ESD)/ ESDlife

Electronic Service Delivery Scheme was a key initiative under the "Digital 21" Information Technology Strategy of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to provide over 200 types of online public services to the community through the Internet and other electronic means. Examples of services included filing of tax returns, application for business registration certificate by sole proprietors and partnerships, paying of Government bills, registration of job vacancies, and searching for job applicants, etc. Government information and services provided on this website have been migrated to GovHK upon the expiry of the contract between the Government and the operator of the ESD Scheme in January 2008.

For the purpose of this question, option (ii)2 "Electronic Service Delivery Scheme" means obtaining Government goods, services or information via the website www.esd.gov.hk or www.esdlife.com or through ESDkiosks.

註釋

問題E10-E13

透過電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料

若機構單位有提供並接納完全透過電子途徑預 訂或購買其貨品、服務或資料,則會視為有透過 電子途徑售賣其貨品、服務或資料。除一般透過 互聯網、電話等電子途徑售賣貨品、服務或資料 外,亦包括如機構單位根據與客戶訂立的協議, 當機構單位透過電子途徑得悉客戶某產品的存 貨量降低至某水平時即自動遞送該產品予客 戶,供其補充存貨。

問題E12

業務收入

業務收入是指貴機構透過銷售貨品及服務所賺取的收入。

政府及有關機構

政府及有關機構包括所有政府部門及半官方機構,例如醫院管理局和職業訓練局等。

商業及其他機構單位

商業及其他機構單位包括商業機構、公用服務機構(例如電力及燃氣業)、學校及非牟利團體等。

網上收款

是指透過互聯網完成收款程序,而無需顧客使用 語音電話,以支票/匯票郵寄付款,或親身交費。

<u>問題E14-E17</u>

透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或資料

把有關機構單位或其所售賣產品的資料放在互 聯網上亦視為有透過電子途徑遞送貨品、服務或 資料。

Explanatory Notes

Questions E10-E13

Sales of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

An establishment is considered to have sold their goods, services or information through electronic means if they offered and accepted orders or purchases that were placed completely through electronic means. Apart from the sales of goods, services or information through electronic means such as the Internet, telephone, etc., this should include cases where an establishment, in accordance with an agreement with its client, automatically delivers certain product to the client for replenishment of stock when the establishment learns, through electronic means, that the stock kept by the client falls to a certain level.

Question E12

Business receipts

Business receipts refer to income received through sales of goods and services.

Government and related organisations

Government and related organisations include all Government offices and quasi-Government organisations such as the Hospital Authority and Vocational Training Council.

Business and other establishments

Business and other establishments include private business establishments; utilities companies (e.g. electricity and gas); schools and non-profit making bodies.

Payment received through Internet

Completion of receipt of payment through Internet without the need for the customer to make voice phone-calls, mail payment in cheque/money order or make payment in person.

Questions E14-E17

Delivery of Goods, Services or Information through Electronic Means

Placing information on the Internet about an establishment or the products sold is considered to have delivered their goods, services or information through electronic means.

F. 資訊科技項目的財政預算

問題F1-F4

資訊科技項目的財政預算

資訊科技項目的財政預算包括下列項目:

- (a) 從事有關資訊科技研究及發展的活動
- (b) 增購資訊科技設備及軟件
- (c) 增聘資訊科技員工
- (d) 採用資訊科技應用服務或將有關服務外判
- (e) 資訊科技培訓
- (f) 資訊科技保安
- (g) 設立/接達數據通訊網絡(例如寬頻)
- (h) 無線及流動服務和技術

F. BUDGET FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Questions F1-F4

Budget for IT

Budget for IT includes those for:

- (a) Performing research and development activities related to IT
- (b) Procuring additional IT equipment and software
- (c) Employing additional IT personnel
- (d) Using IT application services or by outsourcing
- (e) IT training
- (f) IT security
- (g) Setting up/access to data communication network(e.g. broad-band)
- (h) Wireless and mobile services and technology

G. 資訊保安

問題G1

資訊保安事故

資訊保安事故是資訊系統及/或網絡內的負面事件,對電腦或網絡保安的可用性、完整性和機密性構成威脅。常見的保安事故包括:未獲授權接達、未獲授權擅用服務、資訊系統資源受攻擊致無法使用、服務中斷、破解已採取保護措施的數據/程式/網絡系統權限、惡意破壞或電腦的數據/資料、滲透及入侵、濫用系統資源、電腦病毒及惡作劇電子郵件、以及影響聯網系統的惡性程式碼或腳本程式。

問題G2

電腦病毒

是指以電子形式從一部電腦散播到另一部電腦,並能影響電腦系統正常運作的電腦程式。病毒入侵所造成的影響參差不同,從惡作劇(如對屏幕顯示造成滋擾)到惡意破壞(如洗掉數據)。

黑客侵入

非授權人士,為嬉戲或惡意的目的,嘗試接達到 電腦或其他相關資源。這些行動通常稱為「襲擊」,而進行方式通常是靠迴避正常的保安程序 或利用開放給外界接達的電腦系統的弱點或開 放式插口。

阻斷服務

在目標電腦製造非預期的活動,使其不能正常運作,例如不能提供網絡服務給用家。通常是透過一些方法(例如發放大量電子郵件)使目標電腦超出負荷。

問題G4

保安權標

保安權標是採用質疑/應答、時間順序或其他技 術以認證用戶的可攜式設備。

生物測定

生物測定是使用可量度的生理特徵(例如:指紋或面部特徵),以認證用戶的身分。

防火牆

防火牆是一組位於網絡通訊閘伺服器的相關電腦程式,目的是保護一個私人網絡的資源,免受外界的侵擾。外界人士在嘗試接達該受保護的網絡時,會受到審查,而只有有效的要求才會轉達。如此,外界人士便不能直接連結到該受保護網絡的資源,而其重要的資料亦可避免受到黑客入侵。

G. INFORMATION SECURITY

Question G1

Information security incidents

Information security incident refers to an adverse event in an information system and/or network that poses a threat to computer or network security in respect of availability, integrity and confidentiality. Examples of security incidents include: unauthorised access, unauthorised utilisation of services, denial of resources, disruption of services, compromise of protected data/program/network system privileges, malicious destruction or modification of data/information, penetration and intrusion, misuse of system resources, computer viruses and hoaxes, and malicious codes or scripts affecting networked systems.

Question G2

Computer Virus

Programs that spread from one computer to another electronically, and can affect the normal operation of a computer system. Virus attacks can range from practical jokes (e.g. annoying screen cisplay) to malicious destruction (e.g. erasing data).

Hacking

Attempts by unauthorised parties to gain access to computers or other related resources either for fun or for malicious intend. These moves are usually called "attacks" and are usually conducted online circumventing normal security procedures or exploiting weak points or open ports in computer systems open to outside access.

Denial of service

Creation of unexpected activities in the targeted computers in such a way that the prey failed to perform its usual service, such as providing network service to its users. Typically conducted via overloading the targeted computer by means such as sending out unsolicited e-mail in bulk.

Question G4

Security token

Security token is a portable device operated by using challenge/response, time sequence, or other techniques in order to authenticate a user.

Biometrics

Biometrics is the use of measurable physiological characteristics (such as fingerprints or facial characteristics) to authenticate a user.

Firewall

A firewall is a set of related programs, located at a network gateway server, that protects the resources of a private network from outsiders. Attempts by outside users to access the protected network will be screened and only valid requests will be redirected. In this way, outsiders cannot directly establish links to the resources of the protected network, and vital information of the protected network masked to avoid attacks from hackers.

註釋

檔案加密

檔案加密是一個程序,目的是將電腦數據檔案轉 化到一個非授權人士不能閱讀的格式。而授權人 士通常會被給予一個解密工具,以將加密的檔案 還原至一個可正常閱讀的格式。

入侵偵測系統

入侵偵測系統(IDS)對透過使用在網絡上運作的 軟件系統進行的入侵或攻擊嘗試作出的偵測的 方法或程序。入侵偵測系統通常與網絡一起進行 監察,並且具有即時收集及分析的功能,以找出 網絡遭受攻擊的情況。

入侵防禦系統

入侵防禦系統(IPS)是一些裝置設備,用以針對惡意的攻擊及行為作出偵測及攔截。

虚擬私人網絡

虛擬私人網絡(VPN)是利用公共網絡將遠程網站和用戶連接在一起的私有網絡。VPN並非使用租用線路等專用連接途徑,而是在一個共用或公共網絡將各地的用戶和網絡「虛擬」連接,情況猶如互聯網。資料經過加密後就像在私有連接線路上傳送一樣。

保安修補程式

保安修補程式是一個修補程式,用以消除電腦程 式內可被有惡意駭客利用的弱點。

濫發電郵

濫發電郵是指在不管收件人同意與否,或在收件 人已要求發件者停止發送訊息的情況下,通過電 子郵件而發出的大量訊息。

問題G7

保密插口層

保密插口層(SSL)是一個電腦程式層,目的是透 過加密程序,提供在互聯網傳送私人資料(如付 款資料)時的數據保安。

保密電子交易

保密電子交易(SET)是一套由信用卡公司發展的協定,目的是為網上付款提供身分驗證及批核。客戶會被給予一個錢包(信用卡的軟件版本)以進行網上購物。和使用信用卡親身付款的情況大致一樣,網上賣家的身分資料會被傳送到信用卡公司,以作即時審查買賣雙方身分及批核該宗交易之用。

Explanatory Notes

File encryption

File encryption is a process whereby computer data files are converted to a form unreadable to unauthorised users. Authorised users are typically given a decryption tool to revert the encrypted files to a readable form for normal access.

Intrusion Detection System (IDS)

Intrusion Detection System (IDS) is a method or process to detect the break-ins or attempts to attack via the use of software systems which operate on the network. It often combines the network monitoring with real-time capture and analysis in order to identify for attacks.

Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)

An intrusion prevention system (IPS) is any device which exercises access control to detect and deny potentially malicious activities.

Virtual Private Network (VPN)

Virtual Private Network (VPN) is a private network that uses a public network to connect remote sites and users together. Instead of using a dedicated connection such as a leased line, a "virtual" connection is made between geographically dispersed users and networks over a shared or public network, like the Internet. Lata is encrypted and then transmitted as if it is through private connections.

Security patch

Security patch is a fix to a program that eliminates a vulnerability exploited by malicious hackers.

Email spam

Email spam refers to bulk unsolicited email messages sent in the form of email regardless of whether the recipients have given any consent to receive such or even after the recipients have requested not to receive such any more.

Question G7

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)

Secure Sockets Layer is a program layer that provides data security (through encryption) for transmitting private information (such as payment information) through the Internet.

Secure Electronic Transaction (SET)

A set of protocol developed for use by Credit Card companies to replicate the process of authenticating and approval of credit card transactions in online payment. Customers are given a cardholder wallet (software version of credit card) with which to perform purchases online. This initiates a transaction which also collects identity information of the online sales vendor for onward passage to the credit card company for instant online authentication of both buyer and seller and then approval of transaction, in a way similar to using credit cards in making payment in person.

Explanatory Notes

問題G8

數碼證書

數碼證書可用作生產數碼簽署,以核實證書持有 人的身份及承認證書持有人透過電子途徑傳送 的資訊。數碼證書普遍用於某些電子政府服務、 電子銀行、網上股票買賣及以電子資料聯通方式 透過貿易通遞交貿易文件。

根據電子交易條例,現時獲認可的核證機關為:

- 香港郵政署核證機關
- 電子核證服務有限公司(註:此公司是 貿易通的全資附屬公司,而現時以電子 資料聯通方式透過貿易通遞交貿易文件 時,貿易通採納此公司發出的一類指定 的數碼證書作此用途。)

Question G8

Digital certificate

A digital certificate can be used to generate a digital signature for the purpose of authenticating the holder of the certificate and approving information communicated electronically by the holder. Digital certificates are commonly used in certain e-Government services, e-banking, online stock trading and submission of trade-related documents through the Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) services of Tradelink Electronic Commerce Limited.

The recognised certification authorities currently under the Electronic Transactions Ordinance are:

- Hong Kong Post Certificate Authority
- Digi-Sign Certification Services Limited (note: This is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tradelink. Currently, a specific type of digital certificate issued by this CA is adopted by Tradelink for the purpose of submission of trade-related documents through EDI services of Tradelink.)

H. 無線及流動服務和技術

問題H1

無線熱點

無線熱點是無線區域網路應用之一,即由網絡服 務供應商所安裝,在指定位置的互聯網接達的供 應,利用無線連接到達接達點。

射頻識別技術

基本的射頻識別技術(RFID)系統包括天線、收養器(與譯碼器)和儲存資訊的RFID標籤。天線和收發器可設計成手提或固定裝置。在標籤和收發器之間的數據通訊由天線控制,發射或接收無線信號以啟動標籤,從而讀取或寫入數據。

非接觸式智能卡

非接觸式智能卡是一種建基於隱藏式模組及利用射頻信號通訊的智能卡。

問題H2

通用分組無線電服務

通用分組無線電服務(GPRS)是一個覆蓋在現有 GSM網路的無線通訊服務。通用封包無線電服務 採用小包交換技術作高速資料傳送。這是從GSM 所演進,過渡往3G (第三代流動服務) 的另一種 技術,所以GPRS亦被稱為2.5G 技術。

全球演進式數據速率增強技術

全球演進式數據速率增強技術(EDGE)是一種3G技術,它支援流動裝置以類似寬頻速度傳送數據。它允許用戶以比普通的GSM/GPRS網路快三倍的速度連接到互聯網,以傳送和接收資料,包括數碼圖像、網頁和相片。

H. WIRELESS AND MOBILE SERVICES AND TECHNOLOGY

Question 111

Hotspot

Wireless Fictspot is one of the Wireless LAN applications, which means the provision of Internet access at specific location through wireless connection to the access points installed by the service providers.

Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)

A basic RFID system consists of an antenna, a transceiver (with decoder) and RFID tags that store information. The antenna and the transceiver can be designed as a handheld or fixed-mount device. Data communication between the tag and the transceiver is controlled by the antenna, which emits/receives radio signals to activate the tag, and then data are read/written from/onto it.

Contactless smart card

A contactless smart card is a smart card with no visible module that communicates by means of a radio frequency signal.

Question H2

General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)

GPRS is a wireless communication service overlaying on the existing GSM network. It is based on packet-switched technology enabling high-speed data transmission. It is another technology evolved from GSM, which is a transition technology towards 3G (Third Generation Mobile Services), and therefore GPRS is also called 2.5G technology.

Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution (EDGE)

EDGE is a 3G technology that delivers broadband-like data speeds to mobile devices. It allows consumers to connect to the Internet and send and receive data, including digital images, webpages and photographs, three times faster than possible with an ordinary GSM/GPRS network.

第三代無線通訊系統

第三代無線通訊系統(3G)是新一代的流動服務。它的標準基於國際流動電信2000 (IMT-2000),保證了不同的3G系統與國際漫遊的兼容和共用性。3G使用分組交換的連接及網際規約(IP),即終端機永久虛擬地連接到網絡。它能夠在一個固定或穩定的無線環境以2Mbps速率和一個流動環境以384kbps速率傳送文字、數碼化話音、錄像和多媒體資訊。

藍芽技術

藍芽是一個低成本、低功率、短程及無線的技術,應用於筆記簿型電腦、手提裝置和流動電話 與其它周邊設備和家庭電器之間的區域話音和 數據通訊。

流動保安解決方案

為流動裝置和流動連接而制訂的保安政策和程 序。

問題H3

短訊服務

短訊服務(SMS)是一項透過GSM網絡傳送多達 160個英文字母或70個中文字的訊息到流動電話 的服務。如透過CDMA網絡,則SMS的最大長度 是120個英文字母或55個中文字。

增強型短訊服務

增強型短訊服務(EMS)是SMS的增強版本,訊息以3GPP標準傳送。EMS訊息包含文字和簡單像素映像的組合、動畫和旋律。用戶可以由互聯網下載圖像、動畫和旋律,甚至更可以自由發揮,在他們的電話上創製上述的訊息。有別於SMS訊息, EMS訊息的文字可以格式化為各樣字體、大小、樣式等。

多媒體短訊服務

多媒體短訊服務(MMS)是一種包含多媒體項目 在流動環境下的新訊息服務。有關訊息可包含靜 態圖像、話音或輯錄音像。將來更可支援錄像短 片。

基於位置的服務

基於位置的服務(LBS)亦稱為位置服務、基於位置的流動服務、無線位置服務,經常與地理資訊服務結合,提供根據用戶地理位置的相關位置資訊。

Explanatory Notes

Third Generation Wireless System (3G)

3G is the new generation of mobile services. Its standard is based on International Mobile Telecommunication 2000 (IMT-2000) which ensures the compatibility and interoperability of different 3G systems and global roaming. 3G uses packet-switched connection and the Internet Protocol (IP), it means that the terminal is virtually always connected to the network. It can be used to transmit text, digitised voice, video, and multimedia at data rates up to 2Mbps in a fixed or stationary wireless environment and 384kbps in a mobile environment.

Bluetooth

Bluetooth is a low-cost, low-power, short-range, wireless technology designed for local voice and data communications between notebook computers, handheld devices, mobile phones and other peripherals and home appliances.

Mobile security solution

Security policies and procedures for mobile devices and over mobile connections.

Question H3

Short Message Service (SMS)

SMS is a service for sending messages of up to 160 English characters of 70 Chinese characters to mobile phones with GSM network. With CDMA network, maximum length of SMS can be 120 English characters or 55 Chinese characters.

Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS)

EMS is an enhanced version of SMS. Message is sent with the 3GPP standard. EMS message contains a combination of text and simple pixel image, animation and melody. Users may download images, animation and melodies from the Internet, or for even greater self-expression, create them on their phone. Unlike SMS messages, the text of an EMS message can be formatted using a variety of fonts, sizes, type styles, etc.

Multimedia Messaging Service (MMS)

MMS is a new message service for the mobile environment with multimedia items. The message can contain still images, voice or audio clips. Video clips will also be supported later.

Location Based Service (LBS)

LBS, also known as location services, mobile location-based services, wireless location services, is often used in conjunction with Geographic Information Services to provide location sensitive/dependent information based on the geographical location of the user.

Explanatory Notes

全球定位系統

全球定位系統(GPS)是由24個圍繞地球的人造衛星所組成,以找出地理位置。對普通用戶而言,準確範圍達10到100米。GPS由美國國防部控制,但開放給世界任何人使用。需要GPS接收器從人造衛星獲取資料。根據四枚衛星的資料,接收器可以確定經度、緯度和高度。其它資訊也可被計算,例如一名移動中的用戶的速度。相關的位置、地圖和其它結果可顯示在接收器的螢幕上。

問題H4

無線及流動應用系統

無線及流動應用系統是建基於無線和流動服務和技術的系統,通常涉及使用裝置例如流動電話、個人數碼助理(PDA)、筆記簿型電腦和其它流動手提裝置,配合流動技術,接達互聯網或公司的服務和應用系統。

地理資訊系統

地理資訊系統(GIS)是用作獲取、整理和分析地理和相關的資料。地理數據包括經度、緯度和數碼化地圖,而相關數據可以是街道地址和大廈名稱。數據會被存放為不同層面的資訊。用戶可以結合不同層面的資訊以配合其特殊目的。所有數據會被地圖化,以便回答一個有關某特殊地點的調問時,其它相關的資訊亦可一併提供。查詢結果通常透過地圖和圖表顯示。

Global Positioning System (GPS)

The GPS is composed of 24 satellites that orbit the Earth for locating geographical positions. The accuracy ranges from 10 to 100 meters for normal users. The GPS is controlled by the U.S. Department of Defense but can be used by anyone around the world. A GPS receiver is required to obtain data from the satellites. Based on data from four satellites, the receiver can determine the longitude, latitude and altitude. Other information can also be calculated such as the speed of a moving user. The position, map and other results can be displayed on the screen of the receiver.

Question H4

Wireless and mobile applications

Wireless and mobile applications are applications based on wireless and mobile services and technology. They usually involve using devices such as mobile phones, Personal Digital Assistants (PDA), notebook computers and other mobile/handheld devices, together with mobile technology, to access Internet/corporate services and applications.

Geographic Information System (GIS)

A GIS is used to capture, manipulate and analyse geographic and relevant data. The geographic data includes longitude, latitude and digitised maps, related data can be street addresses and building names. The data will be stored as different layers of information. The user can combine different number of layers of information to suit his particular purpose. All the data are mapped so that enquiry on a particular location can also return other relevant information. The results are usually visualised using maps and graphs.

獲取政府統計處刊物及其他統計產品的方法

Means of Obtaining Publications and Other Statistical Products of the Census and Statistics Department

網站

用戶可以在政府統計處網站 (www.censtatd.gov.hk/products_and_services/ products/publications/index_tc.jsp) 免費下載統 計刊物。

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